THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 16, NUMBER 24. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1897. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

Northern Pacific Bank

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

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SAM. WALKER, Vice President.
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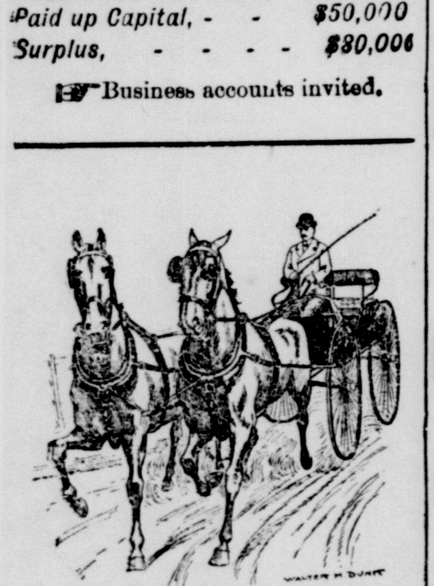
FIRST NATIONAL BANK

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Paid up Capital, - - $50,000
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Business accounts invited.



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TO

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SEATTLE
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Pullman Sleeping Cars
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LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 1:20 p. m. Departs going west at 1:40 p. m. daily except Sunday

No. 6 arrives from the west at 11:55 p. m. Departs going south at 12:15 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 7:45 p. m., and departs for the west at 8:05 p. m. daily.

No. 14 arrives from the West at 3:10 a. m. Departs going east at 3:20 a. m. daily.

No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at 1:30 p. m.

No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs at 6:30 a. m.

No. 53 arrives from the East at 12:40 a. m., and goes West at 1:20 a. m.

No. 54 carries passengers to Aitken, departs at at 9:40 p. m.

No. 55 from N. P. Junction arrives at 4:15 p. m. and departs for Staples at 5:00 p. m.

No. 56 arrives from Staples at 8:15 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 9:00 a. m.

Nos. 54, 55 an 56 carry passengers.

Through tickets to Japan and China, via Tacoma and Northern Pacific Steamship Co.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd. or

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Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
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Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

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BRAINERD. MINN.

"MAY I HELP YOU TO SOME MEAT?"



says the fat clubman to his dyspeptic visitor. "No, thanks! I never eat meat," was the answer. If he did he would be a sturdy, healthy man like his host, who has lived all of his life on our prime juicy steaks, roasts, chops, etc., that always leaves traces of good nourishment behind.

BANE & BANE.

Brainerd & Northern MINNESOTA RY.

TIME CARD.

GOING NORTH. P. M.		GOING SOUTH. A. M.
3:30	lv-Brainerd-ar	10:30
4:13	lv-Hubert-ar	9:50
5:12	lv-Pine River-ar	8:53
5:40	lv-Backus-ar	8:27
6:45	lv-Lothrop-ar	7:30
7:15	ar-Walker-lv	7:00

E. H. HOAR, Supt.

..PURE..
DRINKING WATER!
H. J. SPENCER
Will furnish you with
PURE • WATER
For Drinking Purposes at
25 CENTS PER WEEK

Delivered at your house or office in quantities not to exceed five gallons per day. This water is from the Adam Brown Spring, and is absolutely pure. If you want to try it or leave an order for regular delivery,

HAIL THE WAGON
AS IT GOES BY.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE
St. Paul
AND
Minneapolis
TO
ST. LOUIS

CALL AT
The Dispatch
FOR JOB WORK.
All Work Guaranteed.



THE LANPHER



THE LANPHER
THE HAT
—THAT IS—
STYLISH and DURABLE.

Unless Bro. Pease, of the Anoka Union, can have his own way he won't play. It is the opinion of a good many people that he is playing horse and don't know it.

Barbers under the new law who are now in business and who expect to escape the examination by the new state board must file affidavits before July 19th, accompanied by a fee of $1 for registration.

Hubbard county has a new town just platted at Midge Lake, which will be known as Graceland. It is on the surveys of both the Brainerd & Northern and Great Northern roads, and quite a boom is on.

Tams Bixby has handed in his resignation as private secretary to Gov. Clough, and Roland Hartley has been installed in his place. Mr. Hartley is well known in Brainerd and has many warm friends here who will all be pleased to hear of his good fortune.

Not as Painted.

George Gilbraith, who it will be remembered left Grand Rapids about two months since to seek his fortune in the much vaunted mines of British Columbia, returned on Wednesday last direct from Rossland, and tells a most doleful tale of his quest after the blind goddess in that fabled land of riches. He says that, in the first place, the country is very much overrated as to its natural advantages, and in the second place, there is at least twenty men for every job of work offered, and as a result there are hundreds of misguided individuals who have been allured to this promised New Eldorado who find themselves suffering for the actual necessaries of life.—Herald Review.

Opened the Station.

A telegram from Little Falls says two months ago the Northern Pacific depot at Belle Prairie, six miles from here, was closed, the agent removed, and the windows boarded up. A few days ago Traveling Auditor Galvin, for the Northern Pacific, opened the depot and put an agent in charge. The reason is that some years ago, when the company was buying land for the right of way for the track, it paid for all land except that which it took from F. J. Farrand. The company secured the land on one condition—that it would keep a depot on the said land as long as the railroad stood, or pay $5,000. So this spring, when the depot was closed, Mr. Farrand hired a lawyer to find out what the company would do. After a few letters, which were not answered, the attorney threatened suit. The station was reopened.

No Better than a White Man.

The department of the interior at Washington has sent word to Minnesota that the Indians on the reservation have no more right to hunt and fish on grounds outside the reservation than any other citizen, but must comply with the laws. This ruling, which comes to Executive Agent Fullerton of the game commission upholds the ruling made by Chief Justice Start and Attorney General Childs to whom, as members of the board of pardons, the Indians Porter and McCarthy, who are serving sixty days sentence in the Carlton county jail for violation of the law, applied for relief. There had been a contention that the Indians being wards of the government, had a right to hunt and fish off the reservation equal to their rights on the reservation. To this construction of the law, however, the game commission objected, and arrested the two men referred to and had them convicted. They applied to the board of pardon for relief, and the ruling that has been referred to was made.

Peculiar Fattening Process.

Wherever a handful of earth can be made to rest upon a ledge, there a mulberry plant grows, says Harry Fenn in St. Nicholas. It is a picturesque and thrilling sight to see a boy lowered by a rope over the precipice, carrying a big basket of earth and cuttings of mulberry twigs to plant in his hanging garden. The crop of leaves, fodder for the worms, is gathered in the same way. By such patient and dangerous industry have these hardy mountaineers been able to make their wilderness of rock blossom into brightly colored silks. Not a single leaf is left on the trees by the time the voracious worms get ready to spin their cocoons, but a second crop comes on latter, and a curious use is made of that.

The tree owner purchases one of those queer big-tailed Syrian sheep, the tail of which weighs twenty pounds when at the full maturity of its fatness, and then a strange stuffing process begins, not unlike the fattening of the Strasburg geese. When the sheep can eat no more the women of the house feed it, and it is no uncommon sight to see a woman going out to make an afternoon call leading her sheep by a string and carrying a basket of mulberry leaves on her arm. Having arrived at her friend's house she squats on the ground, rolls a ball of mulberry leaves in her right hand and slips it into the sheeps mouth, then works the sheep's jaw up and down with the other hand till she things the mouthfull has been chewed enough, when she thrusts it down the throat of the unfortunate animal. The funny part of the business is that probably half a dozen gossips of the village are seated around the yard, all engaged at the same operation. Of course, the sheep get immensely fat, and that is the object, for at the killing time the fat is tried out and put into jars, as meat for the winter.

Would Change the County Seat.

Under date of May 17th, W. H. Hallett, of Pequot, writes as follows to the Staples Tribune:

At the mass delegate convention held at Sylvan Lake, where 42 voters assembled to represent the wishes of the precincts throughout Cass county, a citizen's county committee was named to look after the interests of the county in a non-partisan way. The following were named: Henry C. Clark, August Erickson, Neal Tolson, F. L. McClellan, W. W. Bryant, Geo. H. Whipple, Wm. H. Hallett, W. J. Bain and John F. Burke.

Said committee will convene at Kobe Grove school house on Saturday, May 22, 1897, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of discussing the advisability of calling a special election for change of county seat from Walker to some point to be agreed upon hereafter.

Under the laws of 1889, chapter 174, which provides that if 60 per cent of the voters according to the returns of the last general election sign a petition requesting that the county commissioners call a special election for the purpose of changing the county seat, the commissioners shall forthwith call the same, and if 55 per cent of the votes cast are in favor of changing the county seat, so be it.

When once changed it cannot be voted upon for five years. What I ask of the citizens of Cass county is to remember that we live in a free country where all are accorded equal rights, and having the stars and stripes for our standard, instead of the town plat of Walker, and as we are not bound to respect the wishes of the lumber rings, our aims should be the interests in general of the people of Cass county.

If we obey the dictates of our own consciences at the coming special election we can locate the county seat somewhere near where it ought to be.

Perplexing, at Least.

The Pioneer Press contains the following interesting reading:

Attorney B. F. Hartshorn of Walker, Cass county, was in town yesterday to ascertain the present status of the suit before the state supreme court involving territory claimed by both Cass and Crow Wing counties. In accordance with the law of 1895 petitions were sent from citizens representing nineteen of the one hundred townships in Cass county asking the governor, the attorney general and other state officers, designated as a board to receive such petitions, for permission to unite with Crow Wing county. At that time and until very recently Cass county was unorganized, and its records were kept in the organized county of Crow Wing. But it is necessary that these petitions, to become effective, should be signed by at least 55 per cent of the legal voters at the last general election. Claim was made that this requirement had not been fulfilled.

"Well" continued Mr. Hartshorn, speaking yesterday at the Merchant's hotel, "I dont understand just how much progess had been made. But I find that the question went first to the supreme court on a writ of certiorari. That proceeding was declared irregular. Then a writ of quo warranto was asked, on which the Cass county people—our people—could show that the law had not been complied with. In this connection a referee was appointed to take testimony as to facts. Here the matter rests, for the testimony has not yet been taken.

"Yet, the decision might solve another difficulty that has sprung up inside of the first complication—a wheel within a wheel. When an unorganized county wishes to organize its commissioners are appointed by the governor. Then the commissioners appoint county officers. So Cass county received its commissioners not long ago, and May 6 the board met and appointed the county officers. The officers applied for their records to the corresponding officers of Crow Wing county. All our officers got what they wanted except our new auditor, a man named Griffith. Crow Wing insisted that he wasn't a legal auditor, because when appointed, he was residing in that disputed strip which may be Cass county and which, again, may not be. It's true he intended to move over to Walker, our county seat, and that intention has, in law, been held on previous occasions to offset the fact of actual residence. But undoubtedly his family were living where they had lived in the disputed strip the day he was appointed. Now, if it turns out that the strip is still Cass county, he's certainly allright. If it's Crow Wing he may be all wrong. Yet, after all, I suppose he won't wait. Griffith is willing to resign rather than to cause to much trouble, and probably we'll elect another man about whom there can be no doubt, if the Crow Wing people still insist that Griffith's residence is too ambiguous.

"Our new county of Cass would be one of the finest in the state, if only the Leech Lake Indian reservation was open. The government has been estimating the value of the reservation timber preliminary to opening the reservation and selling the timber. But recently the men so employed have quit work. They say the appropriation has been used up, but I imagine that the big lumbermen are short of cash now and they have put off the opening until they get more money to invest. Anyhow, nothing more is likely to be done this year."

A Peculiar Crow.

The "convict crow," as a certain well known specimen of that species of bird is known around the prison, is back to his summer quarters again. He arrived on the dot just when his regular six-months trip to southern climes had elapsed. This old crow is well marked and known by the keepres and old prisoners here. He is quite tame making his summer home around the prison. He marched into the kitchen of Warden Wolfer's private residence bright and early on Tuesday last and was easily recognized by Mrs. Wolfer. This is the eighth year this crow has been here—that is, since he began to act as a civilized crow should. He was probably well along in years before he adopted his present regular habits. He left this vicinity on the 11th of November last, and returned early on the 11th of this month. He has been making these regular trips for the past eight years.—Stillwater Prison Mirror.

Dyspepsia.

You have tried "77" for Grip and Colds, now try "10" for Dyspepsia. For sale by all druggists, 25 cents.

And Just Organized.

According to the Itasca News, the saloon keepers of Walker, Cass county, sell a brand of whiskey that causes the partakers to sigh for the companionship of the wild man of Borneo. A few days ago a stranger went to the county seat of the new county and, after taking a few copious draughts of fire water, took to the woods. He was found a few days afterward, and taken to the hospital at Grand Rapids, where, we understand, he has since died.

Hole-in-the-Day's Photograph.

A portrait of the above named Chippewa chief was recently presented to the State Historical Society by Chas. Hallock, of St. Paul, and that gentleman submits the following information, says the Press:

"At the time this photograph was taken this celebrated Chippewa chief was living near the agency at Crow Wing. He occupied a fairly good one-story frame house with four rooms, which sufficed to accommodate himself and his seven wives. Although conforming, to a certain extent, to civilized ways, he adhered tenaciously to his aboriginal costume, and was more often seen in blanket and moccasins than in a dress shirt. When he gave an audience or reception to visitors of consequence, he donned his war bonnet of bald eagle plumes, as shown in the photograph, each individual feather of which bonnet was assumed to represent an opponent killed in battle. Later on, when eagles were hard to obtain, war bonnets were decorated with feathers of other birds as a substitute.

"Hole-in-the-Day was always loath to have his portrait taken. But the one herewith shown was caught at a gallery in Third street, near the old American House. He had been persuaded to enter the gallery on some special pretext. The portrait figured the following year, together with a likeness of Allan Morrison, the post-trader at Crow Wing, in an illustrated article in Harper's Magazine, entitled 'The Red River Trail,' written by Mr. Chas. Hallock, whose travels and writing at that date did much to develop Minnesota and stimulate immigration. Mr. Paul Beaulieu, who died quite recently at the age of 77 years, was interpreter at Crow Wing at the time, and often recalled Mr. Hallock's visit to the post."

Free Supper to School Children.

The five Mother's Clubs of the city, assisted by the teachers, will give a free supper to all school children of the public schools, on the last day of school, May 28th, commencing at 1:30 p. m. Supper will be served as follows:

At the Washington school regular tables will be set on the lawn of the school grounds.

At the Harrison school supper will also be served on the lawn of the school grounds.

At the Lincoln school on the lawn of residence of Mr. Bolin, corner of Sixth and Pine streets.

At the Whittier and Lowell schools the supper will be served in the buildings in each room, the scholars seated at their own desks.

No One Dies.

No one dies of pulmonary disease the result of cold, who takes "77" in time—for sale by all druggists, 25cts.

A Secret Guard For Grant.

In The Century General Horace Porter tells of the siege of Petersburg in his "Campaigning With Grant." After describing the disastrous explosion on the boat loaded with ordnance stores General Porter says: "This occurrence set the staff to thinking of the various forms of danger to which the general in chief was exposed and how easily he might be assassinated, and we resolved that in addition to the ordinary guard mounted at the headquarters camp we would quietly arrange a detail of watchers from the members of the staff, so that one officer would go on duty every night and keep a personal lookout in the vicinity of the general's tent. This was faithfully carried out. It had to be done secretly, for if he had known of it he would without doubt have broken it up and insisted upon the staff officers going to bed after their hard day's work instead of keeping these vigils throughout the long, dreary nights of the following winter. The general never knew of this action until his second term of the presidency, when he made the discovery through an accidental reference to it in his presence by a visitor who had heard of it. He then expressed himself as feeling very much touched by the service which had been performed with a view to his personal protection."

Our Poets.

American poetry is not what it used to be. It seems to me to have got into a rut in all our magazines, and I am inclined to sigh for the freshness and simplicity and musical rhythm that once characterized it. Some poet has set a bad fashion here and it has been too much followed. It would be better if Longfellow and Whittier and Holmes and Lowell in his earlier days were oftener taken as models.—Templeton in Hartford Courant.

Exact Information Required.

"Oh, Mr. Squildig!" exclaimed Mrs. Homewood to a late arrival at her reception. "Are you here at last? I have been dying to introduce you to Miss Gimp of Chicago. She paints beautifully!"

"Paints, does she, Mrs. Homewood?"

"Yes."

"Face or canvas?"—Pittsburg Chronicle-Herald.

The Neighbor's Mistake.

"Don't you think your son a little fast, Mrs. Sweetly?"

"Far from it. He is so slow that we can never get him to breakfast before noon."—Detroit Free Press.

Smiles Approval.

"What do they mean when they call a man broad minded?"

"They mean that he is too polite to say what he thinks about the opinions of others."—Chicago Journal.

LOVE'S CHAIN.

The bond that links our souls together,
Will it last through stormy weather?
Will it molder and decay
As the long hours fleet away?
Will it stretch when time divides us,
When dark, weary days have tried us?
If it look too poor and slight,
Let us break the links tonight.

It was not forged by mortal hands
Or clasped with golden bars or bands.
Save thine and mine, no other eyes
The slender link can recognise.
In the bright light it seems to fade,
And it is hidden in the shade,
While heaven or earth has never heard
Or solemn vow or plighted word.

Yet what no mortal hand could make
No mortal power can ever break.
What words or vows could never do
No words or vows can make untrue.
And if to other hearts unknown
The dearer and the more our own
Because too sacred and divine
For other eyes save thine and mine.
—Edward Wilbur Mason in Womankind.

"REPLY PAID."

She had received a letter in the morning begging her to somehow procure him a little money. Things were going badly, and he had been ill. She thought of it all day long, having dispatched the little she had, and, for the thinking, things looked no better. Her brother had not enough to live upon, and there was an end of it. Fate was niggardly with them all. During the afternoon the girls came in and Mrs Hamlin. Mrs. Hamlin was always delightful and cheery. Her lovely dresses and sweet face and fragrant elegance reminded Maisie that at least she was the right person in the right place—with fitting surroundings and the beautiful things of life that all women instinctively claim as their right hers.

"Maisie, you look preposterously dejected. What is it? Are you in love with an anarchist, or is it only general aspirations toward the impossible?"

"No, I am not in love, but I am thinking of proposing to some one."

"Why?"

"Because I am in a hurry. Fred, you know, is frightfully hard up."

"But why don't you accept Mr. Howard, when he's so devoted, poor man?"

"That wouldn't be fair, because, you see, he is devoted, and I—no, I think a fat man with beard and glasses is the sort of thing—in the abstract."

"Oh, excellent in the abstract; protects you, is kind to you and gives you checks. In the concrete he"—

"Dear Mrs. Hamlin, don't. The matter is not discussable in the concrete."

"Fancy Maisie proposing!" said one of the girls.

"You don't know what I am capable of," returned Maisie.

"I'll dare you, Maisie," Mrs. Hamlin twinkled; "£20 on, and I'll give you a month."

"Twenty pounds!" repeated Maisie. And there was an odd sound in her voice. "Twenty pounds."

"Done!" she said, to the astonishment of the room. "It's a bet!" Every one sat up and bristled with delighted curiosity. Maisie, of all people, who invariably treated her swains with a good tempered scorn that was the envy of her friends!

"I will do it now!" she went on excitedly. "Mabel, give me those telegraph forms. Of course I won't undertake to carry out the contract if any one accepts," she added.

"No, no; but a bona fide proposal!"

She then sat down and addressed seven telegrams and dispatched them by the maid. "Reply paid," she said. "And now we'll have tea."

"What have you done?" questioned Mrs. Hamlin.

"I have asked seven men to marry me."

"Maisie!"

"Well, seven gentlemen will hardly be able to think that I am pining for them all, and they'll exchange notes."

"Men never do that."

"Ah, what men never do that surely man always does," she laughed. "Honor with them is a collective virtue that has no application in the singular. You shall read the answers."

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In due course of time the answers came. One by one the girl opened them before her expectant friends, who refused to go till all had come. "Regrets," quoted Maisie, holding up one with mock gravity. "Next, please. Ah, thank you, Susan! 'Sorry, previous engagement.' 'Alas! impossible!' 'Circumstances over which I have no control!' 'I would if I could, but I can't!' 'No!' That's rather impolite, and he really—well, one mustn't be kissed and tell. 'Twas so long ago too. You see, ladies, how devoted my lovers all are. But I have won my bet. Ah, here is another; one more polite refusal! No! 'Of course I am honored,'" she read. A crimson flush of shame spread over the girl's laughing face. "That's chivalrous of him," she said, trying to hide her embarrassment. "And now to invent a polite refusal to my own proposal."

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Horace Sands was in chambers when Miss Maisie's telegram—reply paid—arrived. He was smoking a cigarette with Max Welby. They generally smoked together after lunch in a kind of sympathetic silence. He read it slowly, then went out of the room. On returning his friend noticed an expression of most pathetic woe upon his placid features, and such a hangdog look that he refrained from putting any questions from fear of intruding on private matters. Horace, however, after some fidgeting, said, "You know after all it's a dreadful thing, but what could a fellow do? She's a charming girl of course, but I didn't think of exactly—in fact, I am not a marrying man, you know. I never thought of marrying—don't know anything about it."

"If you'll explain what you are talking about, I may be able to understand."

"Well, the fact is, Miss Maisie wired and asked me, don't you know, and I, of course"—

"Asked you what?"

"Well, I suppose I oughtn't to say," he said, suddenly flushing crimson.

"Did she propose to you?" asked Welby with an incredulous look of amusement. "Answer paid too. The devil she did! And you have accepted?"

"What else would you have me do?" returned Sands stolidly.

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For the next few days Horace Sands experienced a general sense of bewildering depression. He was an engaged man—to a very lovely girl, it was true, but nevertheless he was engaged, tied up, as it were—somebody's property. He must buy presents and rings and think of furniture. Never in his life had he thought about furniture. Even at college he had not, as many of the men did, troubled how his diggings were arranged.

He passed a man in the street carrying a kitchen safe. He tried to think what a safe was meant for and realized that they would certainly have to have a safe. Some perambulators in a great shop caught his eye, and he blushed and looked obstinately on the other side of the road. He had postponed calling—he had not dared yet. He would never summon courage to behave as a lover should to such a wonderful piece of femininity.

He remembered now that her eyes were gray and serious and laughing all at once; that she had a delightful, petulant mouth. The thought of her was sweet. The reality at present was terrifying. He could not yet face his betrothed. He must have time to get used to himself under these new conditions. Another day passed. On the fourth he dressed himself in a frock coat, adorned his buttonhole with a bouquet and started for her house.

When he arrived as far as the street in which she lived, he turned round and went to the club. There was a note from her—three days old. Again he flushed and thrust it into his pocket. He went out, and in the busy traffic of the streets read his first love letter from Maisie:

Dear Mr. Sands—How chivalrous and nice of you! It was a bet, you know.

He did not read any more, but strode homeward. He had been a pretty kind of fool anyhow—a vain ass too. As if a beautiful girl like that—then he began to laugh. At any rate, he was free again—free! But somehow he wasn't quite sure that he wanted to be so very free. The furniture had begun to interest him.

They met the next evening at Lady Vaughan's. She received him with a very bright smile, and they danced. They danced several times, and then he said at the end, "I suppose you couldn't care for me, could you?" And she colored all over and said, "Oh, no, I couldn't—not anyhow in the world!"

Fate threw them together. They constantly met. She tried to avoid him, but he would not let her, and she ceased at last to try. At the end of three months he again asked her to be his wife. The tears crept into her eyes then, and she said, "You are very kind and chivalrous, and I am very grateful, but I can't—indeed I can't!" So that he went away conscious that there was a barrier between them he could not break down. He went abroad with Welby and proved a preposterously dull companion.

"She will never have me," he said one day irrelevantly. "I believe it's all because of that confounded telegram."

"Most likely."

"What shall I do?"

"Forget her."

"That's what I have been trying to do, but she's crept somehow into my heart, and I can't."

"Wire, then!"

"What?"

"What she wired to you."

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Maisie was sitting with Mrs. Hamlin, and her pretty face was even paler than on the memorable occasion of the sending of the telegrams. "Ah," she said, "it is a pity! I care for him so much—so much—and it could never be now! Could it?"

"It's rather difficult," said Mrs. Hamlin. "How mad of us all to have let you do it! We didn't realize till the things were gone. Your spirits carried us away. He's abroad, isn't he?"

"Yes, and I can't bear it, but I must. That's life, isn't it?" she said, with a little sad smile. "We all manage to bear what we can't." And then a telegram came, reply paid.

"What is it?" said Mrs. Hamlin.

"He has wired. Look!"

"And what are you going to say?"

The girl sat down upon her heels upon the floor and looked first into the fire and then at Mrs. Hamlin. "I think I ought to be polite. Don't you?" she said. "He was to me."

"Yes," said Mrs. Hamlin, "I think you should be polite."

And Miss Maisie was.—Westminster Budget.

For Summer Lounging.

Just now, with summer on its way, big, luxurious chairs in rattan begin to look inviting. One comfortable, cool looking affair is enameled in gray green and has cushions of the same color in china silk attached to it. Other chairs are painted wood brown, some are forest green and some are red. The cushions are sometimes covered in denim and sometimes in cool, striped, slippery Indian grass cloth.

For the summer drawing room spindling chairs are pretty and dainty looking, even though they do not seem particularly useful. Still there's not much to be said in favor of the little chairs, even though the various monarchies are held responsible. They boast choice bits of delicate brocade or at times priceless tapestries, which gives one a chance to murmur an appreciative bit of tapestry jargon.—New York Journal.

Fishes In Captivity.

Fishes in aquariums when first placed in captivity are likely to be wild and to seek constantly to escape. Sooner or later they quiet down, and often they become very tame. They feed well and grow and seem quite settled and content in their new home. But it may be that some fish, after a year of this quiet, routine life, are suddenly seized again with a desire to escape and go wild in their efforts, roaming the tank incessantly and finally killing themselves by running blindly or recklessly into a wall.

Fishes are sometimes greatly disturbed by parasites. But fishes that are perfectly sound take on sometimes in this manner, and their actions seem attributable only to the awakening of an intense desire to be free again.—New York Sun.

A Mender.

Mrs. Commonstalk (soberly)—Are you sure your fiancee will make a good home body, Eli? Do you think she knows anything about mending, for instance?

Cholly Commonstalk — About mending, mother? Why, that is her very strongest point. I saw her mend a busted tire once in just 14 minutes by the watch.—Harper's Bazar.

Climbing High Altitudes.

All persons who have climbed great heights are aware that respiration becomes more or less difficult, the heart beats either very irregularly or with great rapidity, and nausea, exhaustion and other unpleasant sensations are experienced. Just what is the highest limit to which man can ascend and live has frequently been questioned. A scientist reached 15,000 feet above sea level without great trouble. The idea suggested itself—could he not create a rarefied atmosphere by a mechanical process? He prepared a very large pneumatic air chamber and rigged it with all the necessary appliances. He shut himself in; then the air was rarefied to a degree which would probably be found at the height of 24,000 feet above sea level; then he became so distressed that the experiment had to stop. As Mount Everest is a mile higher than this simulated altitude, we may naturally conclude that, unless there are means provided for assisting respiration, feet will never tread the height on this globe.—New York

$200 Per Day

C. Margrave, the Greenhouse man, would have captured this amount daily had he charged $1 each for plants sold during the week. Ladies of Brainerd and surrounding cities are becoming familiar with the popular conservatory and its popular prices. Let us know what you want for Decoration Day, and you will be accommodated.

C. MARGRAVE, Manager.
WM. DODD, Proprietor.

HUMPHREYS'

No. 1 Cures Fever.
No. 2 " Worms.
No. 3 " Infants' Diseases.
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No. 10 " Dyspepsia.
No. 11 " Delayed Periods.
No. 12 " Leuchorrea.
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No. 15 Cures Rheumatism.
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No. 20 " Whooping Cough
No. 27 " Kidney Diseases.
No. 30 " Urinary Diseases
No. 77 " Colds and Grip.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price, 25c., or 5 for $1.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases Mailed Free.

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Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Notice.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
St. Cloud, Minn., May 18, 1897.

Complaint has been entered at this office by Caleb W. Olin against Fred W. Schlattmann, for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 18326, dated April 20th, 1896, upon the E. ½ N. E. ¼ and S. W. ¼ N. E. ¼, Section 26, Township 135, Range 30, in Cass county, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear before Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on the 24th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

Further notice is hereby given that a hearing will be had at this office on the 31st day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., when the testimony taken as ordered herein, will be examined and a decision rendered there upon.

THEO. BRUENER, Register.

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools

—AT—

WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the public schools of the state.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training Department or Model School.

The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary course of three years.
(b) An Advanced course of five years.
(c) An Elementary Professional course of one year, and an Advanced Professional course of two years for high school and college graduates.
(b) A Kindergarten training course (at St. Cloud, Winona and Mankato).

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding county superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of $1.00 per term. Provision is made at each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished rooms with board is about $3.00 per week. The Ladies' Home at St. Cloud, the new Dormitory at Moorhead, and the Ladies' Home at Winona, offer board, furnished room, heat and light, at from $3.00 to $3.50 per week.

DIPLOMAS.—By a recent act of the legislature a diploma becomes a state teachers' certificate of the first grade.

The next school year opens at St. Cloud and Moorhead August 31st.

The schools at Winona and Mankato will enter upon a continuous session from and after July 1st, 1897. The school year will hereafter be divided into four quarters of 12 weeks each.

For free catalogues and circulars giving full information, address the presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
GEO. R. KLEEBERGER, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTON C. LORD, Moorhead.

Mortgage Notice.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by John Anderson and Matilda Anderson, his wife, mortgagors to The Brainerd Co-Operative Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, dated January 1st, 1889, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on February 27th, 1889, at four o'clock p. m. in book I of mortgages, on page 119, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice $360, the receivers of the mortgagee having elected to consider the full amount of said mortgage due and payable; and whereas on December 2nd, 1896, the undersigned were appointed by the district court of said Crow Wing county receivers of said mortgagee, as an insolvent debtor under the statutes of said state relating to insolvents, and have qualified and are acting as such, and no action or proceeding has been commenced to recover the amount due under said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under the provisions of said mortgage, and the statute in such case provided, the mortgaged premises, to-wit: Lot five (5) of block (1) of Miller's Addition to the Town of East Brainerd, according to the plat thereof recorded in the Registry of deeds aforesaid, will be sold by the sheriff of said county to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the county court house, in the City of Brainerd, in said county, on the 21st day of June, 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. to satisfy said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure.

Dated May 5th, 1897.

J. N. NEVERS,
GEO. D. LABAR,
Receivers of the Brainerd Co-Operative Building and Loan Association.

Leon E. Lum, Attorney.

Notice.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
St. Cloud, Minn., May 5, 1897.

Complaint has been entered at this office by John M. Leeper against John Clancy, for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 16348, dated August 14th, 1893, upon the S. W. ¼ Section 26, Township 135, Range 30, in Cass county, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear before Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on the 24th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

Further notice is hereby given that a hearing will be had at this office on the 31st day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., when the testimony taken as ordered herein, will be examined and a decision rendered there upon.

C. F. MACDONALD, Receiver.

WALL PAPER

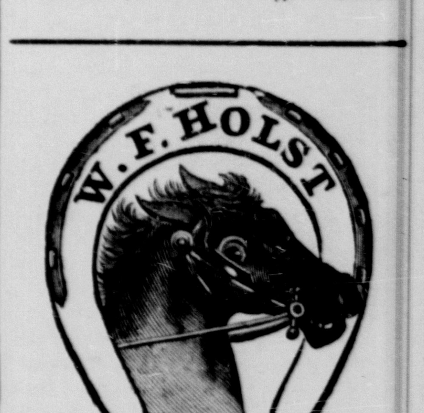
How do you like the Figures?



THEY ARE READY TO GO UP,

And now is the time while they are down to put up your Wall Paper. There is no Wall Paper more lasting, more elegant, more reasonable in price than that which we are now selling,

J. C. CONGDON,
One door East of Arlington Hotel.



General Blacksmithing

And Repairing.

A fine line of Farm Machinery recently added. Farmers give me a call if in need of machinery.

W. F. Holst.

Fourth St., Between Front & Laurel.

Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure nausea.
Ripans Tabules: at druggists.
Ripans Tabules cure headache.
Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.
Ripans Tabules cure constipation.
Ripans Tabules assist digestion.
Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.

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ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 16, NUMBER 24. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1897. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

Northern Pacific Bank
Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
SAM. WALKER, Vice President.
J. N. NEVERS, Cashier.

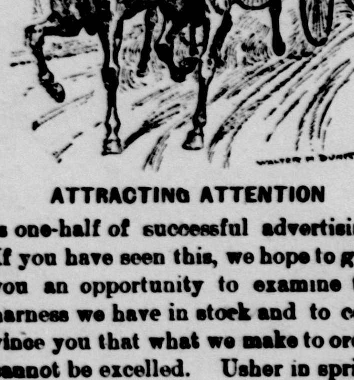
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County and City Orders Bought!
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FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Of Brainerd, Minn.
A. F. FERRIS, President
LEON E. LUM, Vice President
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $200,000
Paid up Capital, - - $50,000
Surplus, - - - - $80,006
Business accounts invited.



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is one-half of successful advertising. If you have seen this, we hope to give you an opportunity to examine the harness we have in stock and to convince you that what we make to order cannot be excelled. Usher in spring with a new harness for driving. Spring and summer horse goods in great variety.
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NORTHERN PACIFIC RUNS
THROUGH CARS
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MINNEAPOLIS,
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TO
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LOCAL TIME TABLE.
No. 5 arrives from the South at 1:20 p. m. Departs going west at 1:40 p. m. daily except Sunday
No. 6 arrives from the west at 11:55 p. m. Departs going south at 12:15 p. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 7:45 p. m., and departs for the west at 8:05 p. m. daily.
No. 14 arrives from the West at 3:10 a. m. Departs going east at 3:20 a. m. daily.
No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at 1:30 p. m.
No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs at 6:30 a. m.
No. 53 arrives from the East at 12:40 a. m., and goes West at 1:30 a. m.
No. 54 carries passengers to Aitken, departs at at 9:40 p. m.
No. 55 from N. P. Junction arrives at 4:15 p. m. and departs for Staples at 5:00 p. m.
No. 56 arrives from Staples at 6:15 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 9:00 a. m.
Nos. 54, 55 an 56 carry passengers.
Through tickets to Japan and China, via Tacoma and Northern Pacific Steamship Co.
For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or
CHAS. S. FEE,
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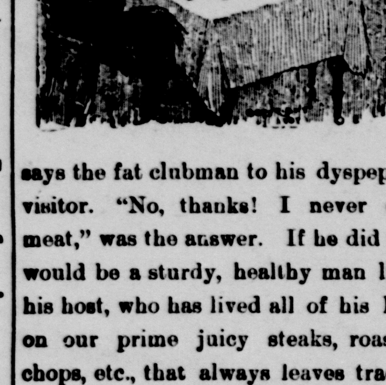
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BRAINERD, MINN.

"MAY I HELP YOU TO SOME MEAT?"



says the fat clubman to his dyspeptic visitor. "No, thanks! I never eat meat," was the answer. If he did he would be a sturdy, healthy man like his host, who has lived all of his life on our prime juicy steaks, roasts, chops, etc., that always leaves traces of good nourishment behind.

BANE & BANE.

Brainerd & Northern MINNESOTA RY.
TIME CARD.

GOING NORTH. P. M.		GOING SOUTH. A. M.
3:30	lv-Brainerd-ar	10:30
4:13	lv-Hubert-ar	9:50
5:12	lv-Pine River-ar	8:53
5:40	lv-Backus-ar	8:27
6:45	lv-Lothrop-ar	7:30
7:15	ar-Walker-lv	7:00

E. H. HOAR, Supt.

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DRINKING WATER!
H. J. SPENCER
Will furnish you with
PURE • WATER
For Drinking Purposes at
25 CENTS PER WEEK
Delivered at your house or office in quantities not to exceed five gallons per day. This water is from the Adam Brown Spring, and is absolutely pure. If you want to try it or leave an order for regular delivery,
HAIL THE WAGON
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CALL AT
The Dispatch
FOR JOB WORK.
All Work
Guaranteed.



THE LANPHER



THE LANPHER
THE HAT
—THAT IS—
STYLISH and DURABLE.

UNLESS Bro. Pease, of the Anoka Union, can have his own way he won't play. It is the opinion of a good many people that he is playing horse and don't know it.

BARBERS under the new law who are now in business and who expect to escape the examination by the new state board must file affidavits before July 19th, accompanied by a fee of $1 for registration.

HUBBARD county has a new town just platted at Midge Lake, which will be known as Graceland. It is on the surveys of both the Brainerd & Northern and Great Northern roads, and quite a boom is on.

TAMS BIXBY has handed in his resignation as private secretary to Gov. Clough, and Roland Hartley has been installed in his place. Mr. Hartley is well known in Brainerd and has many warm friends here who will all be pleased to hear of his good fortune.

Not as Painted.

George Gilbraith, who it will be remembered left Grand Rapids about two months since to seek his fortune in the much vaunted mines of British Columbia, returned on Wednesday last direct from Rossland, and tells a most doleful tale of his quest after the blind goddess in that fabled land of riches. He says that, in the first place, the country is very much overrated as to its natural advantages, and in the second place, there is at least twenty men for every job of work offered, and as a result there are hundreds of misguided individuals who have been allured to this promised New Eldorado who find themselves suffering for the actual necessaries of life.—Herald Review.

Opened the Station.

A telegram from Little Falls says two months ago the Northern Pacific depot at Belle Prairie, six miles from here, was closed, the agent removed, and the windows boarded up. A few days ago Traveling Auditor Galvin, for the Northern Pacific, opened the depot and put an agent in charge. The reason is that some years ago, when the company was buying land for the right of way for the track, it paid for all land except that which it took from F. J. Farrand. The company secured the land on one condition—that it would keep a depot on the said land as long as the railroad stood, or pay $5,000. So this spring, when the depot was closed, Mr. Farrand hired a lawyer to find out what the company would do. After a few letters, which were not answered, the attorney threatened suit. The station was reopened.

No Better than a White Man.

The department of the interior at Washington has sent word to Minnesota that the Indians on the reservation have no more right to hunt and fish on grounds outside the reservation than any other citizen, but must comply with the laws. This ruling, which comes to Executive Agent Fullerton of the game commission upholds the ruling made by Chief Justice Start and Attorney General Childs to whom, as members of the board of pardons, the Indians Porter and McCarthy, who are serving sixty days sentence in the Carlton county jail for violation of the law, applied for relief. There had been a contention that the Indians being wards of the government, had a right to hunt and fish off the reservation equal to their rights on the reservation. To this construction of the law, however, the game commission objected, and arrested the two men referred to and had them convicted. They applied to the board of pardon for relief, and the ruling that has been referred to was made.

Peculiar Fattening Process.

Wherever a handful of earth can be made to rest upon a ledge, there a mulberry plant grows, says Harry Fenn in St. Nicholas. It is a picturesque and thrilling sight to see a boy lowered by a rope over the precipice, carrying a big basket of earth and cuttings of mulberry twigs to plant in his hanging garden. The crop of leaves, fodder for the worms, is gathered in the same way. By such patient and dangerous industry have these hardy mountaineers been able to make their wilderness of rock blossom into brightly colored silks. Not a single leaf is left on the trees by the time the voracious worms get ready to spin their cocoons, but a second crop comes on latter, and a curious use is made of that.

The tree owner purchases one of those queer big-tailed Syrian sheep, the tail of which weighs twenty pounds when at the full maturity of its fatness, and then a strange stuffing process begins, not unlike the fattening of the Strasburg geese. When the sheep can eat no more the women of the house feed it, and it is no uncommon sight to see a woman going out to make an afternoon call leading her sheep by a string and carrying a basket of mulberry leaves on her arm. Having arrived at her friend's house she squats on the ground, rolls a ball of mulberry leaves in her right hand and slips it into the sheeps mouth, then works the sheep's jaw up and down with the other hand till she things the mouthfull has been chewed enough, when she thrusts it down the throat of the unfortunate animal. The funny part of the business is that probably half a dozen gossips of the village are seated around the yard, all engaged at the same operation. Of course, the sheep get immensely fat, and that is the object, for at the killing time the fat is tried out and put into jars, as meat for the winter.

Would Change the County Seat.

Under date of May 17th. W. H. Hallett, of Pequot, writes as follows to the Staples Tribune:

At the mass delegate convention held at Sylvan Lake, where 42 voters assembled to represent the wishes of the precincts throughout Cass county, a citizen's county committee was named to look after the interests of the county in a non-partisan way. The following were named: Henry C. Clark, August Erickson, Neal Tolson, F. L. McClellan, W. W. Bryant, Geo. H. Whipple, Wm. H. Hallett, W. J. Bain and John F. Burke.

Said committee will convene at Kobe Grove school house on Saturday, May 22, 1897, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of discussing the advisability of calling a special election for change of county seat from Walker to some point to be agreed upon hereafter.

Under the laws of 1889, chapter 174, which provides that if 60 per cent of the voters according to the returns of the last general election sign a petition requesting that the county commissioners call a special election for the purpose of changing the county seat, the commissioners shall forthwith call the same, and if 55 per cent of the votes cast are in favor of changing the county seat, so be it.

When once changed it cannot be voted upon for five years. What I ask of the citizens of Cass county is to remember that we live in a free country where all are accorded equal rights, and having the stars and stripes for our standard, instead of the town plat of Walker, and as we are not bound to respect the wishes of the lumber rings, our aims should be the interests in general of the people of Cass county.

If we obey the dictates of our own consciences at the coming special election we can locate the county seat somewhere near where it ought to be.

Perplexing, at Least.

The Pioneer Press contains the following interesting reading:

Attorney B. F. Hartshorn of Walker, Cass county, was in town yesterday to ascertain the present status of the suit before the state supreme court involving territory claimed by both Cass and Crow Wing counties. In accordance with the law of 1895 petitions were sent from citizens representing nineteen of the one hundred townships in Cass county asking the governor, the attorney general and other state officers, designated as a board to receive such petitions, for permission to unite with Crow Wing county. At that time and until very recently Cass county was unorganized, and its records were kept in the organized county of Crow Wing. But it is necessary that these petitions, to become effective, should be signed by at least 55 per cent of the legal voters at the last general election. Claim was made that this requirement had not been fulfilled.

"Well" continued Mr. Hartshorn, speaking yesterday at the Merchant's hotel, "I dont understand just how much progess had been made. But I find that the question went first to the supreme court on a writ of certiorari. That proceeding was declared irregular. Then a writ of quo warranto was asked, on which the Cass county people—our people—could show that the law had not been complied with. In this connection a referee was appointed to take testimony as to facts. Here the matter rests, for the testimony has not yet been taken.

"Yet, the decision might solve another difficulty that has sprung up inside of the first complication—a wheel within a wheel. When an unorganized county wishes to organize its commissioners are appointed by the governor. Then the commissioners appoint county officers. So Cass county received its commissioners not long ago, and May 6 the board met and appointed the county officers. The officers applied for their records to the corresponding officers of Crow Wing county. All our officers got what they wanted except our new auditor, a man named Griffith. Crow Wing insisted that he wasn't a legal auditor, because when appointed, he was residing in that disputed strip which may be Cass county and which, again, may not be. It's true he intended to move over to Walker, our county seat, and that intention has, in law, been held on previous occasions to offset the fact of actual residence. But undoubtedly his family were living where they had lived in the disputed strip the day he was appointed. Now, if it turns out that the strip is still Cass county, he's certainly allright. If it's Crow Wing he may be all wrong. Yet, after all, I suppose he won't wait. Griffith is willing to resign rather than to cause to much trouble, and probably we'll elect another man about whom there can be no doubt, if the Crow Wing people still insist that Griffith's residence is too ambiguous.

"Our new county of Cass would be one of the finest in the state, if only the Leech Lake Indian reservation was open. The government has been estimating the value of the reservation timber preliminary to opening the reservation and selling the timber. But recently the men so employed have quit work. They say the appropriation has been used up, but I imagine that the big lumbermen are short of cash now and they have put off the opening until they get more money to invest. Anyhow, nothing more is likely to be done this year."

A Peculiar Crow.

The "convict crow," as a certain well known specimen of that species of bird is known around the prison, is back to his summer quarters again. He arrived on the dot just when his regular six-months trip to southern climes had elapsed. This old crow is well marked and known by the keepres and old prisoners here. He is quite tame making his summer home around the prison. He marched into the kitchen of Warden Wolfer's private residence bright and early on Tuesday last and was easily recognized by Mrs. Wolfer. This is the eighth year this crow has been here—that is, since he began to act as a civilized crow should. He was probably well along in years before he adopted his present regular habits. He left this vicinity on the 11th of November last, and returned early on the 11th of this month. He has been making these regular trips for the past eight years.—Stillwater Prison Mirror.

Dyspepsia.

You have tried "77" for Grip and Colds, now try "10" for Dyspepsia. For sale by all druggists, 25 cents.

And Just Organized.

According to the Itasca News, the saloon keepers of Walker, Cass county, sell a brand of whiskey that causes the partakers to sigh for the companionship of the wild man of Borneo. A few days ago a stranger went to the county seat of the new county and, after taking a few copious draughts of fire water, took to the woods. He was found a few days afterward, and taken to the hospital at Grand Rapids, where, we understand, he has since died.

Hole-in-the-Day's Photograph.

A portrait of the above named Chippewa chief was recently presented to the State Historical Society by Chas. Hallock, of St. Paul, and that gentleman submits the following information, says the Press:

"At the time this photograph was taken this celebrated Chippewa chief was living near the agency at Crow Wing. He occupied a fairly good one-story frame house with four rooms, which sufficed to accommodate himself and his seven wives. Although conforming, to a certain extent, to civilized ways, he adhered tenaciously to his aboriginal costume, and was more often seen in blanket and moccasins than in a dress shirt. When he gave an audience or reception to visitors of consequence, he donned his war bonnet of bald eagle plumes, as shown in the photograph, each individual feather of which bonnet was assumed to represent an opponent killed in battle. Later on, when eagles were hard to obtain, war bonnets were decorated with feathers of other birds as a substitute.

"Hole-in-the-Day was always loath to have his portrait taken. But the one herewith shown was caught at a gallery in Third street, near the old American House. He had been persuaded to enter the gallery on some special pretext. The portrait figured the following year, together with a likeness of Allan Morrison, the post-trader at Crow Wing, in an illustrated article in Harper's Magazine, entitled 'The Red River Trail,' written by Mr. Chas. Hallock, whose travels and writing at that date did much to develop Minnesota and stimulate immigration. Mr. Paul Beaulieu, who died quite recently at the age of 77 years, was interpreter at Crow Wing at the time, and often recalled Mr. Hallock's visit to the post."

Free Supper to School Children.

The five Mother's Clubs of the city, assisted by the teachers, will give a free supper to all school children of the public schools, on the last day of school, May 28th, commencing at 1:30 p. m. Supper will be served as follows:

At the Washington school regular tables will be set on the lawn of the school grounds.

At the Harrison school supper will also be served on the lawn of the school grounds.

At the Lincoln school on the lawn of residence of Mr. Bolin, corner of Sixth and Pine streets.

At the Whittier and Lowell schools the supper will be served in the buildings in each room, the scholars seated at their own desks.

No One Dies.

No one dies of pulmonary disease the result of cold, who takes "77" in time—for sale by all druggists, 25cts.

A Secret Guard For Grant.

In The Century General Horace Porter tells of the siege of Petersburg in his "Campaigning With Grant." After describing the disastrous explosion on the boat loaded with ordnance stores General Porter says: "This occurrence set the staff to thinking of the various forms of danger to which the general in chief was exposed and how easily he might be assassinated, and we resolved that in addition to the ordinary guard mounted at the headquarters camp we would quietly arrange a detail of watchers from the members of the staff, so that one officer would go on duty every night and keep a personal lookout in the vicinity of the general's tent. This was faithfully carried out. It had to be done secretly, for if he had known of it he would without doubt have broken it up and insisted upon the staff officers going to bed after their hard day's work instead of keeping these vigils throughout the long, dreary nights of the following winter. The general never knew of this action until his second term of the presidency, when he made the discovery through an accidental reference to it in his presence by a visitor who had heard of it. He then expressed himself as feeling very much touched by the service which had been performed with a view to his personal protection."

Our Poets.

American poetry is not what it used to be. It seems to me to have got into a rut in all our magazines, and I am inclined to sigh for the freshness and simplicity and musical rhythm that once characterized it. Some poet has set a bad fashion here and it has been too much followed. It would be better if Longfellow and Whittier and Holmes and Lowell in his earlier days were oftener taken as models.—Templeton in Hartford Courant.

Exact Information Required.

"Oh, Mr. Squildig!" exclaimed Mrs. Homewood to a late arrival at her reception. "Are you here at last? I have been dying to introduce you to Miss Gimp of Chicago. She paints beautifully!"

"Paints, does she, Mrs. Homewood?"

"Yes."

"Face or canvas?"—Pittsburg Chronicle-Herald.

The Neighbor's Mistake.

"Don't you think your son a little fast, Mrs. Sweetly?"

"Far from it. He is so slow that we can never get him to breakfast before noon."—Detroit Free Press.

Smiles Approval.

"What do they mean when they call a man broad minded?"

"They mean that he is too polite to say what he thinks about the opinions of others."—Chicago Journal.

LOVE'S CHAIN.

The bond that links our souls together,
Will it last through stormy weather?
Will it molder and decay
As the long hours fleet away?
Will it stretch when time divides us,
When dark, weary days have tried us?
If it look too poor and slight,
Let us break the links tonight.

It was not forged by mortal hands
Or clasped with golden bars or bands.
Save thine and mine, no other eyes
The slender link can recognize.
In the bright light it seems to fade,
And it is hidden in the shade,
While heaven or earth has never heard
Or solemn vow or plighted word.

Yet what no mortal hand could make
No mortal power can ever break.
What words or vows could never do
No words or vows can make untrue.
And if to other hearts unknown
The dearer and the more our own
Because too sacred and divine
For other eyes save thine and mine.
—Edward Wilbur Mason in Womankind.

"REPLY PAID."

She had received a letter in the morning begging her to somehow procure him a little money. Things were going badly, and he had been ill. She thought of it all day long, having dispatched the little she had, and, for the thinking, things looked no better. Her brother had not enough to live upon, and there was an end of it. Fate was niggardly with them all. During the afternoon the girls came in and Mrs Hamlin. Mrs. Hamlin was always delightful and cheery. Her lovely dresses and sweet face and fragrant elegance reminded Maisie that at least she was the right person in the right place—with fitting surroundings and the beautiful things of life that all women instinctively claim as their right hers.

"Maisie, you look preposterously dejected. What is it? Are you in love with an anarchist, or is it only general aspirations toward the impossible?"

"No, I am not in love, but I am thinking of proposing to some one."

"Why?"

"Because I am in a hurry. Fred, you know, is frightfully hard up."

"But why don't you accept Mr. Howard, when he's so devoted, poor man?"

"That wouldn't be fair, because, you see, he is devoted, and I—no, I think a fat man with beard and glasses is the sort of thing—in the abstract."

"Oh, excellent in the abstract; protects you, is kind to you and gives you checks. In the concrete he"—

"Dear Mrs. Hamlin, don't. The matter is not discussable in the concrete."

"Fancy Maisie proposing!" said one of the girls.

"You don't know what I am capable of," returned Maisie.

"I'll dare you, Maisie," Mrs. Hamlin twinkled; "£20 on, and I'll give you a month."

"Twenty pounds!" repeated Maisie. And there was an odd sound in her voice.

"Twenty pounds."

"Done!" she said, to the astonishment of the room. "It's a bet!" Every one sat up and bristled with delighted curiosity. Maisie, of all people, who invariably treated her swains with a good tempered scorn that was the envy of her friends!

"I will do it now!" she went on excitedly. "Mabel, give me those telegraph forms. Of course I won't undertake to carry out the contract if any one accepts," she added.

"No, no; but a bona fide proposal!"

She then sat down and addressed seven telegrams and dispatched them by the maid. "Reply paid," she said. "And now we'll have tea."

"What have you done?" questioned Mrs. Hamlin.

"I have asked seven men to marry me."

"Maisie!"

"Well, seven gentlemen will hardly be able to think that I am pining for them all, and they'll exchange notes."

"Men never do that."

"Ah, what men never do that surely man always does," she laughed. "Honor with them is a collective virtue that has no application in the singular. You shall read the answers."

* * * * * * *

In due course of time the answers came. One by one the girl opened them before her expectant friends, who refused to go till all had come. "Regrets," quoted Maisie, holding up one with mock gravity. "Next, please. Ah, thank you, Susan! 'Sorry, previous engagement.' 'Alas! impossible!' 'Circumstances over which I have no control!' 'I would if I could, but I can't!' 'No!' That's rather impolite, and he really—well, one mustn't be kissed and tell. 'Twas so long ago too. You see, ladies, how devoted my lovers all are. But I have won my bet. Ah, here is another; one more polite refusal! No! 'Of course I am honored,'" she read. A crimson flush of shame spread over the girl's laughing face. "That's chivalrous of him," she said, trying to hide her embarrassment. "And now to invent a polite refusal to my own proposal."

* * * * * * *

Horace Sands was in chambers when Miss Maisie's telegram—reply paid—arrived. He was smoking a cigarette with Max Welby. They generally smoked together after lunch in a kind of sympathetic silence. He read it slowly, then went out of the room. On returning his friend noticed an expression of most pathetic woe upon his placid features, and such a hangdog look that he refrained from putting any questions from fear of intruding on private matters. Horace, however, after some fidgeting, said, "You know after all it's a dreadful thing, but what could a fellow do? She's a charming girl of course, but I didn't think of exactly—in fact, I am not a marrying man, you know. I never thought of marrying—don't know anything about it."

"If you'll explain what you are talking about, I may be able to understand."

"Well, the fact is, Miss Maisie wired and asked me, don't you know, and I, of course"—

"Asked you what?"

"Well, I suppose I oughtn't to say," he said, suddenly flushing crimson.

"Did she propose to you?" asked Welby with an incredulous look of amusement. "Answer paid too. The devil she did! And you have accepted?"

"What else would you have me do?" returned Sands stolidly.

* * * * * * *

For the next few days Horace Sands experienced a general sense of bewildering depression. He was an engaged man—to a very lovely girl, it was true, but nevertheless he was engaged, tied up, as it were—somebody's property. He must buy presents and rings and think of furniture. Never in his life had he thought about furniture. Even at college he had not, as many of the men did, troubled how his diggings were arranged.

He passed a man in the street carrying a kitchen safe. He tried to think what a safe was meant for and realized that they would certainly have to have a safe. Some perambulators in a great shop caught his eye, and he blushed and looked obstinately on the other side of the road. He had postponed calling—he had not dared yet. He would never summon courage to behave as a lover should to such a wonderful piece of femininity.

He remembered now that her eyes were gray and serious and laughing all at once; that she had a delightful, petulant mouth. The thought of her was sweet. The reality at present was terrifying. He could not yet face his betrothed. He must have time to get used to himself under these new conditions. Another day passed. On the fourth he dressed himself in a frock coat, adorned his buttonhole with a bouquet and started for her house.

When he arrived as far as the street in which she lived, he turned round and went to the club. There was a note from her—three days old. Again he flushed and thrust it into his pocket. He went out, and in the busy traffic of the streets read his first love letter from Maisie:

DEAR MR. SANDS—How chivalrous and nice of you! It was a bet, you know.

He did not read any more, but strode homeward. He had been a pretty kind of fool anyhow—a vain ass too. As if a beautiful girl like that—then he began to laugh. At any rate, he was free again—free! But somehow he wasn't quite sure that he wanted to be so very free. The furniture had begun to interest him.

They met the next evening at Lady Vaughan's. She received him with a very bright smile, and they danced. They danced several times, and then he said at the end, "I suppose you couldn't care for me, could you?" And she colored all over and said, "Oh, no, I couldn't—not anyhow in the world!"

Fate threw them together. They constantly met. She tried to avoid him, but he would not let her, and she ceased at last to try. At the end of three months he again asked her to be his wife. The tears crept into her eyes then, and she said, "You are very kind and chivalrous, and I am very grateful, but I can't—indeed I can't!" So that he went away conscious that there was a barrier between them he could not break down. He went abroad with Welby and proved a preposterously dull companion.

"She will never have me," he said one day irrelevantly. "I believe it's all because of that confounded telegram."

"Most likely."

"What shall I do?"

"Forget her."

"That's what I have been trying to do, but she's crept somehow into my heart, and I can't."

"Wire, then!"

"What?"

"What she wired to you."

* * * * * * *

Maisie was sitting with Mrs. Hamlin, and her pretty face was even paler than on the memorable occasion of the sending of the telegrams. "Ah," she said, "it is a pity! I care for him so much—so much—and it could never be now! Could it?"

"It's rather difficult," said Mrs. Hamlin. "How mad of us all to have let you do it! We didn't realise till the things were gone. Your spirits carried us away. He's abroad, isn't he?"

"Yes, and I can't bear it, but I must. That's life, isn't it?" she said, with a little sad smile. "We all manage to bear what we can't." And then a telegram came, reply paid.

"What is it?" said Mrs. Hamlin.

"He has wired. Look!"

"And what are you going to say?"

The girl sat down upon her heels upon the floor and looked first into the fire and then at Mrs. Hamlin. "I think I ought to be polite. Don't you?" she said. "He was to me."

"Yes," said Mrs. Hamlin, "I think you should be polite."

And Miss Maisie was.—Westminster Budget.

For Summer Lounging.

Just now, with summer on its way, big, luxurious chairs in rattan begin to look inviting. One comfortable, cool looking affair is enameled in gray green and has cushions of the same color in china silk attached to it. Other chairs are painted wood brown, some are forest green and some are red. The cushions are sometimes covered in denim and sometimes in cool, striped, slippery Indian grass cloth.

For the summer drawing room spindling chairs are pretty and dainty looking, even though they do not seem particularly useful. Still there's not much to be said in favor of the little chairs, even though the various monarchies are held responsible. They boast choice bits of delicate brocade or at times priceless tapestries, which gives one a chance to murmur an appreciative bit of tapestry jargon.—New York Journal.

Fishes In Captivity.

Fishes in aquariums when first placed in captivity are likely to be wild and to seek constantly to escape. Sooner or later they quiet down, and often they become very tame. They feed well and grow and seem quite settled and content in their new home. But it may be that some fish, after a year of this quiet, routine life, are suddenly seized again with a desire to escape and go wild in their efforts, roaming the tank incessantly and finally killing themselves by running blindly or recklessly into a wall.

Fishes are sometimes greatly disturbed by parasites. But fishes that are perfectly sound take on sometimes in this manner, and their actions seem attributable only to the awakening of an intense desire to be free again.—New York Sun.

A Mender.

Mrs. Commonstalk (soberly)—Are you sure your fiancee will make a good home body, Eli? Do you think she knows anything about mending, for instance?

Cholly Commonstalk — About mending, mother? Why, that is her very strongest point. I saw her mend a busted tire once in just 14 minutes by the watch.—Harper's Bazar.

Climbing High Altitudes.

All persons who have climbed great heights are aware that respiration becomes more or less difficult, the heart beats either very irregularly or with great rapidity, and nausea, exhaustion and other unpleasant sensations are experienced. Just what is the highest limit to which man can ascend and live has frequently been questioned. A scientist reached 15,000 feet above sea level without great trouble. The idea suggested itself—could he not create a rarefied atmosphere by a mechanical process? He prepared a very large pneumatic air chamber and rigged it with all the necessary appliances. He shut himself in; then the air was rarefied to a degree which would probably be found at the height of 24,000 feet above sea level; then he became so distressed that the experiment had to stop. As Mount Everest is a mile higher than this simulated altitude, we may naturally conclude that, unless there are means provided for assisting respiration, feet will never tread the height on this globe.—New York

$200 Per Day

C. Margrave, the Greenhouse man, would have captured this amount daily had he charged $1 each for plants sold during the week. Ladies of Brainerd and surrounding cities are becoming familiar with the popular conservatory and its popular prices. Let us know what you want for Decoration Day, and you will be accommodated.

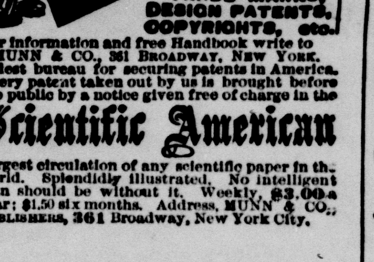
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Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price, 25c., or 5 for $1.
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Notice.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
St. Cloud, Minn., May 18, 1897.

Complaint has been entered at this office by Caleb W. Olin against Fred W. Schlattmann, for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 18326, dated April 20th, 1895, upon the E. ½ N. E. ¼ and S. W. ¼ N. E. ¼, Section 26, Township 135, Range 30, in Cass county, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear before Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on the 24th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

Further notice is hereby given that a hearing will be had at this office on the 31st day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., when the testimony taken as ordered herein, will be examined and a decision rendered there upon.

THEO. BRUENER, Register.

MINNESOTA
State Normal Schools
—AT—
WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the public schools of the state.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training Department or Model School.

The Normal Department embraces:
(a) An Elementary course of three years.
(b) An Advanced course of five years.
(c) An Elementary Professional course of one year, and an Advanced Professional course of two years for high school and college graduates.
(b) A Kindergarten training course (at St. Cloud, Winona and Mankato).

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding county superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of $1.00 per term. Provision is made at each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished rooms with board is about $3.00 per week. The Ladies' Home at St. Cloud, the new Dormitory at Moorhead, and the Ladies' Home at Winona, offer board, furnished room, heat and light, at from $3.00 to $3.50 per week.

DIPLOMAS.—By a recent act of the legislature a diploma becomes a state teachers' certificate of the first grade.

The next school year opens at St. Cloud and Moorhead August 31st.

The schools at Winona and Mankato will enter upon a continuous session from and after July 1st, 1897. The school year will hereafter be divided into four quarters of 12 weeks each.

For free catalogues and circulars giving full information, address the presidents as follows:
IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
GEO. R. KLEEBERGER, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTON C. LORD, Moorhead.

Mortgage Notice.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by John Anderson and Matilda Anderson, his wife, mortgagors to The Brainerd Co-Operative Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, dated January 1st, 1889, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on February 27th, 1889, at four o'clock p. m. in book I of mortgages, on page 119, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice $360, the receivers of the mortgagee having elected to consider the full amount of said mortgage due and payable; and whereas on December 2nd, 1896, the undersigned were appointed by the district court of said Crow Wing county receivers of said mortgagee, as an insolvent debtor under the statutes of said state relating to insolvents, and have qualified and are acting as such, and no action or proceeding has been commenced to recover the amount due under said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under the provisions of said mortgage, and the statute in such case provided, the mortgaged premises, to-wit: Lot five (5) of block (1) of Miller's Addition to the Town of East Brainerd, according to the plat thereof recorded in the Registry of deeds aforesaid, will be sold by the sheriff of said county to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the county court house, in the City of Brainerd, in said county, on the 21st day of June, 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. to satisfy said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure.

Dated May 5th, 1897.

J. N. NEVERS,
GEO. D. LABAR,
Receivers of the Brainerd Co-Operative Building and Loan Association.
LEON E. LUM, Attorney.

Notice.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
St. Cloud, Minn., May 5, 1897.

Complaint has been entered at this office by John M. Leeper against John Clancy, for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 16348, dated August 14th, 1893, upon the S. W. ¼ Section 26, Township 135, Range 30, in Cass county, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear before Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on the 24th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

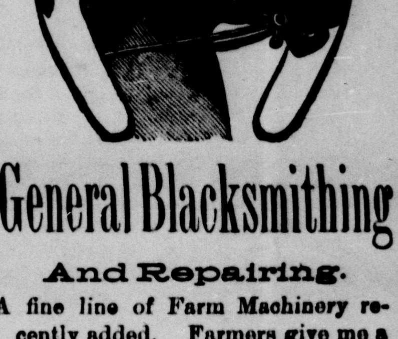
Further notice is hereby given that a hearing will be had at this office on the 31st day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., when the testimony taken as ordered herein, will be examined and a decision rendered there upon.

C. F. MACDONALD, Receiver.

WALL PAPER
How do you like the Figures?



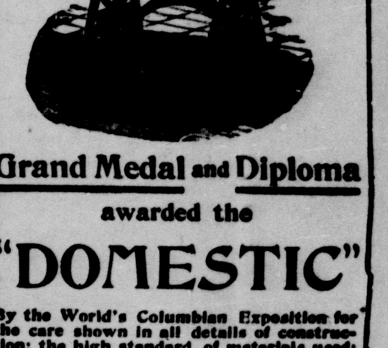
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And now is the time while they are down to put up your Wall Paper. There is no Wall Paper more lasting, more elegant, more reasonable in price than that which we are now selling,
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One door East of Arlington Hotel.



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And Repairing.
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Brainerd Dispatch.

Ingersoll & Wieland, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA

Some of our happiest moments are spent in air castles.

Vegetables never look as well as the picture on the seed boxes.

A cow in Louisville has swallowed a clock. This ought to be a striking illustration for Dr. Lyman Abbott.

The entire system of the Pennsylvania railroad now carries bicycles free. One by one they adopt the inevitable.

Young people, especially in the Missouri valley, are now sitting up nights watching for airships. At least that's their excuse.

The year has been a very sickly one, but as the colleges are turning out large spring reinforcements for the doctors, we shall now have more assistance in the fight against disease.

Ex-Senator Sawyer and C. P. Huntington, two millionaires, state that they know of two ways to get rich, one being to go to Africa and buy ivory and the other to go south and buy pine lands. They seem to be under the impression that everybody has sufficient means to do this, an error that many rich men make. You can't buy ivory in Africa on wind.

Some of the leading jewelers are showing among their novelties beautiful bottles of cut glass which are used for burning incense. These bottles have a crown of open work which partly shields a substance which smolders slowly, being fed by a wick from a delicately perfumed liquid with which the bottle is filled. The odor is delicately fragrant, and the bottle is a charming addition to a handsomely fitted up cozy corner.

It is no longer "good form" for the members of the Chicago woman's club to wear birds or their plumage on hats and bonnets. The club has practically declared a boycott against the fashion and entered on a campaign of education, whose effect will be felt first of all by the milliner. It has pledged its efforts to the creation of a settled public opinion adverse to the bird-wearing fashion, which is highly commendable. Women will certainly look just as sweet without the plumage of birds—if they will only think so.

Letters received in London from Bushire, on the Persian Gulf, show that the agricultural population of that district ascribed the lack of rain to the evil influence of certain landmarks erected on account of the Meteorological Survey of India. The survey pillars were destroyed before the troops reached the scene of disturbance. A heavy fall of rain followed, and the people were at once sure that their suspicions were correct, and that their work of destruction had propitiated the heavenly powers. Twenty of the ringleaders were bastinadoed by the governor, to show the people that the British authorities as well as higher powers must be taken into the account.

The collapse of a trust was signalized recently by a drop of more than thirty per cent in the quoted price of steel rails. The manufacturer who made the first cut, an owner of many blast-furnaces and rolling-mills, had just formed an alliance with the owner of numerous iron-mines. But the furnaces were in Pennsylvania, while the mines were in Minnesota. How, after the ore had been carried half-way across the continent, could the manufactured article be sold for less than the product of Pennsylvania mines, smelted and milled at home? Several factors enter into the explanation. In the first place, the ores mined in the "lake region"—Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin—are rich in iron, comparatively free from deleterious substances, such as phosphorus, and soft enough to be easily smelted.

The discretion of a judge in a naturalization case may wisely give the United States the benefit of the doubt as to the expediency of granting citizenship. A judge in a western state rejected twenty-one out of thirty-four applicants because they were ignorant of American institutions and principles, beside showing, in some instances, an inability to read, write or speak with a proper facility. These applicants for full citizenship were not able to stand the test of simple questions. Some of the answers were mere travesties on information. One said the highest officer of the state was "the czar," while another thought the chief official of the nation was "the White House." In former days, when an indiscriminate granting of the privileges of citizenship was regarded, in some communities at least, as a matter of course, it is possible that all of these applicants might have succeeded. Happily the country is now alert and protests against such folly.

Rev. Charles Starkweather, who was last week elected mayor of Superior, Wis., with all the papers and public speakers against him, says he was inspired from on high; that he invoked and received the assistance of heaven. It will be remembered that while Mr. Starkweather was mayor on a previous occasion he was impeached. This was a terrible blow to him. But had he never drank so deep in the dregs of adversity he might have died without knowing his power. It takes adversities to bring out the strength that is in a man. Starkweather is a wonder.

Burglars have plundered the home of a Chicago detective and tied his bulldog in a tub of water instead of stealing the sagacious animal. Neither human nor canine guards avail against the deep depravity of the burglar who receives his training in the wicked Windy.

It must have been a great disappointment to the scientists who recently discovered a palace of the Pharaohs, when they found the old wine in the cellar had petrified. Petrified wine is hardly as acceptable as plain hard cider.

J. P. Atkinson and Ada Byrd of Atlanta, Ga., believe in "going it" while they are young. J. P. is 16 and Ada is 14, but they eloped just the same, and, strange to say, found some one to marry them before their parents overtook them. They were finally captured and taken back to school, where they are expected to be real good children.

Northern Ohio has a cave that is said to knock the spots out of Kentucky's vast cavern. Ohio seldom, if ever, gets left.

The next important question for congress will be how to harness the Mississippi river. Unless something is done with that troublesome stream it will wash the lower portion of the country into the gulf of Mexico.

It is now positively asserted that Durant will take his flight from the California state prison June 11. And he won't go in an airship, either.

Poor Corbett! Beaten again! The synchronograph has a capacity of 6,000 words a minute.

THE NEWS RESUME

DIGEST OF THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Reports—The Notable Events at Home and Abroad That Have Attracted Attention.

The Nation's Capital.

The government board of inquiry appointed to investigate the nature of and responsibility for the obstruction on which the battleship Oregon settled while lying at the entrance of the Puget sound naval station, has begun its session at Port Orchard.

People Talked About.

Sam Hoggland, a well known horseman, died at Cony Island, aged eighty years.

Christian Moerlein, one of the pioneer brewers of Cincinnati, is dead, aged eighty-four.

Gen. Powell Clayton, the newly appointed minister to Mexico, has officially presented his credentials to President Diaz.

Judge John Lowell, the distinguished jurist, is dead at his home in Brookline, Mass. Judge Lowell was ill for some time and death had been expected for several days.

Con Baker of Columbus, Ohio, broke the world's record for one mile on an in-door track at the Coliseum at Atlanta, Ga., covering the distance in a trial heat in 2:04 1-5. The previous record was 2:06 1-5.

Accidental Happenings.

Fire destroyed the tannery of A. B. Patrick & Co., San Francisco. Loss, $500,000.

A dispatch from Phoenix, Ariz., states that within three weeks seven persons have been drowned while attempting to ford the Salt river near that place.

William Bramwell Carr, capitalist, mine and land owner, and at one time a political leader of California, was found dead in his bed at San Francisco, due to accidental asphyxiation.

Rowley Shepardson, the Princeton, N. J., student who was accidentally shot while rowing on Raritan canal, died from the effects of his wounds. The remains will be removed to Richmond Va.

As the result of a snowslide at the Highland Mary mine, in Eagle river canyon, near Red Cliff, Col., Frank Larzelere and Ernest Kemp are dead. The two men were working a lease on this mine and were found with their feet sticking out of the snow near the entrance to the tunnel.

Crimes and Criminals.

Joseph Sims, a colored preacher of Los Angeles, while being conveyed to Folsom to serve seven years for burglary, jumped from the train at Newman and was seriously hurt.

John Patterson of Los Angeles has recovered possession of a six-year-old son who was kidnaped three years ago while the body of his wife was being lowered into a grave at Cincinnati, Ohio.

T. B. Youtz, late cashier of the Newport National bank, was summoned by telephone before Judge Barr at Cincinnati and arrested on a warrant charging him with misappropriating the bank's funds.

Foreign Gossip.

M. R. Lebaudy's chestnut horse Count Schomberg, five years old, won the Chester cup at the Chester, Eng., meeting.

The town of Windischmatrel in the Tyrol, a well known tourist resort, has been destroyed by fire. A woman was burned to death.

Charles C. Marsh, aide to Rear Admiral Sicard, and Miss Charlotte Evans, daughter of commodore Evans, were married at Fortress Monroe.

Earthquakes are shaking the islands of Guadeloupe and Montserrat of the West Indies. The cable a few days ago reported that a number of persons had been killed at Guadeloupe.

The obsequies of the late Duchess d'Alencon took place in the Church of St. Philips du Role, in the Rue du Fauburg St. Honore, Paris. Cardinal Richard, the archbishop of Paris, pronounced the absolution.

The Russian ambassador, Baron von Mohrenheim, has handed an autograph letter from the czar to President Faure expressing his majesty's warmest condolence with the families of the victims of the charity bazaar fire of May 4.

The queen regent has issued a decree authorizing the raising of $40,000,000 to be secured by the customs duties of Spain to meet the cost of military operations in Cuba and the Philippine islands. The Bank of Spain will undertake the issue.

Minister Marrett has informed the state department that the king of Siam has appointed the queen to act as regent during his absence, assisted by a council of regency, a step unprecedented under the present dynasty.

Two new telephone cables, each with two circuits, are to be laid across the English channel, making practically six lines for the London-Paris telephone service. They will raise to thirty-four the number of wires stretched across the channel from Dover to Beachy Head.

The Paris Galuois announces Comte Castellane has written a letter to Baron Mackau, informing him that the comptesse has decided, in memory of her mother, to devote a million francs for the purchase of a site and location of a building to be used for all kinds of charitable purposes.

Complaints from stockholders have led the Western Railroad of France to publish some curious facts about free passes given to the press. Passes were issued in 1896 which, if paid for, would have added to the receipts of the company 333,000 francs; to counterbalance this the newspapers printed free advertisements for the railroad, which would have cost it 1,634,000 francs.

The session of the British parliament suspended by the Easter recess has broken the record for the number of votes taken in the house of commons. In three months the house divided 137 times, 37 times after closure had been enforced. The number of votes taken last year during the same interval was only 85.

Since the Caillebotte collection of impressionist paintings has been accepted for the Luxembourg gallery, the fine arts section of the Institute of France has been deluging the minister of fine arts with protests. Though there are some Manets and Claude Monets among them, the greater part of the collection is said to be a set of daubs.

An anonymous donor has sent the sum of 37,500 pounds sterling to the committee of management of the charity bazaar in the Rue Jean Goujon, Paris, which was the scene of the recent tragedy from fire. This amount, with the proceeds of the first day's sales, 1,800 pounds sterling, equals the full receipts of the bazaar of 1896; and the committee is thus enabled to make distribution as before.

Otherwise.

The steel beam pool has collapsed.

John W. Echols of Georgia is made president of the A. P. A.

The prospect for an abundant crop of all kinds of fruit in Oregon is excellent.

The Traders' Bank of Lynchburg, Va., has been placed in the hands of trustees.

The Rockford, Ind., National bank has been authorized to begin business; capital, $50,000.

At Los Angeles the fund for unemployed now exceeds $22,000. Over $3,000 per week is paid out.

The Illinois State supreme court has handed down a decision declaring the indeterminate sentence law to be constitutional.

The Butte, Mont., reduction works, owned by W. O. Clark, have been almost entirely destroyed by fire. The damage was $10,000.

Manufacturers of wire nails, wire and rods are about to form a grand combination to control the market for all these products.

A severe shock of earthquake was felt at Reno, Nev., lasting several moments. The vibration was from north to south.

A flouring mill at Pendleton, Or., has orders on hand for ten thousand barrels of flour to be shipped to China and South America.

The Mississippi Valley Cottonwood association has decided to advance the price of all grades of cottonwood lumber $2 per 1,000 feet.

Col. H. C. Rector, commercial agent of the Cotton Belt railroad, died at his home in Memphis, Tenn., aged fifty-one.

The twelfth annual diocesan convention of the Protestant Episcopal church met at Pittsburg, Rev. Robert J. Coster presiding, Bishop Whitehead being absent in Europe.

The American Ticket Brokers' association is holding its nineteenth annual convention at Pittsburg. About two hundred of the five hundred members in the association are in attendance.

The Cincinnati chamber of commerce and other organizations have appointed a committee of ten, headed by Gen. Andrew Hickenlooper, to go to Buffalo to secure the location of the next national encampment of the G. A. R.

The Hope gold mine at Basin, Mont., owned principally by United States Senator Carter, closed down because the management could not pay back wages due the miners. An effort is being made to reorganize the property with the aid of Chicago capitalists.

Under the new Colorado game law the killing of elk, mountain sheep and bison is prohibited at any season of the year, while deer, antelope, etc., with horns, may be killed for food purposes only from the first of August till the first of November.

Richard Dawson, earl of Dartrey, is dead. He is succeeded in the title and the estate by his eldest son, Lord Cremorne, aged fifty-six. The family is one of the great ground landlords of the United Kingdom, owning thirty thousand acres.

According to a dispatch to the London Times from Melbourne, all four of the daily newspapers in Sydney have been fined $500 each for contempt of court, consisting in improper comment upon the trial of Frank Butler, the murderer, which is now pending.

A party of Kansas City investors have purchased ten thousand acres of land on Lower Horse creek, forty-five miles from Cheyenne, where they will establish a colony of Eastern farmers. Large reservoirs are to be constructed and the entire tract placed under irrigation and cut up into small farms.

Excellent authority states that Judge Morrow, now on the United States district bench in California, has been decided upon to succeed Attorney General McKenna as judge of the Ninth circuit court of appeals. It is understood that Judge Waymore will succeed Judge Morrow.

President Woodmansee has issued a call for a meeting of the executive committee of the National Republican league at the Auditorium hotel, Chicago, Thursday, May 27. Final arrangements will be made at this meeting for the Detroit convention July 13.

GETTING SEEDS TO EAT.

No Wonder This Fellow Made Repeated Calls.

Several days ago Congressman Watson sent several large sacks of flower and garden seeds home for distribution among his constituents. The papers announced this fact, and for three days past there was a constant stream of persons coming to the congressman's law office in Columbus. On the last day a man came up and asked for beans. He was given two packages. He demurred to this, and reached over into the sack and began to fill his pockets. When called down by the attendant the lover of beans said: "I haven't got enough for a mess yet. It takes more than a quart of beans to make a mess for my family."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Deep Diving to Recover Treasure.

The greatest diving feat that was ever attempted was that of the raising of treasure that sank with the steamer near Seal Rocks, New South Wales. News has been received here that every box of sovereigns that went to the bottom has been saved by the men who worked under the sea at a depth of twenty-seven fathoms. The names of the divers are Briggs and May. At times they were subject to a pressure of seventy to seventy-five pounds to the square inch, causing them great suffering.

The Catterthun was wrecked in August, 1895, while on the voyage from Sydney to Hong Kong. Fifty-four of her crew and passengers lost their lives, including brave Capt. Shannon. The vessel's cargo consisted of produce and 10,000 pounds in sovereigns. —San Francisco Examiner.

Old and New Methods.

"True Christianity," said the inquiring man, "consists in doing something for your neighbor, does it not?"

"That used to be the idea, I believe," said the secretary of the Society for the Prevention of Any Old Thing, "but we get better results and more fame nowadays by doing something to him."—Typographical Journal.

Too Close for Comfort.

"Is the concern that employs you a close corporation?"

"I should say. I have been trying to get a raise of salary for eight years."—New York Journal.

St. Petersburg, May 16. — A terrible railway disaster befell a military train between Rockenhof and Eliva, on the Valki Jurjev line. Sixteen cars were smashed. Two officers and nearly 100 soldiers were killed and sixey others were seriously injured.

Tasted Like Iowa Whisky.

Burlington, Iowa, May 16.—William Watt and Charles Felardach, brickyard employes, are near death's door from drinking embalming fluid. A farmer named Brach came to town for a coffin. He got drunk and on his way home he and the coffin and a jug containing embalming fluid were thrown from the wagon. The brickyard men rescued Brach and his coffin but secured the jug, which they supposed contained whisky.

Secretary Gage's Assistant.

Washington, May 16. — It has been officially announced that the nomination of Frank A. Vanderlip of Chicago as assistant secretary of the treasury to succeed Mr. Scott Wike would be sent to the senate when it reconvenes Monday. Mr. Vanderlip at present is serving as private secretary to the secretary of the treasury, and he was Mr. Gage's first appointment on assuming his office on March 4.

Trouble With Strikers.

Detroit, Mich., May 16.—A special to the Free Press from Detour, Mich., says: Pickands, Mather & Co.'s ore dock is guarded by union strikers. Sheriff McNaughton and six deputies are unable to get possession. The sheriff read the strikers an injunction issued by the circuit court forbidding interference with work, but the reading was only hissed by the strikers.

Bitterness of Exile.

London, May 16. — The Paris correspondent of the Times quotes the following telegram just published there from the Duc d'Orleans: "Never were the rigors of exile so cruel to me as here at the frontier of France, where I must renounce the privilege of accompanying the remains of my beloved uncle, Duc d'Aumale, to the tomb."

Picked Up a Stranger.

Anoka, Minn., May 16.—E. S. Rogers of Grow picked up a man who was wandering around, supposed to be insane. He was placed in the lock-up over night and sent away in the morning, no one being willing to make complaint.

Tom Mann, the English labor agitator who arrived in Paris Monday to address a labor meeting, has been given twenty-four hours by the police to quit France. He replied that he would obey the order.

OCCUPY DOMOKOS

CRUSHING DEFEAT ADMINISTERED TO THE GREEKS.

After Fierce Fighting Against Superior Numbers the Greeks Are Forced to Retreat—Great Excitement Prevails at Athens—The Greeks Put Up a Good Fight—Turks in Full Posession of Thessaly.

London, May 18.—The Daily Telegraph's special correspondent with the Turkish forces in Thessaly says: "Edhem Pasha has moved from point to point and finally occupied Domokos. The Greeks have sustained a crushing defeat."

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London, May 18.—A dispatch to the Times from Athens says that the following telegram has been received from Crown Prince Constantine: "Our right wing, under Col. Mastrapas, has been compelled to retire. It still holds Voussi, but may find it necessary to retire on Phourka pass. It was necessary to bring up all the reserves in order to repulse the furious attacks of the enemy. Our wounded have been sent to Lamia. The conduct of the army was praiseworthy."

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Athens, May 18.—The correspondent of the Associated Press at Domokos says: "The Turks have occupied Kitiki; the Greek troops are retreating toward the Orthrys range on the old frontier."

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Athens, May 18.—The most intense excitement prevails here. All the cabinet ministers have been assembled several hours at the ministry of marine, where the dispatches from the front are being received. The gravity of the situation cannot be over-estimated.

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London, May 18 — The latest news from the seat of hostilities, by way of Athens, shows that the battle yesterday ceased about 9 o'clock in the evening, but will prpobably be resumed in the morning. Thus far no account of the fighting has been received from the Turkish side. It is evident from the Greek account that the Greegs have suffered a serious defeat, and if the left wing has given way, as appears probable, Edhem Pasha may be able to cut off the Greek retreat and separate Gen. Smolenski at Sourpi from the main army. This is Edhem Pasha's reply to the foolish attempt of Col. Manos to snatch a victory in Epirus. If Greece had prevented Manos from playing this last card of a gambler Turkey might perhaps have ceased hostilities. As it is now, she is in full possession of Thessaly, and the powers will find the task of protecting Greece more difficult than ever. The dispatches from Athens represent the populace as astounded when the news of the fighting came. They had hoped to the last that the powers would prevent Turkey from going farther. One report represents the Greek government as threatening to take extreme and desperate steps unless Europe arrests the progress of the invasion.

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FOUGHT VALIANTLY.

Correspondent Praises the Conduct of the Greek Army.

London, May 18.—The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Athens sends the following official account of the fighting: "Over 50,000 Turks simultaneously and continuously attacked our whole line. Our artillery and infantry did splendid work. Twice all the regiments of the enemy wavered and fled, though their attack was soon renewed with fresh forces, which in turn we were able to hurl back. The stubborn resistance and splendid vigor of our troops finally compelled the enemy to give way altogether. All the attacks on our left were similarly repulsed. On our right we did not fare so well. The first attack of the enemy was repulsed, but they massed in immense forces for the next attack. Our first line wavered and was broken, and the wing would have been turned but for the timely arrival of the reserves. Still the enemy had gained ground which it was impossible to regain, and we, therefore, fell back on Bousi. The Turks had 50,000 troops, with 30,000 reserves. Our force was only 35,000. We have lost heavily, but the enemy must have lost thousands."

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Campaign Mapped Out.

London, May 18.—The correspondent of the Daily News with the Turkish forces in Tessaly writes: "The Turks showed me a number of Greek staff maps with all the positions they intended to occupy carefully marked and with the number of the various Greek regiments and their contemplated positions. They showed me also a printed map with the frontier moved about 100 kilometers north in anticipation of Greek victory."

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Turkish Demands Ridiculed.

London, May 18.—The conditions proposed by the porte at the terms of peace with Greece have been ferely discussed in the lobbies of parliament, and the idea of the retrocession of Thessaly and of such an indemnity as is already suggested is ridiculed as impracticable and absurd. At the outside an indemnity of $25,000,000 to $30,000,000 and a slight strategic rectification of frontier are considered as likely to be the terms finally settled upon.

Pouch Took His Own Life.

Milwaukee, May 18. — The body of William Pautz, or Pouch, as he was commonly known, who murdered Farmer Harris and wounded Makholdt, his hired man, and Miss Vesbach, a domestic at the Harris home, near Mukwanaga, a week ago, was taken from Hale's pond at Prospect hill. The body was easily identified although it was badly bloated. There was a bullet hole in the neck. Pouch evidently waded into the pond and shot himself.

A. P. A. Want's Vest Impeached.

Washington, Special.—The supreme council of the American Protective association has adopted resolutions indorsing the attitude of Senator Morgan of Alabama on the Cuban question and denouncing Senator Vest of Missouri for assertions that teachers in the Indian service are broken down preachers and teachers, to whom the Catholic priests were far superior. The resolutions, passed upon the reports of special committees appointed to consider the action of the executive board by whom the declarations were drafted, were adopted unanimously. The Vest resolution called on the senate to impeach Mr. Vest on the allegation that he is not truly American in his views.

Railways for China.

London, Special.—A dispatch to the Times from Pekin says: Shang Ta Jen, the Chinese director general of railways, has obtained a loan of 4,000,000 taels from a Belgian syndicate on the security of the railways already built in the empire with the additional sole right to build the railway from Pekin to Bankau guaranteed to Belgium. It is stipulated that the entire construction stuff and all the materials for this line shall be Belgian. England and Germany have protested against the stipulations as a breach of the most favored nation agreement.

At Nashville, Tenn., F. L. Cartwright, a gambler, shot and killed T. E. Boyle of Atlanta, Tex. Cartwright is in jail. It is claimed the shooting was done in self-defense.

Gen. McNulta, receiver of the whisky trust, sold the Enterprise distillery at Pekin, Ill., at auction for $10,000, the purchaser being the American Cattle Feeding association.

Fred Hoelman, alias Hartman, was hanged in the jail in Paxton, Ill., in the presence of about fifty witnesses for the killing of Mrs. Geddes.

AGAINST ENGLAND.

European Alliance to Settle the Transvaal Muss.

Berlin, May 19. — During the past week a definite understanding was perfected by which the cabinets of Germany, France and Russia will soon reach the solution of the Egyptian and Transvaal questions, and this will be done systematically in an anti-British sense.

As soon as the Greco-Turkish trouble is settled, the subject will be jointly taken up, unless Great Britain in the meanwhile precipitates matters, in which case she will encounter the united open hostility of the three continental powers. The ultimate object of the agreement is to force the evacuation of Egypt and the nullification of the Pretoria convention of 1886 and to put the Transvaal on a perfectly independent basis. France, in the settlement of the peace conditions with Greece, will side with Russia and Germany, in spite of public opinion to the contrary.

DISCRIMINATION CHARGED.

Senator Pettigrew Makes Complaint on Behalf of Sioux Falls.

Washington, May 19.—Senator Pettigrew has made complaint to the interstate commerce commission of discrimination against Sioux Falls, in that state, on the part of the railroads entering that city. He charged that the roads would not give the same rate to and from the Pacific coast that are given on the same classes of freight to and from Duluth and other points further east, notwithstanding the distance to Sioux Falls is many hundred miles less. Among the articles which he claimed were especially discriminated against were oat meal, packing house products, fruits and canned goods. The commission agreed to investigate the charges.

IN LOVE WITH MARION.

Scion of a Noble House in Germany Attempts Suicide.

Chicago, May 19. — One night last week a young man, with a bullet wound near his heart and weak from loss of blood, staggered into Mercy hospital and said he had tried to commit suicide. He soon lost consciousness, and during his ravings for the next twenty-four hours uttered but one word, "Marion." Absolutely nothing was found in his clothes to identify him, and a hundred or more "Marions" who have called, failed to recognize him. He has been identified, however, by R. M. Patterson of New York, as Ludwig von Thielman, a former lieutenant of hussars in the German army, and a third son of Baron von Thielman of Germany.

Postal Congress Completes Its Work

Washington, May 19. — The general committee of the postal congress is rapidly completing its work and it is expected to report to the congress on Wednesday or Thursday. The committee devoted to-day to the consideration of matters relating to parcels post. On Friday the delegates will go to Baltimore by rail, thence by boat to Fortress Monroe, returning home on Sunday. Gen. Batchelor, the president of the congress, has issued an order excluding all representatives of the press during sessions of the congress or of the committees.

Three Children Burned.

Milwaukee, May 19. — A special to the Wisconsin from Shawano, Wis., says: Martin Wicks and wife, who live near Gresham, this county, left their home to look after some stock that had strayed away. During their absence forest fires spread over the farm and destroyed their house. Three small children who had been left alone perished.

End of the Elks' Fight.

Cincinnati, May 19.—The Cincinnati lodge of the Penevolent Protective Order of Elks has received an order from the grand exalted ruler for the reinstatement of ex-Grand Secretary Allen of Myers to all the rights and privileges. This is the last of the factional fight in the order of Elks that started three years ago.

All Held for Trial.

Bismarck, N. D., May 19.—The hearing of the Spicer murderers has been finished and all five of the suspected ones are bound over for trial. The only witness in the examination was Holy Track. It is said there is much additional evidence tending toward the hanging of all five suspects. Trial will be in June.

Bondsmen Are Sued.

West Superior, Wis., May 19.—Summonses have been served i nmore suits against the bondsmen of the suspended Keystone National bank. Actions were brought a couple of weeks ago to recover the city's general deposit, and now suits are brought against the sureties on the sinking fund bond.

Anti-Scalpers Law Valid.

Helena, Mont., May 19.—In the supreme court Chief Justice Pemberton has decided a test case, declaring the anti-scalpers ticket law valid, holding it unlawful to sell scalpers' tickets. The case came up on a test case, the defendant being tried on information and fined $100.

Chapman in Jail.

Washington, May 19.—E. R. Chapman occupies a cell at the district jail and will continue therein for twenty-five days. Chapman surrendered himself to United States Marshal Wilson in accordance with an understanding previously reached.

Dumas Has Been Released.

Washington, May 19.—Consul General Lee has informed the state department that Jose F. Dumas, who was arrested in Cuba April 20 last, has been released by the Spanish authorities.

lAdrich Will Open the Debate.

Washington, May 19.—Senator Aldrich will not make his opening speech on the tariff Thursday, as at first announced, but when the bill is taken up on Monday will open the debate with the speech.

Cyclist Killed.

London, May 19. — H. B. Chamberlain of Denver, Colo., was killed while bicycling near Staines. Mr. Chamberlain was formerly president of the Chamberlain Investment Company of Denver.

BAD FIRE AT LEXINGTON.

The Court House Burned—Other Buildings Have a Close Call.

Lexington, Ky., Special.—Fire broke out in the court house here and in a few minutes the upper story and dome were all in flames. Hart's statue, "Woman Triumphant," bought by the Lexington women for $5,000, was in the rotunda. The court house was completely burned, and in an hour nothing remained but walls. Hart's beautiful masterpiece was destroyed in an attempt to remove it. Many of the loose records were carried out and others are in a steel vault in the basement. The court house was built ten years ago at a cost of $120,000. The fire started in the jury room, which was vacant. A high wind prevailed, and for a time the buildings to the northeast were in great danger. Bucket and garden hose brigades put out many incipient fires.

Three Negroes Lynched.

Rosebud, Texas, Special.—Three negroes were taken from the officers of the law and hanged. They had been confined in the jail here several days on a charge of attempted rape, their intended victim being a daughter of William Coates, white. One of them made a confession.

May Frost for Fourteen Years.

Huron, S. D., Special.—Reports from a dozen different points covering a radius of fifty miles from this city say little if any damage to vegetation and fruit will result from last night's frost. A killing frost has occurred in South Dakota in May for the past fourteen years, the average date being the 14th.

Aug. 20 the Date.

Fairmont, Minn., Special.—The date for the execution of Lew Kellihan, the Sherburn bank raider and murderer, is set for Aug. 20. There is no probability of intervention by the board of pardons or the supreme court.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

Condensed Proceedings of the National Law Mill.

Washington, May 13.—In the senate the senate investigation of 1894 was recalled by the introduction of a resolution by Mr. Allen of Nebraska reciting circumstances of the investigation, the refusal of E. R. Chapman to testify, his conviction in the courts as a contumacious witness, and the present efforts toward his pardon. The resolution proposes that Chapman be brought to the bar of the senate to purge himself of contumacy as a perquisite to pardon. Mr. Allen sought to secure immediate action on the resolution, but it went over on objections from Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire and Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts. The latter criticised the resolution as giving away the authority of the senate and said he would propose an amendment with a view to having Chapman punished unless he purged himself of contempt tion of referring the resolution to the committee and had not reached an agreement. The committee desired, however, that the resolution go over until to-morrow with a view of having a statement of facts laid before the cost $1,500,000, were passed. The senate then took up the calendar and passed bills as follows: For the relief of certain citizens of Montana claiming the benefits of the homestead laws; granting to Montana 50,000 acres of land in aid of an asylum for the blind; appropriating $174,000 to Charles F. Couteau for extra work on the Ironclod Etlah. The immigration and kinetoscope bills were reached but went over on objection. At 2 o'clock the senate held an executive session and at 2:45 adjourned.

Washington, May 14—After a long period of calm the senate was considerably agitated first by a discussion of the senate sugar investigation, and then by a preliminary skirmish on the tariff bill. The Allen resolution to bring Elverton R. Chapman before the bar of the senate was debated in somewhat monotonous style until Mr. Tillman of South Carolina gave interest to the subject by referring to reports that senators, within the last week, had speculated in sugar stock. As the representatives of 70,000,000 people, said Mr. Allen, in opening the discussion, we cannot afford to permit Mr. Chapman, the representative of a powerful organization which it has been charged exercises great influence over this body, to go unwhipped. The discussion assumed a legal and technical phase. Messrs. Faulkner of West Virginia, White of California and Spooner of Wisconsin, arguing on the law applying to Chapman. Mr. Chandler spoke briefly, saying that he could not believe a pardon would be granted Chapman. The senator stated that he considered it would be futile to undertake now to reopen the sugar investigation of four years ago. Mr. Tillman was then recognized for a speech which caused a distinct sensation on the floor and in the galleries.

"It seems to me," said Mr. Tillman, "that we are not after Chapman; the original investigation was not intended to punish Chapman, but to discover whether any senator on this floor had been guilty of using his official position to make money by speculating in stocks which were influenced by his action as a senator on the committee which reported the tariff bill. There are two correspondents who have, over their own signatures charged that senators have speculated within the last week and made money. Now, if you want to investigate, you have a new reason to investigate. If you intend to get at the true inwardness of the matter, to get at the truth and to punish those who are guilty, say so or else hush."

As Mr. Tillman closed there was no applause, but for a moment there was a stir in the galleries which promised something of a demonstration. The debate promptly proceeded, however, again breaking into legal measures, Messrs. Hoar, Chandler and Allen taking part. At the request of Mr. Allen Mr. Hoar changed a previous motion so as to have the resolution referred to the committee on judiciary instead of the committee on priviliges and elections. The motion as amended was agreed to. Mr. Gallinger introduced a resolution for the appropriation of $50,000 for the relief of suffering Americans in Cuba. The resolution went to the committee on foreign relations. At 2:20 the senate went into executive session. The open session was resumed at 3 o'clock and a tariff discussion was shortly afterward precipitated. It occurred when Mr. Aldrich of Rhode Island, of the finance committee, stated that he would modify the announcement previously given as to taking up the tariff bill on the 18th inst owing to unavoidable delay in preparing the comparative statement the bill would not be called at that time. He hoped, however, to call it up on Thursday at least for a preliminary statement. In any event the bill would be taken up on the following Monday.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, May 14—The Indian appropriation bill was disposed of by the house with the exception of the provision for opening the Utah gilson lands, which was postponed until Monday. The conference report which establishes an Indian warehouse at Omaha, ratifies the lease of the Seneca oil lands and adds one judge to the Indian Territory courts, was adopted by a vote of 54 to 47. Nearly two hours were consumed in a parliamentary squabble on the point raised by Mr. Wheeler of Alabama that the rule for semi-weekly sessions was in violation of the constitution. Mr. Simpson of Kansas endeavored to renew his attack upon the speaker for failing to appoint committees, and censured the Republicans for not mustering a quorum. He was declaring that there were more Democrats and Populists than Republicans present when the speaker sustained the point that he was out of order. The question whether Mr. Simpson should be permitted to proceed in order was put to the house and many Republicans voted no, while others refrained from voting, so Mr. Simpson, by a vote of 80 to 57, was given the floor. When Mr. Simpson proceeded, however, his statements caused the speaker to declare him out of order. Thereupon several Democrats protested against Mr. Simpson being taken from the floor. In explanation Mr. Reed said:

"The chair submits to the house that criticisms of what the chair did at some past time are not in order, not because the chair is above criticism or above attack, but because the speaker is the speaker of the house, and such attacks are not conducive to order. The speaker cannot reply to them except in a fragmentary manner and it is not desirable that reply be made. If any objection is to be made to the speaker's conduct it can be made at the time and direct."

Washington, May 18.—Cuba engaged the attention of the senate yesterday. The public interest in the subject was shown by the great crowds that besieged the galleries throughout the day. Two phases of the subject were presented. First came the question of relief to destitute and starving Americans in Cuba, and at 2 o'clock Mr. Morgan's resolution caused a spirited debate. The first question was presented in the president's message as soon a the session opened.

The message called attention to the destitution of Americans in Cuba and recommended an appropriation of $50,000 for their relief. Immediately following its reading Mr. Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, presented a favorable report on a joint resolution originally introduced by Mr. Gallinger appropriating $50,000 for relief of American citizens in Cuba. The resolution passed without division.

Promptly at 2 o'clock the Morgan Cuban resolution was taken up. Mr. Morgan stated that unless some senator desired to speak he would ask a yea and nay vote on the pending motion of Mr. Hale to refer the resolution to the committee on foreign affairs. The vote was about to be taken when Mr. Wellington of Maryland arose for his maiden speech, which proved to be a vigorous protest against the resolution and a plea for its reference to the committee on foreign relations.

Mr. Stewart argued for the resolution, saying it voiced the sentiment of the American people. Mr. Daniel of Virginia replied in a sarcastic vein to some of Mr. Wellington's remarks, and then read a carefully prepared manuscript involving the legal points in the recognition of belligerency. After concluding his legal argument Mr. Daniel branched to the general subject of Cuba and aroused the keenest attention by his vigorous words. At the close of Mr. Daniel's speech Mr. Mason of Illinois secured the floor and will speak when the resolution is taken up to-morrow at 2 o'cloke.

During the session bills were passed as follows: Appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Salt Lake, Utah; conferring jurisdiction on the court of claims in the case of book agents of the M. E. Church South against the United States; appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Abeline, Tex., and a like amount for Aberdeen, S. D.

The Allen resolution as to Broker Chapman was laid on the table after a report that it was learned that he had made no appeal for executive clemency.

Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota called up the resolution for the appointment of a committee of five senators to investigate the issue of patents for lands to the Pacific railroads and to the California & Oregon railroad. Mr. Morgan, a member of the Pacific railroad committee, said the regular committee would make the investigation as it had been reconstructed and was anxious to make the proposed investigation. His motion to that effect was carried and the resolution adopted.

A resolution of Mr. Butler of North Carolina was agreed to requesting the president for information as to the authority by which a sale of the Union Pacific railroad had been agreed upon by the executive and a combination of purchasers.

At 5 o'clock an executive session was held and at 5:30 the senate adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE.

The house confronted the Cuban question, made a party issue of it and adjourned without taking any action. President McKinley's message was received without demonstration, and on its heels Mr. Hitt asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a bill in response to the president's request. Mr. Bailey of Texas asked for consent to consider in connection with the bill an amendment embodying Senator Morgan's resolution for recognition of the Cubans as belligerents. Mr. Dingley would not consent to consider the amendment nor Mr. Bailey to consider the bill without the amendment, so, for the time, the question was sidetracked. Then the house devoted two hours to debate on the conference report on the feature of the Indian appropriation bill opening to settlement the gilsonite lands on the Uncompahgre Indian reservation in Utah refused to accept the compromise agreed on by the conferees, and asked for another conference with the senate on the bill. In the meantime the senate resolution, practically identical with Mr. Hitt's bill, had been sent to the house and Mr. Hitt asked for unanimous consent for its consideration. The deadlock between Mr. Dingley and Mr. Bailey was re-enacted, and while Mr. Bailey was endeavoring to get consent for the consideration of the two Cuban propositions together Mr. Dingley put in a motion to adjourn. The motion was carried by a vote of 90 to 69, 13 answering present. Under the rule for bi-weekly sessions recently adopted the adjournment carries the question over to Thursday.

Death Bed Marriage.

Windsor, Ont., May 19.—The case of William H. Jewell, the deceased insurance man of Detroit, who married Miss Florence McDonagh, a niece of Sir John Carling, on his deathbed last week, is causing much excitement here on account of the disparity of the ages of the contracting parties. Previous to their marriage Jewell had transferred his insurance policies to the young lady and his will has been made in her favor.

To Pave the Way for an Income Tax

Washington, May 19. — Representative Cochran of Missouri has introduced a resolution for submitting to the legislatures of the states an amendment to the constitution, which follows: "An income tax shall not be construed as a direct tax within the meaning of section 2 and section 9 of article 1 of the constitution, but the congress shall have power to lay and collect a tax on incomes derived from any source whatever without regard to apportionment or enumeration."

MAKES ANOTHER TRIP.

Prof. Barnard's Airship Meets Expectations.

Nashville, Tenn., May 16. — After much difficulty in getting off Prof. Barnard attempted another voyage with his airship. It soared aloft rapidly, and as Prof. Barnard vigorously worked the bicycle pedals of his steering and propelling attachment the airship turned around several times, but was drifting with the wind. It passed over the centennial grounds, floated rapidly across the city at a high altitude in a northeasterly direction and passed out of sight in the gathering twilight. The machine landed near Madison, about twelve miles east of this city. Prof. Barnard says of this trial trip: "I find that I can manipulate the machine right or left even in a light wind. This is certain. I can go directly against a wind of eight miles an hour with muscular power as at present arranged, but by cutting across obliquely I can make progress in the direction desired." Further trips with changes in apparatus will be made.

TRAIN HELD UP.

Masked Men Blow Up the Express Safes.

San Antonio, Tex., May 16. — The west-bound Southern Pacific passenger train was held up by masked men and robbed about 250 miles west of here. As the train pulled out of the little town of Lozier three men jumped on the platform and, pointing pistols at the engineer and fireman compelled the former to stop the train about one and a half miles west of the town. After forcing the doors of the express car in one of the robbers entered the car and dynamited the two safes of the Wells-Fargo company. Both the through and local safe were opened and the contents secured. The local safe contained about $2,000 of $3,000. The amount secured from the through safe is unknown, but it is believed it will not fall below $7,000 or $8,000.

PREJUDICED JUDGES.

President Spalding Objects to Nineteen of Them.

Chicago, May 16.—President Charles W. Spalding, of the failed Globe Savings bank, who is under arrest on several indictments for embezzlement, filed a petition in Judge Ball's court asking for a change of venue on the ground that nineteen of the circuit and superior court judges, who are ex-officio criminal court judges, were prejudiced against him. Judge Ball was named as one of the nineteen. This leaves only four judges before whom Spalding is willing to be tried.

COAL TRUST CALLED.

New York Attorney General Wants Certain Information.

Albany, N. Y., May 16.—Justice Chester has granted the application made by the attorney general of this state for summonses to issue against certain railway officials who are alleged to be concerned in an attempt to corner or control the sale of coal in this state. The persons summoned are required to appear before the referee, Walter E. Webb, on May 20, to answer as to their alleged connection with the reputed coal combine.

MALLORY IS THE MAN.

The Florida Legislature Springs a Decided Surprise.

Tallahassee, Fla., May 16.—Stephen R. Mallory was elected United States senator on the twenty-fifth ballot. The vote was: Mallory, 53; Chipley, 44; Call, 1. Chipley led after the roll call on this ballot, but the changing of votes gave the election to Mallory.

The annual earnings of miners in Silesia, Germany, are, after subtracting the insurance, only $174 to $260.

A clergyman who has returned from Formosa says that insurrection prevails all over the island. The Japanese have killed hundreds of people in cold blood.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

Interesting Happenings in the North Star State.

The residence of John Marshall, two miles north of Stewartville, was destroyed by fire Friday.

County Auditor Michael Hoffman of Dakota county received $103.31 from the state as wolf bounty refunded from June 16, 1896, to May 3, 1897.

Ernest Pankonin died suddenly at the home of Ferdinand Pankonin at Stillwater. Deceased was sixty-one years of age.

Dedication services were held at the United Norwegian Lutheran church at Clarkfield. Several prominent Lutheran ministers assisted.

While J. N. Johnson of Mabel was out shooting sparrows he accidentally shot himself through the foot, inflicting a painful wound.

The G. A. R. at Brainerd has begun to make arrangements for the state encampment, to be held there June 22, 23 and 24.

The Thirteen Towns' Fair association of Fosston have elected O. L. Larson president. The date for the fair will be fixed later.

The state prison board granted nine paroles and also made arrangements for the experiment of manufacturing twine out of wire grass.

Ed Stedeman, a barber from Bermidji, was arested at Fosston by Marshal Holt upon receipt of a telegram from Ortonville. He was wanted on the charge of seduction.

The Little Falls mills have already sawed about ten million feet this spring and the prospects are that the season's cut will be one of the largest ever made by the Pine Tree Lumber company.

The windmill and barn, together with eight head of horses, belonging to John Bjork, a farmer living a few miles north of Willmar, was entirely destroyed by fire late Monday night.

The Fosston fire department has reorganized under a new constitution and have elected G. I. Houghtaling chief. They will practice every Monday evening during the summer.

Devery & Donohue, hardware merchants of Faribault, had their place of business burglarized of revolvers, razors and knives to the value of about $100.

The Willmar hook and ladder company has elected George H. Otterness and Lewis Moline as delegates and Peter Andreen and S. Rasmussen as alternates to the State Firemen's association, to be held at Little Falls next June.

The Moorhead National bank has brought suit against Clay county to have its assessment reduced. It claims among other things that in 1896 the assessors of Moorhead city assessed it for stock which it did not own.

The following corps of teachers for Sandstone was hired for the ensuing year: Principal, J. H. Hay; assistants, Misses M. Smith, Woesner, Parish, H. Parish, Lena Erickson. The school also planted in the school grounds 140 elms, maples and box elders.

Attorney C. A. Pidgeon of Buffalo was appointed by the county commissioners to the office of county attorney, J. C. Tarbox, who was recently appointed judge of the new judicial district, having handed in his resignation as county attorney.

Considerable excitement has been caused in Brainerd in the last few days by a clairvoyant claiming that the body of a boy named St. Clair, who was missing two weeks ago Sunday, would be found in Boom lake with his throat cut. The boy has not been found yet, but the medium is making all kinds of money during the excitement.

The coroner was called to Tyler to hold an inquest on the body of Gust Christianson, a young man who died while chloroform was being administered by Dr. A. J. Cox, before performing an operation. The jury's verdict entirely exonerated the physician and assistant.

Toor Tangleson, seventy-seven years old, and one of the earliest settlers of Nobles county, hanged himself in a barn at Adrian. He had been missed but a few minutes, but was dead when cut down. He leaves an aged wife, three daughters and one son. There is no known cause for the rash act.

The coroner's inquest over the remains of Nora Bornmann, the thirteen-year-old girl who committed suicide at Duluth by jumping into the lake, was concluded this afternoon. The testimony showed that the girl's stepmother had treated her with extreme cruelty, and the jury found that the conduct of her parents drove the girl to suicide.

The police at St. Cloud have rounded up the gang of forgers that has been passing small checks in that section. Chief Wheeler has brought Mary Lindstrom from Minneapolis, where she was arrested for vagrancy, and she has confessed, implicating William Gordner, a reformatory convict out on parole, who is also in jail now. Another ex-convict, Martin Johnson, alias Lindstrum, is also implicated.

Charles W. Thompson has brought suit at Willmar against the Great Northern railway in the amount of $25,000 for damages sustained last fall while employed by them as brakeman. Thompson claims that he was about to board a box car to set the brakes when the step on the car gave way, causing him to fall under the wheels, which passed over one of his legs, which had to be amputated.

The three alleged forgers are now in jail at Little Falls. Fred Nelson of Randall, who forged the name of Mrs. Bergstrom to an American Express order, admits his guilt, but says he was drunk. George Lamphear, who is charged with forging an order for a bicycle, will be given a hearing Wednesday. C. W. Clark, who is charged with raising a school order, denied his guilt. He said Broker Trebby raised the order.

The boiler in the Bock saw mill, located five miles above Milaca, blew up and killed James Caulfield and seriously injured Frank Benoit and William Vinson. Caulfield was at work in the lumber yard, fifty yards away, from the boiler, when the accident occurred. The boiler had been condemned, and four engineers refused to run it, but finally one, Herman Prieduch of New Ulm, was induced to run it. George Bock, Jr., had charge of the mill at the time, and the coroner is investigating the case.

A Warren report says: For some time many of our farmers have been annoyed by the loss of small amounts of wheat, especially where they had left it over night on the field where they had been seeding. Hiram Dillabough, a farmer living near this city, missed some one night recently, and in the morning traced the buggy track to a dwelling in this city. Saturday warrants were sworn out and the sheriff and his deputy proceeded to the place, but the suspected party, after talking to them, gave the officers the slip and disappeared. The officers, after searching the place, found a quantity of wheat stored in the upper part of the barn.

WIN AGAINST SAGE.

Two Important Hastings & Dakota Cases Heard at Morris.

Morris, Minn., Special.—A decision has been made in what are known as the Russell Sage lands, in which the farmers living on the lands have won. The cases decided were in the nature of a test, and will doubtless b carried up. The especial cases decided are those of E. A. Waller and S. J. Larson as defendants, for 120 acres in one and for 40 in the other. Some fifty farmers living on these lands were in the city, called by the cases. They have been living on what is known as indemnity lands and have had undisputed possession for from seven to twenty-seven years. The lands were on the Hastings & Dakota land grant and the road lost its rights by passing into other hands, but seeks to recover by Russell Sage, and has attempted to oust the settlers. The cases will be bitterly contested, and one firm of attorneys has now fifty defenses on hand. It is alleged that the Sage claim is one of the most egregious frauds ever attempted, and the universal belief is here that the settlers will win.

A Reward for the May Day.

Detroit, Minn., Special.—A $100 reward has been offered for information that will lead to the arrest of C. K. Day, who escaped Monday last.

Teething at Eighty-Eight.

Henry Garret of this town, who will be eighty-eight years of age next May, has just recovered from an attack of the grip. Mr. Garrett is a hale old gentleman, in full possession of all his faculties. He takes an active interest in affairs, and his mind is as clear and his memory apparently as good as a man of fifty. But the remarkable thing about Mr. Garrett is that he is getting a new set of teeth. He lost his second set of teeth some years ago. Recently his gums became sore and swollen, and he consulted a dentist about it. The dentist informed him that he was getting a new set of teeth.—Punxsutawny Spirit.

A Brooklyn New Woman.

Mrs. Midwood (of Brooklyn)—Have you noticed what a new woman Mrs. Montauk is getting to be?

Mrs. Flatbush (of Brooklyn, interestedly)—No, but I always knew she was rather masculine, invariably preferring to do the marketing instead of allowing Mr. Montauk to do so.

Mrs. Midwood (impressively)—Well, would you believe it, she is nearly every nice day now actually wheeling their baby in its baby carriage, just like a man!—Brooklyn Eagle.

DRUNK FOR TWENTY YEARS.

A correspondent writes: "I was drunk on and off for over twenty years, drunk when I had money, sober when I had none. Many dear friends I lost, and numbers gave me good advice to no purpose; but, thank God, an angel hand came at last in the form of my poor wife, who administered your marvelous remedy, "Anti Jag," to me without my knowledge or consent. I am now saved and completely transformed from a worthless fellow to a sober and respected citizen."

If "Anti-Jag" cannot be had at your druggist, it will be mailed in plain wrapper with full directions how to give secretly, on receipt of One Dollar, by the Renova Chemical Co., 66 Broadway, New York, or they will gladly mail full particulars free.

American Warships at the Jubilee.

There is a possibility that the battleship Indiana will go to Europe to participate in the queen's jubilee celebration next month. The authorities decided some time ago to send the Brooklyn to attend the celebration, but as the navy department wishes to show England what the United States has in the way of battleships the Indiana may go also. Upon the conclusion of the celebration the Indiana will return to the United States, and the Brooklyn will, in all probability, succeed the Minneapolis as the flagship of the European station.—Washington Dispatch to New York Herald.

A Hint Too Late for Mary.

Whenever little Johnny, who is naughty sometimes, is afraid he is going to get a whipping, he hides under the bed. He has great confidence in this trick of his.

One day he went to visit his auntie, and in looking around came to the picture of Mary, Queen of Scots, being beheaded.

"Oh, what's this, auntie," he asked.

"That," said auntie, "is Mary, Queen of Scots, and they're going to chop her head off."

"Oh, why does she let them do that?" said Johnny. "Why doesn't she hide under the bed?"—Evening World.

It Was Time to Go.

He grew enthusiastic as he felt the touch of the joyful season.

"Signs of spring on every hand," he said. "All nature rejoices. There are the birds and the flowers and the grass and the trees—"

"And the shop windows," she interrupted in her suggestive, insinuating way.

But he was half way down the steps before she could say more. He knew something about other touches than the touch of spring.—Chicago Evening Post.

Not His Own.

Willie Wishington had just said something in the way of an effort to be amusing.

"What did you think of that?" he inquired, ingenuously.

"It was capital."

"Do you think so?"

"I am sure of it; borrowed capital."—Washington Star.

He Knows She Won't.

"They say, Grumpy, that the queen of England has sixty pianos and does not play any of them."

"I'm a little bit cramped this spring, but I'll buy my daughter fifty-nine more if she'll follow the queen's example."

Even So.

Jack—For one man to steal another's whisky is a low-down trick.

Mack—More of a load-up trick, I should say.—New York Journal.

One Corroborative Proof.

"Do you believe that kissing may spread disease?"

"I shouldn't wonder. It is in itself contagious."—New York Journal.

Engel considers that a child of ten years represents an outlay of $400; a youth of fifteen, $700.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

After every great financial stress there is a marked increase in the number of the insane.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Insanity in every country is more prevalent among unmarried than among married persons.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

The People of New York City.

It is said that more than 76 per cent of those who people New York City to-day were born of foreign mothers, while more than 40 per cent were themselves born on foreign soil. Peter Stuyvesant ruled in his day over 1,400 New Yorkers, who conversed in eighteen different tongues.

Among all races the weight of the male brain is 10 per cent heavier than that of the female.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

The oldest university is that of Paris, which is more than 1,100 years old. Oxford is almost as old.

The authorities of the Dominion of Canada have presented the Hawaiian government with 80,000 young salmon, to be placed in the rivers of the Hawaiian islands.

During the Franco-German war the Germans lost 263 men from smallpox; the French 23,449.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine.

Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Tender or Sore Feet, Chilblains, Piles, &c. C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

In Japan the price of a cycle varies in ratio to its speed. Thus, for a ten-mile bicycle you may pay £5, but for a fifteen-mile perhaps £12.

There are more deaths annually from hydrophobia in Sweden than in any other country.

Impure Blood

"I have found Hood's Sarsaparilla an excellent medicine. My little girl was afflicted with eczema for seven years and took many kinds of medicine without relief. After taking a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla she was cured." Mrs. Emma Franklin, Honeoye, New York. Get only Hood's because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

IT KILLS

Potato Bugs, Cabbage Worms, and all forms of insect life. Harmless to man or beast. Will not injure the most delicate plants.

Gray Mineral Ash

is fully warranted where directions are followed. Send for our little "Bug Book." It may save you lots of money.

National Mining and Milling Co., Baltimore, Md.

Carried in stock by all leading wholesale druggists.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Ingersoll & Wieland, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA

Some of our happiest moments are spent in air castles.

Vegetables never look as well as the picture on the seed boxes.

A cow in Louisville has swallowed a clock. This ought to be a striking illustration for Dr. Lyman Abbott.

The entire system of the Pennsylvania railroad now carries bicycles free. One by one they adopt the inevitable.

Young people, especially in the Missouri valley, are now sitting up nights watching for airships. At least that's their excuse.

The year has been a very sickly one, but as the colleges are turning out large spring reinforcements for the doctors, we shall now have more assistance in the fight against disease.

Ex-Senator Sawyer and C. P. Huntington, two millionaires, state that they know of two ways to get rich, one being to go to Africa and buy ivory and the other to go south and buy pine lands. They seem to be under the impression that everybody has sufficient means to do this, an error that many rich men make. You can't buy ivory in Africa on wind.

Some of the leading jewelers are showing among their novelties beautiful bottles of cut glass which are used for burning incense. These bottles have a crown of open work which partly shields a substance which smolders slowly, being fed by a wick from a delicately perfumed liquid with which the bottle is filled. The odor is delicately fragrant, and the bottle is a charming addition to a handsomely fitted up cozy corner.

It is no longer "good form" for the members of the Chicago woman's club to wear birds or their plumage on hats and bonnets. The club has practically declared a boycott against the fashion and entered on a campaign of education, whose effect will be felt first of all by the milliner. It has pledged its efforts to the creation of a settled public opinion adverse to the bird-wearing fashion, which is highly commendable. Women will certainly look just as sweet without the plumage of birds—if they will only think so.

Letters received in London from Bushire, on the Persian Gulf, show that the agricultural population of that district ascribed the lack of rain to the evil influence of certain landmarks erected on account of the Meteorological Survey of India. The survey pillars were destroyed before the troops reached the scene of disturbance. A heavy fall of rain followed, and the people were at once sure that their suspicions were correct, and that their work of destruction had propitiated the heavenly powers. Twenty of the ringleaders were bastinadoed by the governor, to show the people that the British authorities as well as higher powers must be taken into the account.

The collapse of a trust was signalized recently by a drop of more than thirty per cent in the quoted price of steel rails. The manufacturer who made the first cut, an owner of many blast-furnaces and rolling-mills, had just formed an alliance with the owner of numerous iron-mines. But the furnaces were in Pennsylvania, while the mines were in Minnesota. How, after the ore had been carried half-way across the continent, could the manufactured article be sold for less than the product of Pennsylvania mines, smelted and milled at home? Several factors enter into the explanation. In the first place, the ores mined in the "lake region"—Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin—are rich in iron, comparatively free from deleterious substances, such as phosphorus, and soft enough to be easily smelted.

The discretion of a judge in a naturalization case may wisely give the United States the benefit of the doubt as to the expediency of granting citizenship. A judge in a western state rejected twenty-one out of thirty-four applicants because they were ignorant of American institutions and principles, beside showing, in some instances, an inability to read, write or speak with a proper facility. These applicants for full citizenship were not able to stand the test of simple questions. Some of the answers were mere travesties on information. One said the highest officer of the state was "the czar," while another thought the chief official of the nation was "the White House." In former days, when an indiscriminate granting of the privileges of citizenship was regarded, in some communities at least, as a matter of course, it is possible that all of these applicants might have succeeded. Happily the country is now alert and protests against such folly.

Rev. Charles Starkweather, who was last week elected mayor of Superior, Wis., with all the papers and public speakers against him, says he was inspired from on high; that he invoked and received the assistance of heaven. It will be remembered that while Mr. Starkweather was mayor on a previous occasion he was impeached. This was a terrible blow to him. But had he never drank so deep in the dregs of adversity he might have died without knowing his power. It takes adversities to bring out the strength that is in a man. Starkweather is a wonder.

Burglars have plundered the home of a Chicago detective and tied his bulldog in a tub of water instead of stealing the sagacious animal. Neither human nor canine guards avail against the deep depravity of the burglar who receives his training in the wicked Windy.

It must have been a great disappointment to the scientists who recently discovered a palace of the Pharaohs, when they found the old wine in the cellar had petrified. Petrified wine is hardly as acceptable as plain hard cider.

J. P. Atkinson and Ada Byrd of Atlanta, Ga., believe in "going it" while they are young. J. P. is 16 and Ada is 14, but they eloped just the same, and, strange to say, found some one to marry them before their parents overtook them. They were finally captured and taken back to school, where they are expected to be real good children.

Northern Ohio has a cave that is said to knock the spots out of Kentucky's vast cavern. Ohio seldom, if ever, gets left.

The next important question for congress will be how to harness the Mississippi river. Unless something is done with that troublesome stream it will wash the lower portion of the country into the gulf of Mexico.

It is now positively asserted that Durant will take his flight from the California state prison June 11. And he won't go in an airship, either.

Poor Corbett! Beaten again! The synchronograph has a capacity of 6,000 words a minute.

THE NEWS RESUME

DIGEST OF THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Reports—The Notable Events at Home and Abroad That Have Attracted Attention.

The Nation's Capital.

The government board of inquiry appointed to investigate the nature of and responsibility for the obstruction on which the battleship Oregon settled while lying at the entrance of the Puget sound naval station, has begun its session at Port Orchard.

People Talked About.

Sam Hoggland, a well known horseman, died at Cony Island, aged eighty years.

Christian Moerlein, one of the pioneer brewers of Cincinnati, is dead, aged eighty-four.

Gen. Powell Clayton, the newly appointed minister to Mexico, has officially presented his credentials to President Diaz.

Judge John Lowell, the distinguished jurist, is dead at his home in Brookline, Mass. Judge Lowell was ill for some time and death had been expected for several days.

Con Baker of Columbus, Ohio, broke the world's record for one mile on an in-door track at the Coliseum at Atlanta, Ga., covering the distance in a trial heat in 2:04 1-5. The previous record was 2:06 1-5.

Accidental Happenings.

Fire destroyed the tannery of A. B. Patrick & Co., San Francisco. Loss, $500,000.

A dispatch from Phoenix, Ariz., states that within three weeks seven persons have been drowned while attempting to ford the Salt river near that place.

William Bramwell Carr, capitalist, mine and land owner, and at one time a political leader of California, was found dead in his bed at San Francisco, due to accidental asphyxiation.

Rowley Shepardson, the Princeton, N. J., student who was accidentally shot while rowing on Raritan canal, died from the effects of his wounds. The remains will be removed to Richmond Va.

As the result of a snowslide at the Highland Mary mine, in Eagle river canyon, near Red Cliff, Col., Frank Larzelere and Ernest Kemp are dead. The two men were working a lease on this mine and were found with their feet sticking out of the snow near the entrance to the tunnel.

Crimes and Criminals.

Joseph Sims, a colored preacher of Los Angeles, while being conveyed to Folsom to serve seven years for burglary, jumped from the train at Newman and was seriously hurt.

John Patterson of Los Angeles has recovered possession of a six-year-old son who was kidnaped three years ago while the body of his wife was being lowered into a grave at Cincinnati, Ohio.

T. B. Youtz, late cashier of the Newport National bank, was summoned by telephone before Judge Barr at Cincinnati and arrested on a warrant charging him with misappropriating the bank's funds.

Foreign Gossip.

M. R. Lebaudy's chestnut horse Count Schomberg, five years old, won the Chester cup at the Chester, Eng., meeting.

The town of Windischmatrel in the Tyrol, a well known tourist resort, has been destroyed by fire. A woman was burned to death.

Charles C. Marsh, aide to Rear Admiral Sicard, and Miss Charlotte Evans, daughter of commodore Evans, were married at Fortress Monroe.

Earthquakes are shaking the islands of Guadeloupe and Montserrat of the West Indies. The cable a few days ago reported that a number of persons had been killed at Guadeloupe.

The obsequies of the late Duchess d'Alencon took place in the Church of St. Philips du Role, in the Rue du Fauburg St. Honore, Paris. Cardinal Richard, the archbishop of Paris, pronounced the absolution.

The Russian ambassador, Baron von Mohrenheim, has handed an autograph letter from the czar to President Faure expressing his majesty's warmest condolence with the families of the victims of the charity bazaar fire of May 4.

The queen regent has issued a decree authorizing the raising of $40,000,000 to be secured by the customs duties of Spain to meet the cost of military operations in Cuba and the Philippine islands. The Bank of Spain will undertake the issue.

Minister Marrett has informed the state department that the king of Siam has appointed the queen to act as regent during his absence, assisted by a council of regency, a step unprecedented under the present dynasty.

Two new telephone cables, each with two circuits, are to be laid across the English channel, making practically six lines for the London-Paris telephone service. They will raise to thirty-four the number of wires stretched across the channel from Dover to Beachy Head.

The Paris Galuois announces Comte Castellane has written a letter to Baron Mackau, informing him that the comptesse has decided, in memory of her mother, to devote a million francs for the purchase of a site and location of a building to be used for all kinds of charitable purposes.

Complaints from stockholders have led the Western Railroad of France to publish some curious facts about free passes given to the press. Passes were issued in 1896 which, if paid for, would have added to the receipts of the company 333,000 francs; to counterbalance this the newspapers printed free advertisements for the railroad, which would have cost it 1,634,000 francs.

The session of the British parliament suspended by the Easter recess has broken the record for the number of votes taken in the house of commons. In three months the house divided 137 times, 37 times after closure had been enforced. The number of votes taken last year during the same interval was only 85.

Since the Caillebotte collection of impressionist paintings has been accepted for the Luxembourg gallery, the fine arts section of the Institute of France has been deluging the minister of fine arts with protests. Though there are some Manets and Claude Monets among them, the greater part of the collection is said to be a set of daubs.

An anonymous donor has sent the sum of 37,500 pounds sterling to the committee of management of the charity bazaar in the Rue Jean Goujon, Paris, which was the scene of the recent tragedy from fire. This amount, with the proceeds of the first day's sales, 1,800 pounds sterling, equals the full receipts of the bazaar of 1896; and the committee is thus enabled to make distribution as before.

Otherwise.

The steel beam pool has collapsed.

John W. Echols of Georgia is made president of the A. P. A.

The prospect for an abundant crop of all kinds of fruit in Oregon is excellent.

The Traders' Bank of Lynchburg, Va., has been placed in the hands of trustees.

The Rockford, Ind., National bank has been authorized to begin business; capital, $50,000.

At Los Angeles the fund for unemployed now exceeds $22,000. Over $3,000 per week is paid out.

The Illinois State supreme court has handed down a decision declaring the indeterminate sentence law to be constitutional.

The Butte, Mont., reduction works, owned by W. O. Clark, have been almost entirely destroyed by fire. The damage was $10,000.

Manufacturers of wire nails, wire and rods are about to form a grand combination to control the market for all these products.

A severe shock of earthquake was felt at Reno, Nev., lasting several moments. The vibration was from north to south.

A flouring mill at Pendleton, Or., has orders on hand for ten thousand barrels of flour to be shipped to China and South America.

The Mississippi Valley Cottonwood association has decided to advance the price of all grades of cottonwood lumber $2 per 1,000 feet.

Col. H. C. Rector, commercial agent of the Cotton Belt railroad, died at his home in Memphis, Tenn., aged fifty-one.

The twelfth annual diocesan convention of the Protestant Episcopal church met at Pittsburg, Rev. Robert J. Coster presiding, Bishop Whitehead being absent in Europe.

The American Ticket Brokers' association is holding its nineteenth annual convention at Pittsburg. About two hundred of the five hundred members in the association are in attendance.

The Cincinnati chamber of commerce and other organizations have appointed a committee of ten, headed by Gen. Andrew Hickenlooper, to go to Buffalo to secure the location of the next national encampment of the G. A. R.

The Hope gold mine at Basin, Mont., owned principally by United States Senator Carter, closed down because the management could not pay back wages due the miners. An effort is being made to reorganize the property with the aid of Chicago capitalists.

Under the new Colorado game law the killing of elk, mountain sheep and bison is prohibited at any season of the year, while deer, antelope, etc., with horns, may be killed for food purposes only from the first of August till the first of November.

Richard Dawson, earl of Dartrey, is dead. He is succeeded in the title and the estate by his eldest son, Lord Cremorne, aged fifty-six. The family is one of the great ground landlords of the United Kingdom, owning thirty thousand acres.

According to a dispatch to the London Times from Melbourne, all four of the daily newspapers in Sydney have been fined $500 each for contempt of court, consisting in improper comment upon the trial of Frank Butler, the murderer, which is now pending.

A party of Kansas City investors have purchased ten thousand acres of land on Lower Horse creek, forty-five miles from Cheyenne, where they will establish a colony of Eastern farmers. Large reservoirs are to be constructed and the entire tract placed under irrigation and cut up into small farms.

Excellent authority states that Judge Morrow, now on the United States district bench in California, has been decided upon to succeed Attorney General McKenna as judge of the Ninth circuit court of appeals. It is understood that Judge Waymore will succeed Judge Morrow.

President Woodmansee has issued a call for a meeting of the executive committee of the National Republican league at the Auditorium hotel, Chicago, Thursday, May 27. Final arrangements will be made at this meeting for the Detroit convention July 13.

GETTING SEEDS TO EAT.

No Wonder This Fellow Made Repeated Calls.

Several days ago Congressman Watson sent several large sacks of flower and garden seeds home for distribution among his constituents. The papers announced this fact, and for three days past there was a constant stream of persons coming to the congressman's law office in Columbus. On the last day a man came up and asked for beans. He was given two packages. He demurred to this, and reached over into the sack and began to fill his pockets. When called down by the attendant the lover of beans said: "I haven't got enough for a mess yet. It takes more than a quart of beans to make a mess for my family."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Deep Diving to Recover Treasure.

The greatest diving feat that was ever attempted was that of the raising of treasure that sank with the steamer near Seal Rocks, New South Wales. News has been received here that every box of sovereigns that went to the bottom has been saved by the men who worked under the sea at a depth of twenty-seven fathoms. The names of the divers are Briggs and May. At times they were subject to a pressure of seventy to seventy-five pounds to the square inch, causing them great suffering.

The Catterthun was wrecked in August, 1895, while on the voyage from Sydney to Hong Kong. Fifty-four of her crew and passengers lost their lives, including brave Capt. Shannon. The vessel's cargo consisted of produce and 10,000 pounds in sovereigns. —San Francisco Examiner.

Old and New Methods.

"True Christianity," said the inquiring man, "consists in doing something for your neighbor, does it not?"

"That used to be the idea, I believe," said the secretary of the Society for the Prevention of Any Old Thing, "but we get better results and more fame nowadays by doing something to him."—Typographical Journal.

Too Close for Comfort.

"Is the concern that employs you a close corporation?"

"I should say. I have been trying to get a raise of salary for eight years."—New York Journal.

St. Petersburg, May 16. — A terrible railway disaster befell a military train between Rockenhof and Eliva, on the Valki Jurjev line. Sixteen cars were smashed. Two officers and nearly 100 soldiers were killed and sixey others were seriously injured.

Tasted Like Iowa Whisky.

Burlington, Iowa, May 16.—William Watt and Charles Felardach, brickyard employes, are near death's door from drinking embalming fluid. A farmer named Brach came to town for a coffin. He got drunk and on his way home he and the coffin and a jug containing embalming fluid were thrown from the wagon. The brickyard men rescued Brach and his coffin but secured the jug, which they supposed contained whisky.

Secretary Gage's Assistant.

Washington, May 16. — It has been officially announced that the nomination of Frank A. Vanderlip of Chicago as assistant secretary of the treasury to succeed Mr. Scott Wike would be sent to the senate when it reconvenes Monday. Mr. Vanderlip at present is serving as private secretary to the secretary of the treasury, and he was Mr. Gage's first appointment on assuming his office on March 4.

Trouble With Strikers.

Detroit, Mich., May 16.—A special to the Free Press from Detour, Mich., says: Pickands, Mather & Co.'s ore dock is guarded by union strikers. Sheriff McNaughton and six deputies are unable to get possession. The sheriff read the strikers an injunction issued by the circuit court forbidding interference with work, but the reading was only hissed by the strikers.

Bitterness of Exile.

London, May 16. — The Paris correspondent of the Times quotes the following telegram just published there from the Duc d'Orleans: "Never were the rigors of exile so cruel to me as here at the frontier of France, where I must renounce the privilege of accompanying the remains of my beloved uncle, Duc d'Aumale, to the tomb."

Picked Up a Stranger.

Anoka, Minn., May 16.—E. S. Rogers of Grow picked up a man who was wandering around, supposed to be insane. He was placed in the lock-up over night and sent away in the morning, no one being willing to make complaint.

Tom Mann, the English labor agitator who arrived in Paris Monday to address a labor meeting, has been given twenty-four hours by the police to quit France. He replied that he would obey the order.

OCCUPY DOMOKOS

CRUSHING DEFEAT ADMINISTERED TO THE GREEKS.

After Fierce Fighting Against Superior Numbers the Greeks Are Forced to Retreat—Great Excitement Prevails at Athens—The Greeks Put Up a Good Fight—Turks in Full Posession of Thessaly.

London, May 18.—The Daily Telegraph's special correspondent with the Turkish forces in Thessaly says: "Edhem Pasha has moved from point to point and finally occupied Domokos. The Greeks have sustained a crushing defeat."

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London, May 18.—A dispatch to the Times from Athens says that the following telegram has been received from Crown Prince Constantine: "Our right wing, under Col. Mastrapas, has been compelled to retire. It still holds Voussi, but may find it necessary to retire on Phourka pass. It was necessary to bring up all the reserves in order to repulse the furious attacks of the enemy. Our wounded have been sent to Lamia. The conduct of the army was praiseworthy."

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Athens, May 18.—The correspondent of the Associated Press at Domokos says: "The Turks have occupied Kitiki; the Greek troops are retreating toward the Orthrys range on the old frontier."

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Athens, May 18.—The most intense excitement prevails here. All the cabinet ministers have been assembled several hours at the ministry of marine, where the dispatches from the front are being received. The gravity of the situation cannot be over-estimated.

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London, May 18. — The latest news from the seat of hostilities, by way of Athens, shows that the battle yesterday ceased about 9 o'clock in the evening, but will prpobably be resumed in the morning. Thus far no account of the fighting has been received from the Turkish side. It is evident from the Greek account that the Greegs have suffered a serious defeat, and if the left wing has given way, as appears probable, Edhem Pasha may be able to cut off the Greek retreat and separate Gen. Smolenski at Sourpi from the main army. This is Edhem Pasha's reply to the foolish attempt of Col. Manos to snatch a victory in Epirus. If Greece had prevented Manos from playing this last card of a gambler Turkey might perhaps have ceased hostilities. As it is now, she is in full possession of Thessaly, and the powers will find the task of protecting Greece more difficult than ever. The dispatches from Athens represent the populace as astounded when the news of the fighting came. They had hoped to the last that the powers would prevent Turkey from going farther. One report represents the Greek government as threatening to take extreme and desperate steps unless Europe arrests the progress of the invasion.

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FOUGHT VALIANTLY.

Correspondent Praises the Conduct of the Greek Army.

London, May 18.—The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Athens sends the following official account of the fighting: "Over 50,000 Turks simultaneously and continuously attacked our whole line. Our artillery and infantry did splendid work. Twice all the regiments of the enemy wavered and fled, though their attack was soon renewed with fresh forces, which in turn we were able to hurl back. The stubborn resistance and splendid vigor of our troops finally compelled the enemy to give way altogether. All the attacks on our left were similarly repulsed. On our right we did not fare so well. The first attack of the enemy was repulsed, but they massed in immense forces for the next attack. Our first line wavered and was broken, and the wing would have been turned but for the timely arrival of the reserves. Still the enemy had gained ground which it was impossible to regain, and we, therefore, fell back on Bousi. The Turks had 50,000 troops, with 30,000 reserves. Our force was only 35,000. We have lost heavily, but the enemy must have lost thousands."

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Campaign Mapped Out.

London, May 18.—The correspondent of the Daily News with the Turkish forces in Tessaly writes: "The Turks showed me a number of Greek staff maps with all the positions they intended to occupy carefully marked and with the number of the various Greek regiments and their contemplated positions. They showed me also a printed map with the frontier moved about 100 kilometers north in anticipation of Greek victory."

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Turkish Demands Ridiculed.

London, May 18.—The conditions proposed by the porte at the terms of peace with Greece have been ferely discussed in the lobbies of parliament, and the idea of the retrocession of Thessaly and of such an indemnity as is already suggested is ridiculed as impracticable and absurd. At the outside an indemnity of $25,000,000 to $30,000,000 and a slight strategic rectification of frontier are considered as likely to be the terms finally settled upon.

Pouch Took His Own Life.

Milwaukee, May 18. — The body of William Pautz, or Pouch, as he was commonly known, who murdered Farmer Harris and wounded Makholdt, his hired man, and Miss Vesbach, a domestic at the Harris home, near Mukwanaga, a week ago, was taken from Hale's pond at Prospect hill. The body was easily identified although it was badly bloated. There was a bullet hole in the neck. Pouch evidently waded into the pond and shot himself.

A. P. A. Want's Vest Impeached.

Washington, Special.—The supreme council of the American Protective association has adopted resolutions indorsing the attitude of Senator Morgan of Alabama on the Cuban question and denouncing Senator Vest of Missouri for assertions that teachers in the Indian service are broken down preachers and teachers, to whom the Catholic priests were far superior. The resolutions, passed upon the reports of special committees appointed to consider the action of the executive board by whom the declarations were drafted, were adopted unanimously. The Vest resolution called on the senate to impeach Mr. Vest on the allegation that he is not truly American in his views.

Railways for China.

London, Special.—A dispatch to the Times from Pekin says: Shang Ta Jen, the Chinese director general of railways, has obtained a loan of 4,000,000 taels from a Belgian syndicate on the security of the railways already built in the empire with the additional sole right to build the railway from Pekin to Bankau guaranteed to Belgium. It is stipulated that the entire construction stuff and all the materials for this line shall be Belgian. England and Germany have protested against the stipulations as a breach of the most favored nation agreement.

At Nashville, Tenn., F. L. Cartwright, a gambler, shot and killed T. E. Boyle of Atlanta, Tex. Cartwright is in jail. It is claimed the shooting was done in self-defense.

Gen. McNulta, receiver of the whisky trust, sold the Enterprise distillery at Pekin, Ill., at auction for $10,000, the purchaser being the American Cattle Feeding association.

Fred Hoelman, alias Hartman, was hanged in the jail in Paxton, Ill., in the presence of about fifty witnesses for the killing of Mrs. Geddes.

AGAINST ENGLAND.

European Alliance to Settle the Transvaal Muss.

Berlin, May 19. — During the past week a definite understanding was perfected by which the cabinets of Germany, France and Russia will soon reach the solution of the Egyptian and Transvaal questions, and this will be done systematically in an anti-British sense.

As soon as the Greco-Turkish trouble is settled, the subject will be jointly taken up, unless Great Britain in the meanwhile precipitates matters, in which case she will encounter the united open hostility of the three continental powers. The ultimate object of the agreement is to force the evacuation of Egypt and the nullification of the Pretoria convention of 1886 and to put the Transvaal on a perfectly independent basis. France, in the settlement of the peace conditions with Greece, will side with Russia and Germany, in spite of public opinion to the contrary.

DISCRIMINATION CHARGED.

Senator Pettigrew Makes Complaint on Behalf of Sioux Falls.

Washington, May 19.—Senator Pettigrew has made complaint to the interstate commerce commission of discrimination against Sioux Falls, in that state, on the part of the railroads entering that city. He charged that the roads would not give the same rate to and from the Pacific coast that are given on the same classes of freight to and from Duluth and other points further east, notwithstanding the distance to Sioux Falls is many hundred miles less. Among the articles which he claimed were especially discriminated against were oat meal, packing house products, fruits and canned goods. The commission agreed to investigate the charges.

IN LOVE WITH MARION.

Scion of a Noble House in Germany Attempts Suicide.

Chicago, May 19. — One night last week a young man, with a bullet wound near his heart and weak from loss of blood, staggered into Mercy hospital and said he had tried to commit suicide. He soon lost consciousness, and during his ravings for the next twenty-four hours uttered but one word, "Marion." Absolutely nothing was found in his clothes to identify him, and a hundred or more "Marions" who have called, failed to recognize him. He has been identified, however, by R. M. Patterson of New York, as Ludwig von Thielman, a former lieutenant of hussars in the German army, and a third son of Baron von Thielman of Germany.

Postal Congress Completes Its Work

Washington, May 19. — The general committee of the postal congress is rapidly completing its work and it is expected to report to the congress on Wednesday or Thursday. The committee devoted to-day to the consideration of matters relating to parcels post. On Friday the delegates will go to Baltimore by rail, thence by boat to Fortress Monroe, returning home on Sunday. Gen. Batchelor, the president of the congress, has issued an order excluding all representatives of the press during sessions of the congress or of the committees.

Three Children Burned.

Milwaukee, May 19. — A special to the Wisconsin from Shawano, Wis., says: Martin Wicks and wife, who live near Gresham, this county, left their home to look after some stock that had strayed away. During their absence forest fires spread over the farm and destroyed their house. Three small children who had been left alone perished.

End of the Elks' Fight.

Cincinnati, May 19.—The Cincinnati lodge of the Penevolent Protective Order of Elks has received an order from the grand exalted ruler for the reinstatement of ex-Grand Secretary Allen of Myers to all the rights and privileges. This is the last of the factional fight in the order of Elks that started three years ago.

All Held for Trial.

Bismarck, N. D., May 19.—The hearing of the Spicer murderers has been finished and all five of the suspected ones are bound over for trial. The only witness in the examination was Holy Track. It is said there is much additional evidence tending toward the hanging of all five suspects. Trial will be in June.

Bondsmen Are Sued.

West Superior, Wis., May 19.—Summonses have been served i nmore suits against the bondsmen of the suspended Keystone National bank. Actions were brought a couple of weeks ago to recover the city's general deposit, and now suits are brought against the sureties on the sinking fund bond.

Anti-Scalpers Law Valid.

Helena, Mont., May 19.—In the supreme court Chief Justice Pemberton has decided a test case, declaring the anti-scalpers ticket law valid, holding it unlawful to sell scalpers' tickets. The case came up on a test case, the defendant being tried on information and fined $100.

Chapman in Jail.

Washington, May 19.—E. R. Chapman occupies a cell at the district jail and will continue therein for twenty-five days. Chapman surrendered himself to United States Marshal Wilson in accordance with an understanding previously reached.

Dumas Has Been Released.

Washington, May 19.—Consul General Lee has informed the state department that Jose F. Dumas, who was arrested in Cuba April 20 last, has been released by the Spanish authorities.

1Adrich Will Open the Debate.

Washington, May 19.—Senator Aldrich will not make his opening speech on the tariff Thursday, as at first announced, but when the bill is taken up on Monday will open the debate with the speech.

Cyclist Killed.

London, May 19. — H. B. Chamberlain of Denver, Colo., was killed while bicycling near Staines. Mr. Chamberlain was formerly president of the Chamberlain Investment Company of Denver.

BAD FIRE AT LEXINGTON.

The Court House Burned—Other Buildings Have a Close Call.

Lexington, Ky., Special.—Fire broke out in the court house here and in a few minutes the upper story and dome were all in flames. Hart's statue, "Woman Triumphant," bought by the Lexington women for $5,000, was in the rotunda. The court house was completely burned, and in an hour nothing remained but walls. Hart's beautiful masterpiece was destroyed in an attempt to remove it. Many of the loose records were carried out and others are in a steel vault in the basement. The court house was built ten years ago at a cost of $120,000. The fire started in the jury room, which was vacant. A high wind prevailed, and for a time the buildings to the northeast were in great danger. Bucket and garden hose brigades put out many incipient fires.

Three Negroes Lynched.

Rosebud, Texas, Special.—Three negroes were taken from the officers of the law and hanged. They had been confined in the jail here several days on a charge of attempted rape, their intended victim being a daughter of William Coates, white. One of them made a confession.

May Frost for Fourteen Years.

Huron, S. D., Special.—Reports from a dozen different points covering a radius of fifty miles from this city say little if any damage to vegetation and fruit will result from last night's frost. A killing frost has occurred in South Dakota in May for the past fourteen years, the average date being the 14th.

Aug. 20 the Date.

Fairmont, Minn., Special.—The date for the execution of Lew Kellihan, the Sherburn bank raider and murderer, is set for Aug. 20. There is no probability of intervention by the board of pardons or the supreme court.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

Condensed Proceedings of the National Law Mill.

Washington, May 13.—In the senate the senate investigation of 1894 was recalled by the introduction of a resolution by Mr. Allen of Nebraska reciting circumstances of the investigation, the refusal of E. R. Chapman to testify, his conviction in the courts as a contumacious witness, and the present efforts toward his pardon. The resolution proposes that Chapman be brought to the bar of the senate to purge himself of contumacy as a perquisite to pardon. Mr. Allen sought to secure immediate action on the resolution, but it went over on objections from Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire and Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts. The latter criticised the resolution as giving away the authority of the senate and said he would propose an amendment with a view to having Chapman punished unless he purged himself of contempt tion of referring the resolution to the committee and had not reached an agreement. The committee desired, however, that the resolution go over until to-morrow with a view of having a statement of facts laid before the cost $1,500,000, were passed. The senate then took up the calendar and passed bills as follows: For the relief of certain citizens of Montana claiming the benefits of the homestead laws; granting to Montana 50,000 acres of land in aid of an asylum for the blind; appropriating $174,000 to Charles F. Couteau for extra work on the ironclod Etlah. The immigration and kinetoscope bills were reached but went over on objection. At 2 o'clock the senate held an executive session and at 2:45 adjourned.

Washington, May 14.—After a long period of calm the senate was considerably agitated first by a discussion of the senate sugar investigation, and then by a preliminary skirmish on the tariff bill. The Allen resolution to bring Elverton R. Chapman before the bar of the senate was debated in somewhat monotonous style until Mr. Tillman of South Carolina gave interest to the subject by referring to reports that senators, within the last week, had speculated in sugar stock. As the representatives of 70,000,000 people, said Mr. Allen, in opening the discussion, we cannot afford to permit Mr. Chapman, the representative of a powerful organization which it has been charged exercises great influence over this body, to go unwhipped. The discussion assumed a legal and technical phase. Messrs. Faulkner of West Virginia, White of California and Spooner of Wisconsin, arguing on the law applying to Chapman. Mr. Chandler spoke briefly, saying that he could not believe a pardon would be granted Chapman. The senator stated that he considered it would be futile to undertake now to reopen the sugar investigation of four years ago. Mr. Tillman was then recognized for a speech which caused a distinct sensation on the floor and in the galleries.

"It seems to me," said Mr. Tillman, "that we are not after Chapman; the original investigation was not intended to punish Chapman, but to discover whether any senator on this floor had been guilty of using his official position to make money by speculating in stocks which were influenced by his action as a senator on the committee which reported the tariff bill. There are two correspondents who have, over their own signatures charged that senators have speculated within the last week and made money. Now, if you want to investigate, you have a new reason to investigate. If you intend to get at the true inwardness of the matter, to get at the truth and to punish those who are guilty, say so or else hush."

As Mr. Tillman closed there was no applause, but for a moment there was a stir in the galleries which promised something of a demonstration. The debate promptly proceeded, however, again breaking into legal measures, Messrs. Hoar, Chandler and Allen taking part. At the request of Mr. Allen Mr. Hoar changed a previous motion so as to have the resolution referred to the committee on judiciary instead of the committee on priviliges and elections. The motion as amended was agreed to. Mr. Gallinger introduced a resolution for the appropriation of $50,000 for the relief of suffering Americans in Cuba. The resolution went to the committee on foreign relations. At 2:20 the senate went into executive session. The open session was resumed at 3 o'clock and a tariff discussion was shortly afterward precipitated. It occurred when Mr. Aldrich of Rhode Island, of the finance committee, stated that he would modify the announcement previously given as to taking up the tariff bill on the 18th inst owing to unavoidable delay in preparing the comparative statement the bill would not be called at that time. He hoped, however, to call it up on Thursday at least for a preliminary statement. In any event the bill would be taken up on the following Monday.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, May 14—The Indian appropriation bill was disposed of by the house with the exception of the provision for opening the Utah gilson lands, which was postponed until Monday. The conference report which establishes an Indian warehouse at Omaha, ratifies the lease of the Seneca oil lands and adds one judge to the Indian Territory courts, was adopted by a vote of 54 to 47. Nearly two hours were consumed in a parliamentary squabble on the point raised by Mr. Wheeler of Alabama that the rule for semi-weekly sessions was in violation of the constitution. Mr. Simpson of Kansas endeavored to renew his attack upon the speaker for failing to appoint committees, and censured the Republicans for not mustering a quorum. He was declaring that there were more Democrats and Populists than Republicans present when the speaker sustained the point that he was out of order. The question whether Mr. Simpson should be permitted to proceed in order was put to the house and many Republicans voted no, while others refrained from voting, so Mr. Simpson, by a vote of 80 to 57, was given the floor. When Mr. Simpson proceeded, however, his statements caused the speaker to declare him out of order. Thereupon several Democrats protested against Mr. Simpson being taken from the floor. In explanation Mr. Reed said:

"The chair submits to the house that criticisms of what the chair did at some past time are not in order, not because the chair is above criticism or above attack, but because the speaker is the speaker of the house, and such attacks are not conducive to order. The speaker cannot reply to them except in a fragmentary manner and it is not desirable that reply be made. If any objection is to be made to the speaker's conduct it can be made at the time and direct."

Washington, May 18.—Cuba engaged the attention of the senate yesterday. The public interest in the subject was shown by the great crowds that besieged the galleries throughout the day. Two phases of the subject were presented. First came the question of relief to destitute and starving Americans in Cuba, and at 2 o'clock Mr. Morgan's resolution caused a spirited debate. The first question was presented in the president's message as soon a the session opened.

The message called attention to the destitution of Americans in Cuba and recommended an appropriation of $50,000 for their relief. Immediately following its reading Mr. Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, presented a favorable report on a joint resolution originally introduced by Mr. Gallinger appropriating $50,000 for relief of American citizens in Cuba. The resolution passed without division.

Promptly at 2 o'clock the Morgan Cuban resolution was taken up. Mr. Morgan stated that unless some senator desired to speak he would ask a yea and nay vote on the pending motion of Mr. Hale to refer th eresolution to the committee on foreign affairs. The vote was about to be taken when Mr. Wellington of Maryland arose for his maiden speech, which proved to be a vigorous protest against the resolution and a plea for its reference to the committee on foreign relations.

Mr. Stewart argued for the resolution, saying it voiced the sentiment of the American people. Mr. Daniel of Virginia replied in a sarcastic vein to some of Mr. Wellington's remarks, and then read a carefully prepared manuscript involving the legal points in the recognition of belligerency. After concluding his legal argument Mr. Daniel branched to the general subject of Cuba and aroused the keenest attention by his vigorous words. At the close of Mr. Daniel's speech Mr. Mason of Illinois secured the floor and will speak when the resolution is taken up to-morrow at 2 o'cloke.

During the session bills were passed as follows: Appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Salt Lake, Utah; conferring jurisdiction on the court of claims in the case of book agents of the M. E. Church South against the United States; appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Abeline, Tex., and a like amount for Aberdeen, S. D.

The Allen resolution as to Broker Chapman was laid on the table after a report that it was learned that he had made no appeal for executive clemency.

Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota called up the resolution for the appointment of a committee of five senators to investigate the issue of patents for lands to the Pacific railroads and to the California & Oregon railroad. Mr. Morgan, a member of the Pacific railroad committee, said the regular committee would make the investigation as it had been reconstructed and was anxious to make the proposed investigation. His motion to that effect was carried and the resolution adopted.

A resolution of Mr. Butler of North Carolina was agreed to requesting the president for information as to the authority by which a sale of the Union Pacific railroad had been agreed upon by the executive and a combination of purchasers.

At 5 o'clock an executive session was held and at 5:30 the senate adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE.

The house confronted the Cuban question, made a party issue of it and adjourned without taking any action. President McKinley's message was received without demonstration, and on its heels Mr. Hitt asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a bill in response to the president's request. Mr. Bailey of Texas asked for consent to consider in connection with the bill an amendment embodying Senator Morgan's resolution for recognition of the Cubans as belligerents. Mr. Dingley would not consent to consider the amendment nor Mr. Bailey to consider the bill without the amendment, so, for the time, the question was sidetracked. Then the house devoted two hours to debate on the conference report on the feature of the Indian appropriation bill opening to settlement the gilsonite lands on the Uncompahgre Indian reservation in Utah refused to accept the compromise agreed on by the conferees, and asked for another conference with the senate on the bill. In the meantime the senate resolution, practically identical with Mr. Hitt's bill, had been sent to the house and Mr. Hitt asked for unanimous consent for its consideration. The deadlock between Mr. Dingley and Mr. Bailey was re-enacted, and while Mr. Bailey was endeavoring to get consent for the consideration of the two Cuban propositions together Mr. Dingley put in a motion to adjourn. The motion was carried by a vote of 90 to 69, 13 answering present. Under the rule for bi-weekly sessions recently adopted the adjournment carries the question over to Thursday.

Death Bed Marriage.

Windsor, Ont., May 19.—The case of William H. Jewell, the deceased insurance man of Detroit, who married Miss Florence McDonagh, a niece of Sir John Carling, on his deathbed last week, is causing much excitement here on account of the disparity of the ages of the contracting parties. Previous to their marriage Jewell had transferred his insurance policies to the young lady and his will has been made in her favor.

To Pave the Way for an Income Tax

Washington, May 19. — Representative Cochran of Missouri has introduced a resolution for submitting to the legislatures of the states an amendment to the constitution, which follows: "An income tax shall not be construed as a direct tax within the meaning of section 2 and section 9 of article 1 of the constitution, but the congress shall have power to lay and collect a tax on incomes derived from any source whatever without regard to apportionment or enumeration."

MAKES ANOTHER TRIP.

Prof. Barnard's Airship Meets Expectations.

Nashville, Tenn., May 16. — After much difficulty in getting off Prof. Barnard attempted another voyage with his airship. It soared aloft rapidly, and as Prof. Barnard vigorously worked the bicycle pedals of his steering and propelling attachment the airship turned around several times, but was drifting with the wind. It passed over the centennial grounds, floated rapidly across the city at a high altitude in a northeasterly direction and passed out of sight in the gathering twilight. The machine landed near Madison, about twelve miles east of this city. Prof. Barnard says of this trial trip: "I find that I can manipulate the machine right or left even in a light wind. This is certain. I can go directly against a wind of eight miles an hour with muscular power as at present arranged, but by cutting across obliquely I can make progress in the direction desired." Further trips with changes in apparatus will be made.

TRAIN HELD UP.

Masked Men Blow Up the Express Safes.

San Antonio, Tex., May 16. — The west-bound Southern Pacific passenger train was held up by masked men and robbed about 250 miles west of here. As the train pulled out of the little town of Lozier three men jumped on the platform and, pointing pistols at the engineer and fireman compelled the former to stop the train about one and a half miles west of the town. After forcing the doors of the express car in one of the robbers entered the car and dynamited the two safes of the Wells-Fargo company. Both the through and local safe were opened and the contents secured. The local safe contained about $2,000 or $3,000. The amount secured from the through safe is unknown, but it is believed it will not fall below $7,000 or $8,000.

PREJUDICED JUDGES.

President Spalding Objects to Nineteen of Them.

Chocago, May 16.—President Charles W. Spalding, of the failed Globe Savings bank, who is under arrest on several indictments for embezzlement, filed a petition in Judge Ball's court asking for a change of venue on the ground that nineteen of the circuit and superior court judges, who are ex-officio criminal court judges, were prejudiced against him. Judge Ball was named as one of the nineteen. This leaves only four judges before whom Spalding is willing to be tried.

COAL TRUST CALLED.

New York Attorney General Wants Certain Information.

Albany, N. Y., May 16.—Justice Chester has granted the application made by the attorney general of this state for summonses to issue against certain railway officials who are alleged to be concerned in an attempt to corner or control the sale of coal in this state. The persons summoned are required to appear before the referee, Walter E. Webb, on May 20, to answer as to their alleged connection with the reputed coal combine.

MALLORY IS THE MAN.

The Florida Legislature Springs a Decided Surprise.

Tallahassee, Fla., May 16.—Stephen R. Mallory was elected United States senator on the twenty-fifth ballot. The vote was: Mallory, 53; Chipley, 44; Call, 1. Chipley led after the roll call on this ballot, but the changing of votes gave the election to Mallory.

The annual earnings of miners in Silesia, Germany, are, after subtracting the insurance, only $174 to $260.

A clergyman who has returned from Formosa says that insurrection prevails all over the island. The Japanese have killed hundreds of people in cold blood.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

Interesting Happenings in the North Star State.

The residence of John Marshall, two miles north of Stewartville, was destroyed by fire Friday.

County Auditor Michael Hoffman of Dakota county received $103.31 from the state as wolf bounty refunded from June 16, 1896, to May 3, 1897.

Ernest Pankonin died suddenly at the home of Ferdinand Pankonin at Stillwater. Deceased was sixty-one years of age.

Dedication services were held at the United Norwegian Lutheran church at Clarkfield. Several prominent Lutheran ministers assisted.

While J. N. Johnson of Mabel was out shooting sparrows he accidentally shot himself through the foot, inflicting a painful wound.

The G. A. R. at Brainerd has begun to make arrangements for the state encampment, to be held there June 22, 23 and 24.

The Thirteen Towns' Fair association of Fosston have elected O. L. Larson president. The date for the fair will be fixed later.

The state prison board granted nine paroles and also made arrangements for the experiment of manufacturing twine out of wire grass.

Ed Stedeman, a barber from Bemidji, was arested at Fosston by Marshal Holt upon receipt of a telegram from Ortonville. He was wanted on the charge of seduction.

The Little Falls mills have already sawed about ten million feet this spring and the prospects are that the season's cut will be one of the largest ever made by the Pine Tree Lumber company.

The windmill and barn, together with eight head of horses, belonging to John Bjork, a farmer living a few miles north of Willmar, was entirely destroyed by fire late Monday night.

The Fosston fire department has reorganized under a new constitution and have elected G. I. Houghtaling chief. They will practice every Monday evening during the summer.

Devery & Donohue, hardware merchants of Faribault, had their place of business burglarized of revolvers, razors and knives to the value of about $100.

The Willmar hook and ladder company has elected George H. Otterness and Lewis Moline as delegates and Peter Andreen and S. Rasmussen as alternates to the State Firemen's association, to be held at Little Falls next June.

The Moorhead National bank has brought suit against Clay county to have its assessment reduced. It claims among other things that in 1896 the assessors of Moorhead city assessed it for stock which it did not own.

The following corps of teachers for Sandstone was hired for the ensuing year: Principal, J. H. Hay; assistants, Misses M. Smith, Woesner, Parish, H. Parish, Lena Erickson. The school also planted in the school grounds 140 elms, maples and box elders.

Attorney C. A. Pidgeon of Buffalo was appointed by the county commissioners to the office of county attorney, J. C. Tarbox, who was recently appointed judge of the new judicial district, having handed in his resignation as county attorney.

Considerable excitement has been caused in Brainerd in the last few days by a clairvoyant claiming that the body of a boy named St. Clair, who was missing two weeks ago Sunday, would be found in Boom lake with his throat cut. The boy has not been found yet, but the medium is making all kinds of money during the excitement.

The coroner was called to Tyler to hold an inquest on the body of Gust Christianson, a young man who died while chloroform was being administered by Dr. A. J. Cox, before performing an operation. The jury's verdict entirely exonerated the physician and assistant.

Toor Tangleson, seventy-seven years old, and one of the earliest settlers of Nobles county, hanged himself in a barn at Adrian. He had been missed but a few minutes, but was dead when cut down. He leaves an aged wife, three daughters and one son. There is no known cause for the rash act.

The coroner's inquest over the remains of Nora Bornmann, the thirteen-year-old girl who committed suicide at Duluth by jumping into the lake, was concluded this afternoon. The testimony showed that the girl's stepmother had treated her with extreme cruelty, and the jury found that the conduct of her parents drove the girl to suicide.

The police at St. Cloud have rounded up the gang of forgers that has been passing small checks in that section. Chief Wheeler has brought Mary Lindstrom from Minneapolis, where she was arrested for vagrancy, and she has confessed, implicating William Gordner, a reformatory convict out on parole, who is also in jail now. Another ex-convict, Martin Johnson, alias Lindstrum, is also implicated.

Charles W. Thompson has brought suit at Willmar against the Great Northern railway in the amount of $25,000 for damages sustained last fall while employed by them as brakeman. Thompson claims that he was about to board a box car to set the brakes when the step on the car gave way, causing him to fall under the wheels, which passed over one of his legs, which had to be amputated.

The three alleged forgers are now in jail at Little Falls. Fred Nelson of Randall, who forged the name of Mrs. Bergstrom to an American Express order, admits his guilt, but says he was drunk. George Lamphear, who is charged with forging an order for a bicycle, will be given a hearing Wednesday. C. W. Clark, who is charged with raising a school order, denied his guilt. He said Broker Trebby raised the order.

The boiler in the Bock saw mill, located five miles above Milaca, blew up and killed James Caulfield and seriously injured Frank Benoit and William Vinson. Caulfield was at work in the lumber yard, fifty yards away, from the boiler, when the accident occurred. The boiler had beeen condemned, and four engineers refused to run it, but finally one, Herman Prieduch of New Ulm, was induced to run it. George Bock, Jr., had charge of the mill at the time, and the coroner is investigating the case.

A Warren report says: For some time many of our farmers have been annoyed by the loss of small amounts of wheat, especially where they had left it over night on the field where they had been seeding. Hiram Dillabough, a farmer living near this city, missed some one night recently, and in the morning traced the buggy track to a dwelling in this city. Saturday warrants were sworn out and the sheriff and his deputy proceeded to the place, but the suspected party, after talking to them, gave the officers the slip and disappeared. The officers, after searching the place, found a quantity of wheat stored in the upper part of the barn.

WIN AGAINST SAGE.

Two Important Hastings & Dakota Cases Heard at Morris.

Morris, Minn., Special.—A decision has been made in what are known as the Russell Sage lands, in which the farmers living on the lands have won. The cases decided were in the nature of a test, and will doubtless b carried up. The especial cases decided are those of E. A. Waller and S. J. Larson as defendants, for 120 acres in one and for 40 in the other. Some fifty farmers living on these lands were in the city, called by the cases. They have been living on what is known as indemnity lands and have had undisputed possession for from seven to twenty-seven years. The lands were on the Hastings & Dakota land grant and the road lost its rights by passing into other hands, but seeks to recover by Russell Sage, and has attempted to oust the settlers. The cases will be bitterly contested, and one firm of attorneys has now fifty defenses on hand. It is alleged that the Sage claim is one of the most egregious frauds ever attempted, and the universal belief is here that the settlers will win.

A Reward for the May Day.

Detroit, Minn., Special.—A $100 reward has been offered for information that will lead to the arrest of C. K. Day, who escaped Monday last.

Teething at Eighty-Eight.

Henry Garret of this town, who will be eighty-eight years of age next May, has just recovered from an attack of the grip. Mr. Garrett is a hale old gentleman, in full possession of all his faculties. He takes an active interest in affairs, and his mind is as clear and his memory apparently as good as a man of fifty. But the remarkable thing about Mr. Garrett is that he is getting a new set of teeth. He lost his second set of teeth some years ago. Recently his gums became sore and swollen, and he consulted a dentist about it. The dentist informed him that he was getting a new set of teeth.—Punxsutawny Spirit.

A Brooklyn New Woman.

Mrs. Midwood (of Brooklyn)—Have you noticed what a new woman Mrs. Montauk is getting to be?

Mrs. Flatbush (of Brooklyn, interestedly)—No, but I always knew she was rather masculine, invariably preferring to do the marketing instead of allowing Mr. Montauk to do so.

Mrs. Midwood (impressively)—Well, would you believe it, she is nearly every nice day now actually wheeling their baby in its baby carriage, just like a man!—Brooklyn Eagle.

DRUNK FOR TWENTY YEARS.

A correspondent writes: "I was drunk on and off for over twenty years, drunk when I had money, sober when I had none. Many dear friends I lost, and numbers gave me good advice to no purpose; but, thank God, an angel hand came at last in the form of my poor wife, who administered your marveious remedy, "Anti-Jag," to me without my knowledge or consent. I am now saved and completely transformed from a worthless fellow to a sober and respected citizen."

If "Anti-Jag" cannot be had at your druggist, it will be mailed in plain wrapper with full directions how to give secretly, on receipt of One Dollar, by the Renova Chemical Co., 66 Broadway, New York, or they will gladly mail full particulars free.

American Warships at the Jubilee.

There is a possibility that the battleship Indiana will go to Europe to participate in the queen's jubilee celebration next month. The authorities decided some time ago to send the Brooklyn to attend the celebration, but as the navy department wishes to show England what the United States has in the way of battleships the Indiana may go also. Upon the conclusion of the celebration the Indiana will return to the United States, and the Brooklyn will, in all probability, succeed the Minneapolis as the flagship of the European station.—Washington Dispatch to New York Herald.

A Hint Too Late for Mary.

Whenever little Johnny, who is naughty sometimes, is afraid he is going to get a whipping, he hides under the bed. He has great confidence in this trick of his.

One day he went to visit his auntie, and in looking around came to the picture of Mary, Queen of Scots, being beheaded.

"Oh, what's this, auntie," he asked.

"That," said auntie, "is Mary, Queen of Scots, and they're going to chop her head off."

"Oh, why does she let them do that?" said Johnny. "Why doesn't she hide under the bed?"—Evening World.

It Was Time to Go.

He grew enthusiastic as he felt the touch of the joyful season.

"Signs of spring on every hand," he said. "All nature rejoices. There are the birds and the flowers and the grass and the trees—"

"And the shop windows," she interrupted in her suggestive, insinuating way.

But he was half way down the steps before she could say more. He knew something about other touches than the touch of spring.—Chicago Evening Post.

Not His Own.

Willie Wishington had just said something in the way of an effort to be amusing.

"What did you think of that?" he inquired, ingenuously.

"It was capital."

"Do you think so?"

"I am sure of it; borrowed capital."—Washington Star.

He Knows She Won't.

"They say, Grumpy, that the queen of England has sixty pianos and does not play any of them."

"I'm a little bit cramped this spring, but I'll buy my daughter fifty-nine more if she'll follow the queen's example."

Even So.

Jack—For one man to steal another's whisky is a low-down trick.

Mack—More of a load-up trick, I should say.—New York Journal.

One Corroborative Proof.

"Do you believe that kissing may spread disease?"

"I shouldn't wonder. It is in itself contagious."—New York Journal.

Engel considers that a child of ten years represents an outlay of $400; a youth of fifteen, $700.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

After every great financial stress there is a marked increase in the number of the insane.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Insanity in every country is more prevalent among unmarried than among married persons.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

The People of New York City.

It is said that more than 76 per cent of those who people New York City to-day were born of foreign mothers, while more than 40 per cent were themselves born on foreign soil. Peter Stuyvesant ruled in his day over 1,400 New Yorkers, who conversed in eighteen different tongues.

Among all races the weight of the male brain is 10 per cent heavier than that of the female.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

The oldest university is that of Paris, which is more than 1,100 years old. Oxford is almost as old.

The authorities of the Dominion of Canada have presented the Hawaiian government with 80,000 young salmon, to be placed in the rivers of the Hawaiian islands.

During the Franco-German war the Germans lost 263 men from smallpox; the French 23,449.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine.

Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Tender or Sore Feet, Chilblains, Piles, &c. C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

In Japan the price of a cycle varies in ratio to its speed. Thus, for a ten-mile bicycle you may pay £5, but for a fifteen-mile perhaps £12.

There are more deaths annually from hydrophobia in Sweden than in any other country.

Impure Blood

"I have found Hood's Sarsaparilla an excellent medicine. My little girl was afflicted with eczema for seven years and took many kinds of medicine without relief. After taking a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla she was cured." MRS. EMMA FRANKLIN, Honeoye, New York. Get only Hood's because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

IT KILLS

Potato Bugs, Cabbage Worms, and all forms of insect life. Harmless to man or beast. Will not injure the most delicate plants.

Gray Mineral Ash

is fully warranted where directions are followed. Send for our little "Bug Book." It may save you lots of money. National Mining and Milling Co., Baltimore, Md. Carried in stock by all leading wholesale druggists.

A GREAT deal of nonsense has been written—and believed, about blood purifiers. What purifies the blood? .. .. ..

THE KIDNEYS PURIFY THE BLOOD

AND THEY ALONE.

If diseased, however, they cannot, and the blood continually becomes more impure. Every drop of blood in the body goes through the kidneys, the sewers of the system, every three minutes, night and day, while life endures.

Warner's Safe Cure

puts the kidneys in perfect health, and nature does the rest.

The heavy, dragged out feeling, the bilious attacks, headaches, nervous unrest, fickle appetite, all caused by poisoned blood, will disappear when the kidneys properly perform their functions.

There is no doubt about this. Thousands have so testified. The theory is right, the cure is right and health follows as a natural sequence. Be self-convinced through personal proof.

Between Two Fires.

The Fiancee—I'm very much displeased with Jack, and I'm half inclined to break off the engagement.

The Confidante—You won't do that, will you?

The Fiancee—Well, I dislike to do it, because, you know, mamma has been so violently opposed to our marriage.—Puck.

Excursion to Free Homes in the Northwest.

Those who are paying rent or carrying mortgages, or young men without prospects of getting a home where land is high in price, should note that the Canadian government has a large area of fine farming land which it gives to persons over eighteen years of age. Soil produces all staple crops. Climate similar to this. Good stock and dairy country. An excursion will leave St. Paul and Minneapolis Monday, May 24, 1897, to examine these lands. Don't be mislead about for-away places you know nothing about, but select while the chance is open a free farm of 160 acres, to which the railway fare is low and will not eat up a large share of your capital. For publications and further information address Benjamin Davies, Emigration Agent, Canadian Government, 154 East Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

A Doubter.

Weathers—Do you think any of these detective stories have any foundation in fact?

Raines—Me? I wouldn't believe a detective under oath.—Typographical Journal.

Thanks to the Oyster.

She—Oh, Jack, here's a pearl in this oyster!

He (excitedly)—Ethel, may—may I have it set in an engagement ring?—Pick-Me-Up.

The editor of this paper advises his readers that a free package of Peruviana, the best kidney and liver cure on earth, will be delivered FREE to any sufferer, if written for promptly. PERUVIANA REMEDY CO., 286 5th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Supplying All Wants.

The Peddler—I have the most excellent silver polish.

The Lady of the House—Don't need it. I haven't got any silver.

"Well, then, it will take grease spots out of wall paper."

"Haven't got any wall paper."

"Then it will renew the curl in feathers."

"Haven't got any feathers."

"Well, then, it will make oil paintings look like new."

"Haven't got any oil paintings."

"Well, then, a little taken internally will make you feel as if you had some of these things. Good day."—From Answers.

The Modern Plea.

Lawyer—Did you kill your cousin only, and no other member of the family?

Prisoner—Yes; only my cousin.

Lawyer—What a pity! Had you but murdered the whole family I might have got you off on the plea of emotional insanity.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Curious Cargoes.

Liverpool receives some curious shipments at times. Cargoes of turtles and other live and dead animals, casks of leeches, shiploads of bones from battle fields, of human mummies from the Egyptian tombs, and of dead cats from the cat cemeteries of the same country, are among the most remarkable.

His Appearance Belied Him.

"I jist escaped from the Mississippi floods," said the man at the door for something to eat. "I wus in the water three days."

"You haven't been in the water for three years," declared the woman, as she slammed the door and shot the bolt.

Too Close for Comfort.

"Is the concern that employs you a close corporation?"

"I should say. I have been trying to get a raise of salary for eight years."—New York Journal.

The girls of South Lubec, Me., successfully conducted a woodsawing bee one day recently.

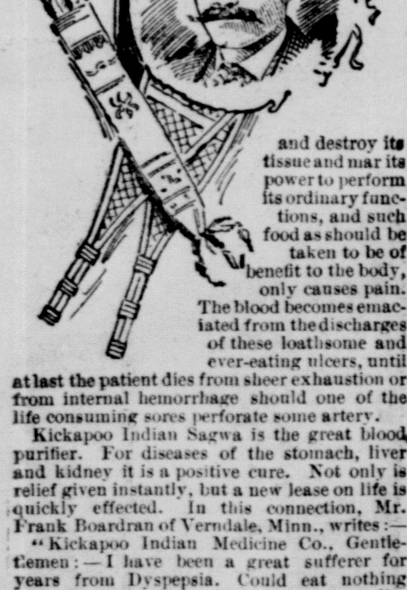
It is stated that a Beethoven circle to last three weeks is to be held in Berlin in 1898, during which time all the works of that composer are to be given.

AN EXAMPLE.

The Story of a Man Literally Rescued From Death.

To the Sagacity and Instinct of the Indian, Does He Attribute His Recovery.

A slight pain or a little distress after eating,—not enough consequence, you think, to do anything for it. But this is a symptom and warning that you have some derangement of the stomach. If neglected, Chronic Dyspepsia results, and let this continue, as it surely will, unless attended to, a disease of the stomach takes place, that becomes incurable. Gastric ulcers form on the lining of this most delicate organ. They eat into its tender membrane



and destroy its tissue and mar its power to perform its ordinary functions, and such food as should be taken to be of benefit to the body, only causes pain. The blood becomes emaciated from the discharges of these loathsome and ever-eating ulcers, until at last the patient dies from sheer exhaustion or from internal hemorrhage should one of the life consuming sores perforate some artery.

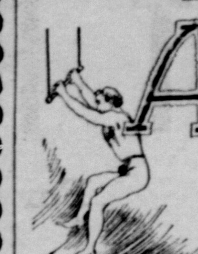
Kickapoo Indian Sagwa is the great blood purifier. For diseases of the stomach, liver and kidney it is a positive cure. Not only is relief given instantly, but a new lease on life is quickly effected. In this connection, Mr. Frank Boardran of Verndale, Minn., writes:—

"Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co., Gentlemen:—I have been a great sufferer for years from Dyspepsia. Could eat nothing without great pain. Tried many remedies without relief. The least particle of fat in my food caused me the most intense pain. As a last resort, I purchased a bottle of Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. Imagine my joy, when I found what it had accomplished. It cured me. I am now strong and healthy. Can eat anything and relish what I eat. Sufferers from Dyspepsia should not fail to take this grandest of medicines. I would not be without it. Yours Respectfully,

FRANK BOARDRAN."

Remember that Kickapoo Indian Sagwa is sold at all druggists at $1. per bottle.

THE MAD AERIALIST.



A BEAUTIFUL woman in midair on the flying trapeze, however expert, is not so much of a novelty or sensational attraction as when I was actively engaged in vaudeville management. The theaters and circuses, if not "the woods," are full of them now, but then the appearance of a female in such a hazardous performance was indeed "a drawing card," and drawing cards that actually bring money to the box-office are not so plentiful as some imagine. For instance, pretentious artists with salaries far in excess of their merits.

Folsom had written enthusiastically about the wonderful woman from London, stating that she had "set Paris crazy." Peraps she had, but I noted no report of an insurrection in that gay capital. My foreign agent, besides being an excellent judge of the commercial value of an act, was an enthusiast, and would go to no end of travel or expense in his endeavor to secure the startling. If the treasury survived his demands Folsom could be relied upon to outdo all rivals.

It was fortunate that the agent's announcement of the engagement of Zarena, at such an enormous figure, arrived at a time when I was turning away people, and making money hand over fist. Otherwise I don't know what the effect would have been. I have remarked that Folsom was an enthusiast, and I made some allowance for his ardor when he wrote that the charming and daring lady was "a star gazer, a regular beaut." I smiled at Folsom's glowing description of his prize aerialist, and then I smiled at the name, Zarena, evidently one of those made-to-order professional cognomens, then, as now, so popular.

Why, I know a whole tribe of really great Z artists, from Zaezel to Zuila.

It was not until the approach of Zarena's date that I looked over the billing matter, and then I learned for the first time that the sensation of the century had a male partner, who did a good part of the work, while the lady fair gathered in the greatest part of the gain and all the glory.

Zarena arrived on time, and she was the Frenchiest of the French, and more beautiful even than Mr. Folsom's most flattering pen picture, and was altogether entrancing and engaging. But, as she explained, she had "one little trouble."

Whatever that "little trouble" was it seeemed to sit lightly on her head, for she laughed as she explained.

A male partner for her act was necessary. And the man had to do a good share of the act, but the great feature of the performance, the "flight for life" from the topmost gallery to the hands of the man hanging head down on the trapeze, was hers. All of which statement and explanation was wound up with the announcement:

"I want a man."

"But where is the gentleman with whom you have been performing?" I asked, it occurring to me that the certainty and the success of the act, if not the safety, might be imperiled by the change.

The pretty artist became very red in the face, hesitated, and then, with the accompaniment of a ringing laugh, exclaimed:

"Fool, he make too much love, and I dismiss him!"

I laughed too, fully comprehending the situation. Zarena further explained:

"Any American man what do aerial act do just as well with few practice. See? And I no like to do act with



SHE STORMED AND RAVED.

man in love. Man in love not in his right brains; let me fall and break my neck. You comprehend?"

I comprehended and nodded, then the little Frenchwoman, who was all business, informed me in her best English, and that was not very good, that she wanted me to prepare an advertisement for an expert aerial artist.

The advertisement was prepared, inserted, and accomplished the desired result, and the pert and pretty Zarena reported that her practice with the new man was highly satisfactory. That was their affair, and I knew little about their progress until up to the very day of the first public appearance in America of the dashing and daring Frenchwoman.

Then we came in contact and animated discussion. The auditorium of the theater was a lofty one, the seats occupying a parquet and four circles, and a great part of the act was to be performed way up under the frescoed ceiling, where the performers would look like a couple of flies. And all the dangerous and extra hazardous feats were to be performed without the protection of a safety net. Against such a foolhardy exhibition I protested, and declared that the rule of the house should be insisted on: "A net must be used in the performance of all aerial acts, when the exhibition is given above the heads of the audience."

Then I found out that my beautiful Queen of the Air had a will of her own. Heavens, how she stormed and raged in French, and when she reached the height of the tempest she let out a good round North American:

"Damn!"

Then, being out of breath, or greatly relieved, she subsided for a moment, and then renewed her excitement, and made known her state of mind by asserting that she would leave for Paris the very next day, if she had to swim.

Rather than to have the pretty spitfire drown I let her have her way, and her way came near costing her her life.

By the time for Zarena's appearance I had become so nervous and overwrought through anxiety and excitement that I could have wished the French minx and all the rest of the aerial female Z.'s "in the deep bosom of the ocean buried."

How many times in the course of his career does a manager solemnly vow that he will never admit another danger-defying aerial act to his theater, and then go and put the most dangerous one he can find in his programme at the first opportunity?

Everything was at sixes and sevens, anyway, in front of the house that night, because the Frenchwoman had drawn to an overflow, and there were too many people in the house for comfort. The doorkeepers seemed to have lost their heads, and were snappish and uncivil, and the ushers were anything but polite and obliging. On the whole, I guess I was rattled myself.

"Here she comes! Ain't she a daisy?" called an irrepressible small boy in the top gallery.

The Frenchwoman came out and I went out.

From my office den I could hear the cheering reception to the lady from France; then came a crash from the orchestra, and the great midair perils begun. I didn't want to see them, but I couldn't keep away, and I felt rather surprised at myself when I became a part of the audience and was craning my neck to catch a glimpse of the tiny figures as they appeared evoluting at a giddy height aloft.

It made me feel quite dizzy to look at them, and I turned away to note the averted gaze of others. I started to return to the office, mentally vowing:

"This is the last."

At the office door I turned back again to view the dangerous performances. A great hush was upon the audience. I believe that I could hear everybody's heart beat. Mine was thumping at a fearful rate.

Out of the stillness I heard a hissing command from the lips of the man!

The Frenchwoman answered in an excitable undertone. There was a quick passage of words, the tennor of which no one could catch. Were they quarreling up there over the heads of the audience?

Words, more words, and fierce words! I was in a frenzy if they were not.

Suddenly the woman made a dash down the elaborate rigging suspended from the act; to me it appeared as if she was attempting to escape the man, her pursuer, who was close upon her. The audience took the movement for a part of the performance, and applauded, but intuition told me that something was occurring "not down on the bills."

Evidently fear lent celerity to the woman's movements. I took it that she was fleeing from him.

The pursuer shrieked a horrible oath, and was upon the little Frenchwoman just as she reached the bar of a suspended trapeze.

"Help! Help! My God, the man is mad!"

At her agonizing cry many of the audience sprang to their feet, just as many others swooned.

Who was to help, and from whence was the aid to come?

The lunatic was already attempting to unloose the woman's hold on the trapeze.

Part of what next occurred I did not see. I heard the voice of a man in an upper circle cry in French:

"Hold! I come!"

The next instant the figure of a man clinging to a rope required for the finish of the "flight for life" shot across the space with unerring aim, and a powerful arm wrested the woman from her perilous position. And then the fools of auditors, thinking that what they had seen was "a part of the show," made the theater ring with cheers.

As that act, thank the Lord, was the last number on the bill, such of the audience as were not overcome found their way out, and the others were sent home when they were sufficiently recovered.

The shock to the Frenchwoman was a terrible one, but she came out of it thankful for her narrow escape and grateful to her former discarded partner, who had devotedly followed her from Paris and been the means of saving her life.

In all the hubbub the lunatic had walked off in his tights, and such attire in the street being unusual, he had promptly fallen into the hands of the police, and in due time was placed in such keeping as to insure safety both to himself and others. Upon after investigation it was learned that the unfortunate aerialist had suffered a severe fall during the previous season, resulting in an injury to his head, which unfitted him from following his calling.

For the remainder of the engagement the Frenchwoman's now accepted admirer appeared in their astounding aerial act. After that they returned to Paris, to indulge in the perpetual bliss which forever finds place in two loving hearts.

TAXATION AND SUFFRAGE.

The Case of a Connecticut Woman in 1874.

At the legislative hearing given in Connecticut on woman suffrage Judge Hooker recalled the fact that for many years he and his friends had appealed to the legislature of Connecticut to grant suffrage to colored men and had met with "contemptuous refusal," says the Boston Transcript. They then petitioned that colored people should not be taxed, since they were not represented. This was conceded; and from 1844 until 1871 the real and personal property of colored persons in Connecticut was exempted from taxation. Judge Hooker read a letter written in 1874 by the late Amos A. Lawrence of Massachusetts to Abby Smith, a Connecticut woman who had allowed her property to be sold for taxes as a protest against taxation without representation. Mr. Lawrence wrote:

"My Dear Madam: Your action will be highly beneficial in bringing the subject to public notice and in leading to the correction of a great injustice. The taxation of the property of women without allowing them any representation, even in town affairs, is so unfair that it seems only necessary to bring it to public view and make it odious and to bring about a change. Your case has its parallel in every township of New England. In the town where this is written a widow pays into the town treasury $7,830 a year, while 600 men pay $1,200 in all. Another lady pays $5,042. Yet neither has a single vote, not even by proxy. That is, each one of 600 men who have no property, who pay only a poll tax, has the power of voting away the property of the town, while the female owners have no power at all. Please to accept the sympathy and respect of one of your fellow citizens. No doubt you will have it from all in due time, or, at any rate from all who love to see fair play. Very truly yours,

AMOS A. LAWRENCE."

Judge Hooker has petitioned for the granting of suffrage to tax-paying women.

A Brave Kangaroo.

A very pathetic story comes from Australia describing a kangaroo's daring for the sake of her young. The owner of a country station was sitting one evening on the balcony outside his house when he was surprised to notice a kangaroo lingering about, alternately approaching and retiring from the house, as though half in doubt and fear what to do. At last she approached the water pails, and, taking a young one from her pouch, held it to the water to drink. While the baby was satisfying its thirst the mother was quivering all over with excitement, for she was only a few feet from the balcony on which one of her greatest foes was sitting waching her. The little one, having finished drinking, it was replaced in the pouch and the old kangaroo started off at a rapid pace. When the natural timidity of the kangaroo is taken into account, it will be recognized what astonishing bravery this affectionate mother displayed.

Official Corruption in China.

A striking picture of the official corruption that prevails in China is afforded by some diplomatic reports submitted by the English foreign office to the houses of parliament at Westminster. Among other things it is shown that so great is the stealing that, were the imperial government to abolish the rice tribute from the provinces of Kingsu and Che-kiang alone, it would effect an economy of more than $2,000,000, which is the sum that its collection now costs over and above the revenue that it yields.

Every freeman must expect to look out for himself.

VILLAGE LOST TO VIEW

THE HOME OF CHIEF POKAGON AND HIS BAND.

Not a Trace of the Old Town Is Left—Good Indian Who Ruled His Tribe in Southern Michigan—His Heart Was Broken.



BERRIEN county is the site of the last of the Pottawattomie villages in southern Michigan, says the Detroit Free Press. It was the home of old Chief Pokagon and his band and the birthplace of the present chief, Simon Pokagon, who is now engaged in writing his father's biography. There is nothing about the spot to indicate that it was ever a place of human habitation. In a valley running back from the St. Joseph river about a mile to the west, at the head of a rippling, winding little brook, surrounded by hills and on two sides by heavy oak forests, it lies, a peaceful, picturesque little nook of farm land rarely ever cultivated, seldom visited save by the farmer's boy who goes to bring home the cows grazing where the wigwams stood a half century ago, or by the relic hunter who knows its history. It is hidden from the highway and not a trace of the old town is left. How old it was no one now living can tell. The few log huts that Pokagon and his followers with their little families occupied looked to the first white settlers who saw them sixty-seven years ago, as if they were about ready to tumble down and they might have been built seventy-five or 100 years before that time. Probably an Indian village had been there around the bubbling spring that formed the source of the little brook for many generations. The numerous relics of the stone and copper variety found in the vicinity would indicate this.

Pokagon was a pious Indian. On one of the hills overlooking the village was a log chapel where he and his people worshiped according to the rites of the Catholic church, taught them by their fathers. How long the chapel had been built is not known, but it may have been one of the missions established more than 200 years ago by Father Claude Allouez, the pioneer missionary of the region, whose ashes are reposing somewhere along the St. Joseph river, the exact spot of his burial place not being known. In 1759 the English drove the French from this region and took possession of the territory, dissolving all these missions. They were not re-established for nearly 100 years afterward, and during that period, although the Indians were deprived of the care and instruction of the priests, they did not forget the forms of the church.

In the latter part of the '20s Pokagon made a pilgrimage to Detroit to implore the church authorities to send a "black robe," the Indian name for priest, among his people. His speech to the vicar-general of the bishop of Cincinnati, Father Gabriel Richard, on this occasion, is on record. It was an earnest and effective plea. "I implore you," he said, "to send us a black robe to teach us the word of God. If you have no care for us old men, at least have pity on our poor children, who are growing up in ignorance and vice.

"We still preserve the manner of prayer as taught our ancestors by the black robe who formerly resided at St. Joseph. Morning and evening with my wife and children we pray together before the crucifix. Sunday we pray together oftener. On Friday we fast all evening, men, women and children, according to the traditions handed down to us by our fathers and mothers, for we have never seen a black robe. Listen to the prayers which he taught to them and see if I have not learned them correctly." Then the old chief fell on his knees, made the signs and repeated the prayers of the church, the creed and the ten commandments in the Pottawattomie tongue.

The result of the plea was the sending of Father Stephen Theodore Badin, the first Catholic priest ordained in the United States, who came to Indiana in 1829 and for several years had charge of all the missions in southern Michigan and northern Indiana. He established a mission two miles north of South Bend that eventually developed into the great Notre Dame university of today. He was the religious instructor of Pokagon's band as long as they stayed at the old village and there are a number of old residents of the vicinity that heard Father Badin preach in the little log church on the hill. The church itself has long since been taken away, but the foundation remains. Down the valley on the bank of the river was the burying place of Pokagon town and the old cedar cross with its hoizontal arm gone is still standing. It was there when the first white settlers came into the region.

Pokagon is represented by some historical writers as the leader of a band of Pottawattomies in a battle with the Shawnees in the days before the whites at Three Rivers, but this can be classed as fiction, as Pokagon was wholly averse to fighting, and his whole aim was to keep his people from war. Again, he is said to have been at the massacre of Fort Dearborn in 1812 in the capacity of peacemaker and to have been the one who brought Capt. Heald and his wife away from the bloody affray at Chicago and across the lake to St. Joseph. This is not believed to be true by some of the older residents, who were acquainted with Pokagon. He never made any such claim to them, though he had been heard to say that he used all his power to keep the Pottawattomies in that locality from taking part in the massacre, and himself went to St. Joseph to dissuade Topinabee from taking his men there. Pokagon doubtless was with Topinabee and was one of those who received Capt. Heald at St. Joseph and helped him to get to Mackinac and Detroit. The most authentic records of the massacre to be had give the credit of assisting Capt. Heald and his wife to escape to John Baptiste Chandonia, a nephew of Topinabee, and who died at South Bend in 1837, and whose remains lie in the city cemetery, though in an unknown and unmarked grave.

Pokagon, after the treaty of 1833, the signing of which nearly broke his heart, as it took from him the home of his childhood and old age and scattered his people broadcast over the land, remained at the old town for several years, then went over into Cass county, where, in the Silver creek district, a few miles north of Dowagiac, he established another village and built a church. He lived but a few years and his ashes repose under the church, which is located in a picturesque spot on the banks of a charming little lake.

A Disagreeable Consequence.

"You say you hate to visit your rich relatives? Why? Don't they treat you well?"

"Oh, yes, they always do everything they can to make it pleasant for us, but my wife never gets through complaining until about two weeks after each visit because we are not as well off as they."—Cleveland Leader.

Mistakes.

It is better to make mistakes than to sit idle and inactive and view all things from a pessimistic standpoint. Dead people are the only ones who do not make mistakes.—Rev. Charles G. Ames.

THE LANGUAGE OF CRIME.

Some of the Terms Are Very Interesting.

Every language has a syntax peculiar to itself, but in the patois of the criminal no attempt is made of changing anything but the lexicon, says the Popular Science Monthly. It bears the same resemblance to the parent language that a pile of cogwheels does to a watch. They are not a watch, but neither are they a new machine. Thus we must regard the argot only as a dialect in which debased terms replace the words of the parent tongue, in which the innate laziness of the criminal has effaced all words of any length and has simplified the pronunciation wherever the correct form requires anything but an elementary combination of sounds.

Let us examine some of these transformations and synonyms.

The general tendency of the criminal to reduce the abstract to the concrete to denote the substantive by one of its attributes, is shown very clearly in his synecdochical phraseology. Thus a purse is a leather; a street car is a short, comparing its length with a railroad car; a handkerchief is a wipe, and a pair of shoes a pair of kicks.

Again, some of the terms appear to be purely arbitrary and were it not that the creative power is absent in criminals as in women I should not hesitate to state it as a fact. But it seems wiser to conclude merely that the origin of these terms has become a fact. To suppose that they were created would be in too distinct contradiction to all obtainable evidence, indirect though it may be. Such expressions are to kip, meaning to sleep; to spiel, to make a speech; jerve, a waistcoat pocket; thimble, a watch; to do a lam, meaning to run.

Some of the expression are very descriptive. To run from a police officer is to do a hot foot. A person who is always listening to other people's conversation is called a rubberneck. The word push, meaning a crowd, is occasionally seen in the newspapers. To be arrested is to be pinched; to be convicted is to fall. To refuse a person's appeal is to give him the marble heart. Such expressions require no explanation.

LUNCH FOR BUSINESS GIRLS.

The Food Will Have Greater "Relish" If Daintily Arranged.

"The putting up the cold lunch is no easy matter, as many mothers realize when they find the question before them," writes Phebe Westcott Humphreys in the Ladies' Home Journal. "The wise mother, however, is ever on the alert, and many savory compounds, in the way of potted meats, etc., are prepared, in connection with the home cookery, that are quickly sliced and invitingly arranged in the lunch-basket, and help to form a plentiful, nourishing lunch. The first consideration in preparing these lunches should be healthfulness, yet daintiness is of equal importance. It is an easy matter to make the home luncheon attractive, even when served cold: the white table linen and attractive table appointments seem to impart a certain 'relish' to the food. One of the first requisites for a dainty lunch should be a lunch box or basket that can be readily scalded and kept sweet and clean, and waxed paper and Japanese napkins, or a quantity of linen napkins, to separate the articles of food. Waxed paper is especially important, as pickles, sandwiches, cake, or anything that is wrapped in it, may be kept fresh without destroying the flavor of the other. A corner in the dresser drawer well stocked with these papers, with the doilies, etc., and the small glasses, with tight-fitting lids, should be a part of the regular kitchen furnishing in every home where cold lunches are to be put up each day."

Koch's Improved Tuberculin.

A highly important scientific announcement will shortly be made by Prof. Robert Koch. It will be remembered that his tuberculin did not answer the expectations placed in it, and that the general enthusiasm with which the discovery was hailed was soon followed by disappointment. Since then Dr. Koch has uninterruptedly worked at its improvement, and the Berlin "Localanzeiger" now learns that the great bacteriologist has succeeded in so improving the lymph that its healing power has been considerably increased, and that the injurious aftereffects which followed the injections are now removed.

A Grateful Memory.

"You must miss your husband very much, Mrs. de Lynn."

"Miss him! I should say I did. He was the only man I could ever trust darling Fido with." And she wiped away a pensive tear.—Detroit Free Press.

FOREIGN NOTES.

Electric jaunting cars are run from Brighton, England, to the neighboring points of interest.

Italy had 10,450 white troops engaged at Adava; of these 3,097 were killed in the battle.

At Konjica in Herzegovina a sanctuary of Mithra was recently discovered, being the first ever found in the Balkan peninsula.

Dr. Nobel's will, turning nearly all his property into a fund to further the advancement of science, is contested by the late inventor's relatives.

Edinbugh drunkards find a mixture of methylated spirits and naphtha or paraffine a cheap and effective intoxicant. They call it dynamite.

Rudolf Zeller, the Viennese operetta composer, has been found guilty of fraud and perjury and sentenced to one year's imprisonment at hard labor.

Birmingham has already sent out 15,000,000 jubilee medals and 6,000,000 jubilee brooches, but complains of competition from cheaper medals made in Germany.

Cairo's new Museum of Egyptian Antiquities, which will cover 13,000 square metres and cost $550,000, has been begun, the young khedive laying the corner stone.

New South Wales has spent $12,000,000 for habors in forty years, exclusive of the cost of the port of Sydney, and will spend $1,500,000 for the same purpose this year.

England and Germany have agreed on free trade for the Sooloo islands, over which Spain asserts sovereignty. Arms, ammunition, and alcohol are the only dutiable articles.

London is suffering from a brick famine on account of the building boom in the suburbs. In the last few weeks bricks have gone from $2 to $3 a thousand above the normal price.

Cyclists are urged to celebrate the queen's jubilee by overhauling the milestones throughout the United Kingdom and seeing that they are put in place, painted and correctly lettered.

Gerome, the painter, has sent a remarkable equestrian statuette, one-fifth the natural size, of "Bonaparte in Egypt" to the Salon. Napoleon is represented dressed in early Egyptian costume.

Gen. de Charette, who formerly commanded the Papal Zouaves, recently visited Pope Leo with the object of bringing about a reconciliation between the Duc d'Orleans and the vatican.

The oldest house in Maine is said to be the Sylvester house at Small Point, the age of which is put at 150 years.

SUGGESTIONS FOR MODERN STABLE.

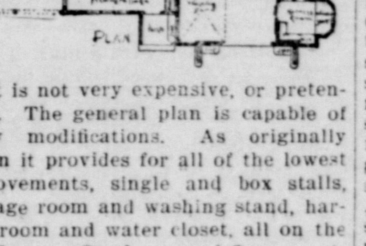
(Copyrighted, 1897, by Co-operative Building Plan Association.)

The great vogue of the bicycle, the extension of trolley railroads, and the introduction of the auto-Mobile cabs, have called out many dismal predictions from the horseman. The public has been told times without number that the reign of the horse is forever over. In illustration of this statement the unprecedentedly low prices at which horses have lately been sold are quoted, and there comes grewsome stories from the wild and woolly west of the shooting of entire herds of horses on the ranges, in order to save the pasture for the more valuable beef creatures. As a supplement to these tales, it is ever said that canning factories have been established, where horseflesh is put up in potted form for unsuspecting foreigners. The paragraphers and cartoonists have had their fling at the subject, and if one should take the signs of the times, everything would seem to point to the virtual extinction of the equine species in the not remote future. But those who love man's best friend and servant among the dumb beasts, and who do not care to surrender him for steeds of steel or naphtha fed cabs, need not be unduly alarmed. In fact, horse flesh would seem to be an excellent investment at this very moment. With the fall in prices that was due to a variety of seasons, horse breeding has been given adequate re-



turns for the past few years, and more brood mares have come upon the market than ever before in an equal space of time. Comparatively few foals have been born, and prices are bound to rise before long. Aside from all questions of value, few people who live in suburban places care to be without horses, and the question of housing them suitably has to be met by a large proportion of builders. The carriage house and stable must be influenced more or less by the nature of the ground and the relative position of the house to which it belongs. The general rule, of course, is that it should be inconspicuous, or if it is where it must be seen, it should not suffer in comparison with the finished villa. At the same time its subordinate character must be born in mind so that it may not detract from the dignity of the dwelling, even if the general style of the house is followed in the matter of architecture.

The ornamentation must be far less profuse and ornate. Extreme simplicity combined with strong and artistic lines always give the best results. The accompanying plans show a stable that would grace any suburban place, and



yet it is not very expensive, or pretentious. The general plan is capable of many modifications. As originally drawn it provides for all of the lowest improvements, single and box stalls, carriage room and washing stand, harness room and water closet, all on the first flower. On the second floor provision is made for the hay loft and the quarters of the coachman. The foundation is of stone, the exterior rough clapboards and shingles upon which if we used red and green stain the effect is admirable.

THE DEAF GIRL UNDERSTOOD.

Young Man's Tender Remark to His True Love.

It doesn't always pay to express your inmost thought even guardedly in the presence of deaf mutes, says the Boston Record. A story was told at the meeting of the Woman Suffrage Association yesterday afternoon which showed conclusively the wisdom of the above remark. A devoted couple who, apparently, had been long separated were thrust suddenly into each other's company at a largely attended reception. The lady who told the story said that she was present in company with an educated deaf girl. The happy reunited pair displayed fully the thoughts that were in their hearts by the beam upon their countenances. Suddenly the young man drew near to the one whom he adored and said in a low tone, inaudible to those about him, a few seemingly affectionate words. The deaf girl watched the proceedings with intense interest and suddenly broke into a broad grin. Her companion inquired what it was that amused her. She turned about so that the couple could not see her and replied:

"That man said, 'If all these people were not here I'd kiss you. If they don't get out of the way pretty soon I shall have to before them.' The girl replied: 'Then I shall scream.'"

The deaf girl understood their words by the motion of their lips.

Captured a What-Is-It.

"What is it" is the first question asked by any person who views the queer animal caught in the Columbia river in Washington recently. "That's just what it is—a what-is-it," is the invariable reply. This strange creature rose to a hook just like a fish and was landed after much trouble. It had the head of turtle, the body of a fish, the tail of a giant lobster, and the flippers of a seal. What is perhaps most extraordinary is the heavy coat of black fur upon the body. This fur resembles more than anything else the coat of a black cat. The thing had no teeth, but its jaws were strong as any turtle's.

Story of the Duke of Leeds.

The Duke of Leeds, who, it is said, will succeed Lord Aberdeen as governor-general of Canada, when in parliament as the Marquis of Carmarthen, was the youngest member in the commons, and the youngest looking until he grew a beard. It is told of him that on the day of his election some one asked him: "Say, boy, does your mother know you're out?" "Yes," promptly replied the youthful politician, "and when the votes are counted to-night she will know I am in." The family of the duke—the Osborne—is one of the oldest and most aristocratic in all the peerage.

Opportunity.

There is in the minds and hearts of many people a profound conviction that a new era of aggressive work is about to be ushered in; that a new day is already breaking—a day of most glorious opportunity.—Rev. John W. Lyell.

The Crucial Test.

He—Why shouldn't we be happy together? Our tastes are similar, our friends the same and—and—and we ride the same make of wheel, too. She—Yes, but what make of saddle do you use?—Judge.

Speculation.

In the beginning great wealth was accumulated by thrift, industry, and enterprise. In these days the popular method of getting rich is by speculation.—Rev. Charles H. Eaton.

A SCIENTIST SAVED

President Barnaby, of Hartsville College, Survives a Serious Illness Through the Aid of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

From the Republican, Columbus, Ind.

The Hartsville College, situated at Hartsville, Indiana, was founded years ago in the interest of the United Brethren Church, when the state was mostly a wilderness, and colleges were scarce. The college is well known throughout the country, former students having gone into all parts of the world.



PROF. ALVIN P. BARNABY.

A reporter recently called at this famous seat of learning and was shown into the room of the President, Prof. Alvin P. Barnaby. When last seen by the reporter Prof. Barnaby was in delicate health. To-day he was apparently in the best of health. In response to an inquiry the professor said:

"Oh, yes, I am much better than for some time. I am now in perfect health; but my recovery was brought about in rather a peculiar way."

"Tell me about it," said the reporter.

"Well, to begin at the beginning," said the professor, "I studied too hard when at school, endeavoring to educate myself for the professions. After completing the common course I came here, and graduated from the theological course. I entered the ministry, and accepted the charge of a United Brethren Church at a small place in Kent County, Mich. Being of an ambitious nature, I applied myself diligently to my work and studies. In time I noticed that my health was failing. My trouble was indigestion, and this with other troubles brought on nervousness.

"My physician prescribed for me for some some time, and advised me to take a change of climate. I did as he requested and was some improved. Soon after, I came here as professor in physics and chemistry, and later was financial agent of this college. The change agreed with me, and for a while my health was better, but my duties were heavy, and again I found my trouble returning. This time it was more severe and in the winter I became completely prostrated. I tried various medicines and different physicians. Finally, I was able to return to my duties. Last spring I was elected president of the college. Again I had considerable work, and the trouble, which had not been entirely cured, began to affect me, and last fall I collapsed. I had different doctors, but none did me any good. Professor Bowman, who is professor of natural science, told me of his experience with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and urged me to give them a trial, because they had benefited him in a similar case, and I concluded to try them.

"The first box helped me, and the second gave great relief, such as I had never experienced from the treatment of any physician. After using six boxes of the medicine I was entirely cured. To-day I am perfectly well. I feel better and stronger than for years. I certainly recommend this medicine."

To allay all doubt Prof. Barnaby cheerfully made an affidavit before

LYMAN J. SCUDDER, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk, or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Long-Distance Riding.

For riding long distances, the great secret is—keep an even, steady pace, and cut down the stops. Order your meals to be ready beforehand, if possible, and avoid strictly any unnecessary delays on the way, such as stops for altering the position of saddle or handles, which should be placed absolutely right before starting; dismounting to ask the way—which ought to have been made perfectly familiar by previous riding over the whole course, a part at a time—or pauses to extract small eatables, etc., from a bag—all things that may be wanted should be carried in a light basket fixed upright on a carrier, and easily unfastened with one hand while riding, says the Irish Cyclist. The comfort and ease of a long ride depends immensely on the proper management of such small details as the above.

AN AMERICAN VIOLIN WOOD.

Excellence of the Bar Maple Grown on the Pacific Coast.

It has been recently discovered that the bar maple wood grown in Washington is superior to any wood yet tried in the manufacture of small stringed instruments, such as violins. This is verified by the practical experience and testimony of a well-known Chicago instrument maker. He found that the Washington maple is superior to any he has used, and he has heretofore been importing maple from the mountain regions of Switzerland as the best he could find in the world. The Washington maple seems to possess the necessary qualities of being very difficult to split, capacity for satiny finish, resonance, strength and lightness in the superlative degrees. While the demand for such wood does not call for any great amount, it is steadily increasing, and will almost command its own price. As an instance of the superiority of some American-made instruments, a purchaser sent to Europe recently for a high-priced instrument and when it was received it was found to be the product of the aforesaid manufacturer.—Philadelphia Record.

A Possibility.

Guest—Waiter, I ordered cheese.

Waiter—Yes, sah; I brought it, sah; right there, sah.

Guest—Humph! One little piece! Was that all you were given?

Waiter—(anxious for the credit of the establishment)—They gen'ly gives three or four pieces of cheese, sah. Maybe some of 'em got away.—New York Weekly.

GETTING SEEDS TO EAT.

No Wonder This Fellow Made Repeated Calls.

Several days ago Congressman Watson sent several large sacks of flower and garden seeds home for distribution among his constituents. The papers announced this fact, and for three days past there was a constant stream of persons coming to the congressman's law office in Columbus. On the last day a man came up and asked for beans. He was given two packages. He demurred to this, and reached over into the sack and began to fill his pockets. When called down by the attendant the lover of beans said: "I haven't got enough for a mess yet. It takes more than a quart of beans to make a mess for my family."—San Francisco Argonaut.

The Kentucky Way.

"What! You a bluegrass Kentuckian, reared on a farm, and don't know how cider vinegar is made?"

"Fac', sah. We tried it several times, sah, but nevah got beyond the hahd cidah stage, sah, befo' the material all ran out, sah."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Shady Wit.

Shade of Pharaoh's Daughter—"Say, if you were on earth now you'd make a fine sailor."

Shade of Lot's Wife—"Why?"

Shade of Pharaoh's Daughter—"Oh, you're such an old salt, you know."—N. Y. Press.

Switzerland is the land of universities. It has seven, or one to every 428,570 inhabitants, while Germany has twenty-two, or one to every 2,886,360. Russia has a university for every 10,000,000 only.

At Bombay all the Hindoo sentries salute any passing black cat, thinking it may possibly be the soul of an English officer.

Stockholm has the highest death rate from drink of any city in the world—90 in 10,000.

The 100th anniversary of the consecration of Dr. Edward Bass, the first Protestant Episcopal bishop of Massachusetts, will be observed May 7.

10 15 20 30 THESE FIGURES ARE YEARS, YEARS IN WHICH, IN SINGLE INSTANCES, PAINS AND ACHES

Rheumatic, Neuralgic, Sciatic, Lumbagic,

HAVE RAVAGED THE HUMAN FRAME. ST. JACOBS OIL CURED THEM. NO BOAST; THEY ARE SOLID FACTS HELD IN PROOF.

Who opened that bottle of HIRES Rootbeer?



The popping of a cork from a bottle of Hires is a signal of good health and pleasure. A sound the old folks like to hear—the children can't resist it.

HIRES Rootbeer

is composed of the very ingredients the system requires. Aiding the digestion, soothing the nerves, purifying the blood. A temperance drink for temperance people.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Phila. A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

$75 $50 RIDE A CRESCENT BICYCLE. Western Wheel Works MAKERS CHICAGO ILLINOIS CATALOGUE FREE

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

KODAKS $5 Gem and Premo V. Cameras, Vive and Ray. A complete line. J. H. FOUCH & CO., 114-116 Fourth St. South, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS We want one agent in this County to sell to families. Best paying article on earth. We pay all expenses. Address GLYZA CHEM. CO., Washington, D. C.

PATENTS H. B. WILLSON & CO., Washington, D. C. No fee till patent secured. 48-page book free.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.



The Electric Light of Mowerdom

The pine knot—the tallow candle—the oil lamp—gas—these are stages in the evolution of illumination, which today finds its highest exponent in the electric light.

Similar and no less striking has been the evolution of grain and grass cutting machinery. In 1831 the scythe and the cradle were superseded by the McCormick Reaper. The intervening years have seen many improvements, until now we have that model Harvester and Binder, the McCormick Right Hand Open Elevator, and that veritable electric light of mowerdom, the

McCORMICK

New 4. It is not only the handsomest mower ever built, but it is, in every sense of the word, the best—and if your experience has taught you anything, it is that *there's nothing cheaper than the best.*

McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, Chicago.

The Light-Running McCormick Open Elevator Harvester,
The Light-Running McCormick New 4 Steel Mower,
The Light-Running McCormick Vertical Corn Binder and
The Light-Running McCormick Daisy Reaper for sale everywhere.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Deep Diving to Recover Treasure.

The greatest diving feat that was ever attempted was that of the raising of treasure that sank with the steamer near Seal Rocks, New South Wales. News has been received here that every box of sovereigns that went to the bottom has been saved by the men who worked under the sea at a depth of twenty-seven fathoms. The names of the divers are Briggs and May. At times they were subject to a pressure of seventy to seventy-five pounds to the square inch, causing them great suffering. The Catterthun was wrecked in August, 1895, while on the voyage from Sydney to Hong Kong. Fifty-four of her crew and passengers lost their lives, including brave Capt. Shannon. The vessel's cargo consisted of produce and 10,000 pounds in sovereigns.—San Francisco Examiner.

Feared He had Done Wrong.

"I'm very much afraid," said Mr. Meekton, "that I hurt my wife's feelings this afternoon. It was unintentional, but she's terribly sensitive about any insinuation that a woman isn't just as able to take care of herself as a man."

"How did it occur?"

"I was in a horse car, and before I saw who she was I stood up and offered her my seat."—Washington Star.

A Dangerous Lethargy.

The forerunner of a train of evils, which too often culminate fatally, is inactivity or lethargy of the kidneys. Not only is Bright's disease, diabetes, gravel, or some other dangerous integral disease of the organs themselves to be apprehended, but dropsical diffusions from the blood, rheumatism and gout, are all traceable to the non-removal from the blood by the kidneys of certain impurities. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters depurates the blood, renders the kidneys active and prevents their disease.

Money to Slice Up.

A woman puzzled a Boston clerk considerably a few days ago. Her husband is a bank president in Newburyport. The national banks receive their bills in sheets of twelve, which are cut after being signed. The generous president gave one of these sheets to his wife, and she naturally started at once for Boston. After making some purchases in one of the large stores she drew the bills out of her pocketbook and calmly said to the clerk: "Lend me your scissors and I will pay you," thereupon cutting off a bill. The astounded clerk at first refused to receive such money from so open a manufacturer of currency, but finally the matter was explained.

The Other Man Put the Ring On.

"What did that pretty telephone girl say when you asked her for her hand, Chumpley?"

"She looked as though she was in a trance and asked me to please ring off."

Quantum Suff.

Skillet—Why did the jury conclude he was crazy?

Skittle—He'd bought a suburban home on the installment plan.—New York Tribune.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c

There are 49,605,000 dwelling houses in Europe, and 11,400,000 in the United States.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Sweat consists of nearly 99 per cent water and a little over 1 per cent of saline matter.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me large doctor bills.—C. L. Baker, 4228 Regent Sq., Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 8, '95.

Three-fourths of the total population of Russia are engaged in cultivating the soil.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

France has more persons over sixty years of age than any other country; Ireland comes next.

Nearly one-half of the total number of suicides takes place between the hours of 6 a. m. and noon.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER

Beautifies and restores Gray Hair to its original color and vitality; prevents baldness; cures itching and dandruff. A fine hair dressing.

R. P. Hall & Co., Props., Nashua, N. H. Sold by all Druggists.

Perfect Manhood now within the reach of EVERY MAN.

Many men are suffering untold misery, spending their money for medicines good and bad, but for the want of intelligent treatment are being laid away in premature graves. HELP is in the reach of every suffering and weak man. All cases of NERVOUS DISEASES, WEAKNESS, FAILING ENERGIES, VARICOCELE, UNNATURAL LOSSES AND DRAINS, whether they be from the effects of early errors, indiscretions overwork, sickness, or from any cause, we can quickly and permanently cure by the most unfailing methods known to modern medical skill. SMALL, WEAK and SHRUNKEN ORGANS strengthened and developed to a perfect and healthy condition. Almost all cases of Consumption Rheumatism, Catarrh, Kidney and Liver Complaints, can be traced to these diseases, and by applying the proper remedies a cure can always be effected. Many men suffering from these diseases are like drowning men, grasping after mere straws, such as Free Prescriptions, Free Treatments, etc., only to find themselves duped by some fraudulent C. O. D. druggist or medicine company. STOP experimenting. We give a legal Bond or Guarantee to cure or refund your money. Treatment at home as well as here: same price, same guarantee. To those who prefer to come here we will contract to refund railroad fare and hotel expenses if we fail to cure. $250,000 capital stock back of our absolute Guarantee to cure or refund your money. If you are tired of quackery, if you have any of the above symptoms that make life a miserable existence, WRITE US and we will send FREE a valuable paper fully explaining these diseases, and our methods of the most perfect, reliable and effective treatments known to medical science. Correspondence strictly confidential. (No medicines sent until ordered.) Address

STATE MEDICAL CO., OMAHA, NEB (Of Nebraska. Incorporated.)

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

N. W. N. U. No. 21—1897

GUNS AND AMMUNITION at Wholesale Prices to Everybody. Send for Gun Catalogue giving wholesale price. We sell more sporting goods than any other house in the Northwest. Tents, Hunting Coats, Hats, Caps, Belts, Boots, Shell Boxes, Dog Whips, Collars, Biscuits. Buy your Tents and Guns of us sure.

FREE—The following Catalogues on receipt of 2c each to pay postage on them: Baby Carriage Catalogue, Agricultural Implement Catalogue, Harness Buggies, Musical Instruments Cat., Bicycle Cat., Drug Cat., Stove Catalogue. Send 15c and our large Supply Catalogue, containing 640 pages and over 100,000 cuts and prices, will be sent express paid.

T. M. ROBERTS SUPPLY HOUSE, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

A GREAT deal of nonsense has been written—and believed, about blood purifiers. What purifies the blood?

THE KIDNEYS PURIFY THE BLOOD AND THEY ALONE.

If diseased, however, they cannot, and the blood continually becomes more impure. Every drop of blood in the body goes through the kidneys, the sewers of the system, every three minutes, night and day, while life endures.

Warner's Safe Cure

puts the kidneys in perfect health, and nature does the rest.

The heavy, dragged out feeling, the bilious attacks, headaches, nervous unrest, fickle appetite, all caused by poisoned blood, will disappear when the kidneys properly perform their functions.

There is no doubt about this. Thousands have so testified. The theory is right, the cure is right and health follows as a natural sequence.

Be self-convinced through personal proof.

Between Two Fires.

The Fiancee—I'm very much displeased with Jack, and I'm half inclined to break off the engagement.

The Confidante—You won't do that, will you?

The Fiancee—Well, I dislike to do it, because, you know, mamma has been so violently opposed to our marriage.—Puck.

Excursion to Free Homes in the Northwest.

Those who are paying rent or carrying mortgages, or young men without prospects of getting a home where land is high in price, should note that the Canadian government has a large area of fine farming land which it gives to persons over eighteen years of age. Soil produces all staple crops. Climate similar to this. Good stock and dairy country. An excursion will leave St. Paul and Minneapolis Monday, May 24, 1897, to examine these lands. Don't be mislead about for-away places you know nothing about, but select while the chance is open a free farm of 160 acres, to which the railway fare is low and will not eat up a large share of your capital. For publications and further information address Benjamin Davies, Emigration Agent, Canadian Government, 154 East Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

A Doubter.

Weathers—Do you think any of these detective stories have any foundation in fact?

Raines—Me? I wouldn't believe a detective under oath.—Typographical Journal.

Thanks to the Oyster.

She—Oh, Jack, here's a pearl in this oyster!

He (excitedly)—Ethel, may—may I have it set in an engagement ring?—Pick-Me-Up.

The editor of this paper advises his readers that a free package of Peruviana, the best kidney and liver cure on earth, will be delivered FREE to any sufferer, if written for promptly. PERUVIANA REMEDY CO., 286 5th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Supplying All Wants.

The Peddler—I have the most excellent silver polish.

The Lady of the House—Don't need it. I haven't got any silver.

"Well, then, it will take grease spots out of wall paper."

"Haven't got any wall paper."

"Then it will renew the curl in feathers."

"Haven't got any feathers."

"Well, then, it will make oil paintings look like new."

"Haven't got any oil paintings."

"Well, then, a little taken internally will make you feel as if you had some of these things. Good day."—From Answers.

The Modern Plea.

Lawyer—Did you kill your cousin only, and no other member of the family?

Prisoner—Yes; only my cousin.

Lawyer—What a pity! Had you but murdered the whole family I might have got you off on the plea of emotional insanity.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Curious Cargoes.

Liverpool receives some curious shipments at times. Cargoes of turtles and other live and dead animals, casks of leeches, shiploads of bones from battle fields, of human mummies from the Egyptian tombs, and of dead cats from the cat cemeteries of the same country, are among the most remarkable.

His Appearance Belied Him.

"I jist escaped from the Mississippi floods," said the man at the door for something to eat. "I wus in the water three days."

"You haven't been in the water for three years," declared the woman, as she slammed the door and shot the bolt.

Too Close for Comfort.

"Is the concern that employs you a close corporation?"

"I should say. I have been trying to get a raise of salary for eight years."—New York Journal.

The girls of South Lubec, Me., successfully conducted a woodsawing bee one day recently.

It is stated that a Beethoven circle to last three weeks is to be held in Berlin in 1898, during which time all the works of that composer are to be given.

AN EXAMPLE.

The Story of a Man Literally Rescued From Death.

To the Sagacity and Instinct of the Indian, Does He Attribute His Recovery.

A slight pain or a little distress after eating,—not enough consequence, you think, to do anything for it. But this is a symptom and warning that you have some derangement of the stomach. If neglected, Chronic Dyspepsia results, and let this continue, as it surely will, unless attended to, a disease of the stomach takes place, that becomes incurable. Gastric ulcers form on the lining of this most delicate organ. They eat into its tender membrane



and destroy its tissue and mar its power to perform its ordinary functions, and such food as should be taken to be of benefit to the body, only causes pain. The blood becomes emaciated from the discharges of these loathsome and ever-eating ulcers, until at last the patient dies from sheer exhaustion or from internal hemorrhage should one of the life consuming sores perforate some artery.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa is the great blood purifier. For diseases of the stomach, liver and kidney it is a positive cure. Not only is relief given instantly, but a new lease on life is quickly effected. In this connection, Mr. Frank Boardran of Verndale, Minn., writes:—

"Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co., Gentlemen:—I have been a great sufferer for years from Dyspepsia. Could eat nothing without great pain. Tried many remedies without relief. The least particle of fat in my food caused me the most intense pain. As a last resort, I purchased a bottle of Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. Imagine my joy, when I found what it had accomplished. It cured me. I am now strong and healthy. Can eat anything and relish what I eat. Sufferers from Dyspepsia should not fail to take this grandest of medicines. I would not be without it. Yours Respectfully,
FRANK BOARDRAN."

Remember that Kickapoo Indian Sagwa is sold at all druggists at $1. per bottle.

THE MAD AERIALIST.



A BEAUTIFUL woman in midair on the flying trapeze, however expert, is not so much of a novelty or sensational attraction as when I was actively engaged in vaudeville management. The theaters and circuses, if not "the woods," are full of them now, but then the appearance of a female in such a hazardous performance was indeed "a drawing card," and drawing cards that actually bring money to the box-office are not so plentiful as some imagine. For instance, pretentious artists with salaries far in excess of their merits.

Folsom had written enthusiastically about the wonderful woman from London, stating that she had "set Paris crazy." Peraps she had, but I noted no report of an insurrection in that gay capital. My foreign agent, besides being an excellent judge of the commercial value of an act, was an enthusiast, and would go to no end of travel or expense in his endeavor to secure the startling. If the treasury survived his demands Folsom could be relied upon to outdo all rivals.

It was fortunate that the agent's announcement of the engagement of Zarena, at such an enormous figure, arrived at a time when I was turning away people, and making money hand over fist. Otherwise I don't know what the effect would have been. I have remarked that Folsom was an enthusiast, and I made some allowance for his ardor when he wrote that the charming and daring lady was "a star gazer, a regular beaut." I smiled at Folsom's glowing description of his prize aerialist, and then I smiled at the name, Zarena, evidently one of those made-to-order professional cognomens, then, as now, so popular.

Why, I know a whole tribe of really great Z artists, from Zaezel to Zuila.

It was not until the approach of Zarena's date that I looked over the billing matter, and then I learned for the first time that the sensation of the century had a male partner, who did a good part of the work, while the lady fair gathered in the greatest part of the gain and all the glory.

Zarena arrived on time, and she was the Frenchiest of the French, and more beautiful even than Mr. Folsom's most flattering pen picture, and was altogether entrancing and engaging. But, as she explained, she had "one little trouble."

Whatever that "little trouble" was it seeemed to sit lightly on her head, for she laughed as she explained.

A male partner for her act was necessary. And the man had to do a good share of the act, but the great feature of the performance, the "flight for life" from the topmost gallery to the hands of the man hanging head down on the trapeze, was hers. All of which statement and explanation was wound up with the announcement:

"I want a man."

"But where is the gentleman with whom you have been performing?" I asked, it occurring to me that the certainty and the success of the act, if not the safety, might be imperiled by the change.

The pretty artist became very red in the face, hesitated, and then, with the accompaniment of a ringing laugh, exclaimed:

"Fool, he make too much love, and I dismiss him!"

I laughed too, fully comprehending the situation. Zarena further explained:

"Any American man what do aerial act do just as well with few practice. See? And I no like to do act with



SHE STORMED AND RAVED.

man in love. Man in love not in his right brains; let me fall and break my neck. You comprehend?"

I comprehended and nodded, then the little Frenchwoman, who was all business, informed me in her best English, and that was not very good, that she wanted me to prepare an advertisement for an expert aerial artist.

The advertisement was prepared, inserted, and accomplished the desired result, and the pert and pretty Zarena reported that her practice with the new man was highly satisfactory. That was their affair, and I knew little about their progress until up to the very day of the first public appearance in America of the dashing and daring Frenchwoman.

Then we came in contact and animated discussion. The auditorium of the theater was a lofty one, the seats occupying a parquet and four circles, and a great part of the act was to be performed way up under the frescoed ceiling, where the performers would look like a couple of flies. And all the dangerous and extra hazardous feats were to be performed without the protection of a safety net. Against such a foolhardy exhibition I protested, and declared that the rule of the house should be insisted on: "A net must be used in the performance of all aerial acts, when the exhibition is given above the heads of the audience."

Then I found out that my beautiful Queen of the Air had a will of her own. Heavens, how she stormed and raged in French, and when she reached the height of the tempest she let out a good round North American:

"Damn!"

Then, being out of breath, or greatly relieved, she subsided for a moment, and then renewed her excitement, and made known her state of mind by asserting that she would leave for Paris the very next day, if she had to swim.

Rather than to have the pretty spitfire drown I let her have her way, and her way came near costing her her life.

By the time for Zarena's appearance I had become so nervous and overwrought through anxiety and excitement that I could have wished the French minx and all the rest of the aerial female Z.'s "in the deep bosom of the ocean buried."

How many times in the course of his career does a manager solemnly vow that he will never admit another danger-defying aerial act to his theater, and then go and put the most dangerous one he can find in his programme at the first opportunity?

Everything was at sixes and sevens, anyway, in front of the house that night, because the Frenchwoman had drawn to an overflow, and there were too many people in the house for comfort. The doorkeepers seemed to have lost their heads, and were snappish and uncivil, and the ushers were anything but polite and obliging. On the whole, I guess I was rattled myself.

"Here she comes! Ain't she a daisy?" called an irrepressible small boy in the top gallery.

The Frenchwoman came out and I went out.

From my office den I could hear the cheering reception to the lady from France; then came a crash from the orchestra, and the great midair perils begun. I didn't want to see them, but I couldn't keep away, and I felt rather surprised at myself when I became a part of the audience and was craning my neck to catch a glimpse of the tiny figures as they appeared evoluting at a giddy height aloft.

It made me feel quite dizzy to look at them, and I turned away to note the averted gaze of others. I started to return to the office, mentally vowing:

"This is the last."

At the office door I turned back again to view the dangerous performances. A great hush was upon the audience. I believe that I could hear everybody's heart beat. Mine was thumping at a fearful rate.

Out of the stillness I heard a hissing command from the lips of the man!

The Frenchwoman answered in an excitable undertone. There was a quick passage of words, the tennor of which no one could catch. Were they quarreling up there over the heads of the audience?

Words, more words, and fierce words!

I was in a frenzy if they were not.

Suddenly the woman made a dash down the elaborate rigging suspended from the act; to me it appeared as if she was attempting to escape the man, her pursuer, who was close upon her. The audience took the movement for a part of the performance, and applauded, but intuition told me that something was occurring "not down on the bills."

Evidently fear lent celerity to the woman's movements. I took it that she was fleeing from him.

The pursuer shrieked a horrible oath, and was upon the little Frenchwoman just as she reached the bar of a suspended trapeze.

"Help! Help! My God, the man is mad!"

At her agonizing cry many of the audience sprang to their feet, just as many others swooned.

Who was to help, and from whence was the aid to come?

The lunatic was already attempting to unloose the woman's hold on the trapeze.

Part of what next occurred I did not see. I heard the voice of a man in an upper circle cry in French:

"Hold! I come!"

The next instant the figure of a man clinging to a rope required for the finish of the "flight for life" shot across the space with unerring aim, and a powerful arm wrested the woman from her perilous position. And then the fools of auditors, thinking that what they had seen was "a part of the show," made the theater ring with cheers.

As that act, thank the Lord, was the last number on the bill, such of the audience as were not overcome found their way out, and the others were sent home when they were sufficiently recovered.

The shock to the Frenchwoman was a terrible one, but she came out of it thankful for her narrow escape and grateful to her former discarded partner, who had devotedly followed her from Paris and been the means of saving her life.

In all the hubbub the lunatic had walked off in his tights, and such attire in the street being unusual, he had promptly fallen into the hands of the police, and in due time was placed in such keeping as to insure safety both to himself and others. Upon after investigation it was learned that the unfortunate aerialist had suffered a severe fall during the previous season, resulting in an injury to his head, which unfitted him from following his calling.

For the remainder of the engagement the Frenchwoman's now accepted admirer appeared in their astounding aerial act. After that they returned to Paris, to indulge in the perpetual bliss which forever finds place in two loving hearts.

TAXATION AND SUFFRAGE.

The Case of a Connecticut Woman in 1874.

At the legislative hearing given in Connecticut on woman suffrage Judge Hooker recalled the fact that for many years he and his friends had appealed to the legislature of Connecticut to grant suffrage to colored men and had met with "contemptuous refusal," says the Boston Transcript. They then petitioned that colored people should not be taxed, since they were not represented. This was conceded; and from 1844 until 1871 the real and personal property of colored persons in Connecticut was exempted from taxation. Judge Hooker read a letter written in 1874 by the late Amos A. Lawrence of Massachusetts to Abby Smith, a Connecticut woman who had allowed her property to be sold for taxes as a protest against taxation without representation. Mr. Lawrence wrote:

"My Dear Madam: Your action will be highly beneficial in bringing the subject to public notice and in leading to the correction of a great injustice. The taxation of the property of women without allowing them any representation, even in town affairs, is so unfair that it seems only necessary to bring it to public view and make it odious and to bring about a change. Your case has its parallel in every township of New England. In the town where this is written a widow pays into the town treasury $7,830 a year, while 600 men pay $1,200 in all. Another lady pays $5,042. Yet neither has a single vote, not even by proxy. That is, each one of 600 men who have no property, who pay only a poll tax, has the power of voting away the property of the town, while the female owners have no power at all. Please to accept the sympathy and respect of one of your fellow citizens. No doubt you will have it from all in due time, or, at any rate from all who love to see fair play. Very truly yours,

AMOS A. LAWRENCE."

Judge Hooker has petitioned for the granting of suffrage to tax-paying women.

A Brave Kangaroo.

A very pathetic story comes from Australia describing a kangaroo's daring for the sake of her young. The owner of a country station was sitting one evening on the balcony outside his house when he was surprised to notice a kangaroo lingering about, alternately approaching and retiring from the house, as though half in doubt and fear what to do. At last she approached the water pails, and, taking a young one from her pouch, held it to the water to drink. While the baby was satisfying its thirst the mother was quivering all over with excitement, for she was only a few feet from the balcony on which one of her greatest foes was sitting waching her. The little one, having finished drinking, it was replaced in the pouch and the old kangaroo started off at a rapid pace. When the natural timidity of the kangaroo is taken into account, it will be recognized what astonishing bravery this affectionate mother displayed.

Official Corruption in China.

A striking picture of the official corruption that prevails in China is afforded by some diplomatic reports submitted by the English foreign office to the houses of parliament at Westminster. Among other things it is shown that so great is the stealing that, were the imperial government to abolish the rice tribute from the provinces of Kingsu and Che-kiang alone, it would effect an economy of more than $2,000,000, which is the sum that its collection now costs over and above the revenue that it yields.

Every freeman must expect to look out for himself.

VILLAGE LOST TO VIEW

THE HOME OF CHIEF POKAGON AND HIS BAND.

Not a Trace of the Old Town Is Left—Good Indian Who Ruled His Tribe in Southern Michigan—His Heart Was Broken.



BERRIEN county is the site of the last of the Pottawattomie villages in southern Michigan, says the Detroit Free Press. It was the home of old Chief Pokagon and his band and the birthplace of the present chief, Simon Pokagon, who is now engaged in writing his father's biography. There is nothing about the spot to indicate that it was ever a place of human habitation. In a valley running back from the St. Joseph river about a mile to the west, at the head of a rippling, winding little brook, surrounded by hills and on two sides by heavy oak forests, it lies, a peaceful, picturesque little nook of farm land rarely ever cultivated, seldom visited save by the farmer's boy who goes to bring home the cows grazing where the wigwams stood a half century ago, or by the relic hunter who knows its history. It is hidden from the highway and not a trace of the old town is left. How old it was no one now living can tell. The few log huts that Pokagon and his followers with their little families occupied looked to the first white settlers who saw them sixty-seven years ago, as if they were about ready to tumble down and they might have been built seventy-five or 100 years before that time. Probably an Indian village had been there around the bubbling spring that formed the source of the little brook for many generations. The numerous relics of the stone and copper variety found in the vicinity would indicate this.

Pokagon was a pious Indian. On one of the hills overlooking the village was a log chapel where he and his people worshiped according to the rites of the Catholic church, taught them by their fathers. How long the chapel had been built is not known, but it may have been one of the missions established more than 200 years ago by Father Claude Allouez, the pioneer missionary of the region, whose ashes are reposing somewhere along the St. Joseph river, the exact spot of his burial place not being known. In 1759 the English drove the French from this region and took possession of the territory, dissolving all these missions. They were not re-established for nearly 100 years afterward, and during that period, although the Indians were deprived of the care and instruction of the priests, they did not forget the forms of the church.

In the latter part of the '20s Pokagon made a pilgrimage to Detroit to implore the church authorities to send a "black robe," the Indian name for priest, among his people. His speech to the vicar-general of the bishop of Cincinnati, Father Gabriel Richard, on this occasion, is on record. It was an earnest and effective plea. "I implore you," he said, "to send us a black robe to teach us the word of God. If you have no care for us old men, at least have pity on our poor children, who are growing up in ignorance and vice.

"We still preserve the manner of prayer as taught our ancestors by the black robe who formerly resided at St. Joseph. Morning and evening with my wife and children we pray together before the crucifix. Sunday we pray together oftener. On Friday we fast all evening, men, women and children, according to the traditions handed down to us by our fathers and mothers, for we have never seen a black robe. Listen to the prayers which he taught to them and see if I have not learned them correctly." Then the old chief fell on his knees, made the signs and repeated the prayers of the church, the creed and the ten commandments in the Pottawattomie tongue.

The result of the plea was the sending of Father Stephen Theodore Badin, the first Catholic priest ordained in the United States, who came to Indiana in 1829 and for several years had charge of all the missions in southern Michigan and northern Indiana. He established a mission two miles north of South Bend that eventually developed into the great Notre Dame university of today. He was the religious instructor of Pokagon's band as long as they stayed at the old village and there are a number of old residents of the vicinity that heard Father Badin preach in the little log church on the hill. The church itself has long since been taken away, but the foundation remains. Down the valley on the bank of the river was the burying place of Pokagon town and the old cedar cross with its holzontal arm gone is still standing. It was there when the first white settlers came into the region.

Pokagon is represented by some historical writers as the leader of a band of Pottawattomies in a battle with the Shawnees in the days before the whites at Three Rivers, but this can be classed as fiction, as Pokagon was wholly averse to fighting, and his whole aim was to keep his people from war. Again, he is said to have been at the massacre of Fort Dearborn in 1812 in the capacity of peacemaker and to have been the one who brought Capt. Heald and his wife away from the bloody affray at Chicago and across the lake to St. Joseph. This is not believed to be true by some of the older residents, who were acquainted with Pokagon. He never made any such claim to them, though he had been heard to say that he used all his power to keep the Pottawattomies in that locality from taking part in the massacre, and himself went to St. Joseph to dissuade Topinabee from taking his men there. Pokagon doubtless was with Topinabee and was one of those who received Capt. Heald at St. Joseph and helped him to get to Mackinac and Detroit. The most authentic records of the massacre to be had give the credit of assisting Capt. Heald and his wife to escape to John Baptiste Chandonia, a nephew of Topinabee, and who died at South Bend in 1837, and whose remains lie in the city cemetery, though in an unknown and unmarked grave.

Pokagon, after the treaty of 1833, the signing of which nearly broke his heart, as it took from him the home of his childhood and old age and scattered his people broadcast over the land, remained at the old town for several years, then went over into Cass county, where, in the Silver creek district, a few miles north of Dowagiac, he established another village and built a church. He lived but a few years and his ashes repose under the church, which is located in a picturesque spot on the banks of a charming little lake.

A Disagreeable Consequence.

"You say you hate to visit your rich relatives? Why? Don't they treat you well?"

"Oh, yes, they always do everything they can to make it pleasant for us, but my wife never gets through complaining until about two weeks after each visit because we are not as well off as they."—Cleveland Leader.

Mistakes.

It is better to make mistakes than to sit idle and inactive and view all things from a pessimistic standpoint. Dead people are the only ones who do not make mistakes.—Rev. Charles G. Ames.

THE LANGUAGE OF CRIME.

Some of the Terms Are Very Interesting.

Every language has a syntax peculiar to itself, but in the patois of the criminal no attempt is made of changing anything but the lexicon, says the Popular Science Monthly. It bears the same resemblance to the parent language that a pile of cogwheels does to a watch. They are not a watch, but neither are they a new machine. Thus we must regard the argot only as a dialect in which debased terms replace the words of the parent tongue, in which the innate laziness of the criminal has effaced all words of any length and has simplified the pronunciation wherever the correct form requires anything but an elementary combination of sounds.

Let us examine some of these transformations and synonyms.

The general tendency of the criminal to reduce the abstract to the concrete to denote the substantive by one of its attributes, is shown very clearly in his synecdochical phraseology. Thus a purse is a leather; a street car is a short, comparing its length with a railroad car; a handkerchief is a wipe, and a pair of shoes a pair of kicks.

Again, some of the terms appear to be purely arbitrary and were it not that the creative power is absent in criminals as in women I should not hesitate to state it as a fact. But it seems wiser to conclude merely that the origin of these terms has become a fact. To suppose that they were created would be in too distinct contradiction to all obtainable evidence, indirect though it may be. Such expressions are to kip, meaning to sleep; to spiel, to make a speech; jerve, a waistcoat pocket; thimble, a watch; to do a lam, meaning to run.

Some of the expression are very descriptive. To run from a police officer is to do a hot foot. A person who is always listening to other people's conversation is called a rubberneck. The word push, meaning a crowd, is occasionally seen in the newspapers. To be arrested is to be pinched; to be convicted is to fall. To refuse a person's appeal is to give him the marble heart. Such expressions require no explanation.

LUNCH FOR BUSINESS GIRLS.

The Food Will Have Greater "Relish" If Daintily Arranged.

"The putting up the cold lunch is no easy matter, as many mothers realize when they find the question before them," writes Phebe Westcott Humphreys in the Ladies' Home Journal. "The wise mother, however, is ever on the alert, and many savory compounds, in the way of potted meats, etc., are prepared, in connection with the home cookery, that are quickly sliced and invitingly arranged in the lunch-basket, and help to form a plentiful, nourishing lunch. The first consideration in preparing these lunches should be healthfulness, yet daintiness is of equal importance. It is an easy matter to make the home luncheon attractive, even when served cold: the white table linen and attractive table appointments seem to impart a certain 'relish' to the food. One of the first requisites for a dainty lunch should be a lunch box or basket that can be readily scalded and kept sweet and clean, and waxed paper and Japanese napkins, or a quantity of linen napkins, to separate the articles of food. Waxed paper is especially important, as pickles, sandwiches, cake, or anything that is wrapped in it, may be kept fresh without destroying the flavor of the other. A corner in the dresser drawer well stocked with these papers, with the doilies, etc., and the small glasses, with tight-fitting lids, should be a part of the regular kitchen furnishing in every home where cold lunches are to be put up each day."

Koch's Improved Tuberculin.

A highly important scientific announcement will shortly be made by Prof. Robert Koch. It will be remembered that his tuberculin did not answer the expectations placed in it, and that the general enthusiasm with which the discovery was hailed was soon followed by disappointment. Since then Dr. Koch has uninterruptedly worked at its improvement, and the Berlin "Localanzeiger" now learns that the great bacteriologist has succeeded in so improving the lymph that its healing power has been considerably increased, and that the injurious aftereffects which followed the injections are now removed.

A Grateful Memory.

"You must miss your husband very much, Mrs. de Lynn."

"Miss him! I should say I did. He was the only man I could ever trust darling Fido with." And she wiped away a pensive tear.—Detroit Free Press.

FOREIGN NOTES.

Electric jaunting cars are run from Brighton, England, to the neighboring points of interest.

Italy had 10,450 white troops engaged at Adava; of these 3,097 were killed in the battle.

At Konjica in Herzegovina a sanctuary of Mithra was recently discovered, being the first ever found in the Balkan peninsula.

Dr. Nobel's will, turning nearly all his property into a fund to further the advancement of science, is contested by the late inventor's relatives.

Edinbugh drunkards find a mixture of methylated spirits and naphtha or paraffine a cheap and effective intoxicant. They call it dynamite.

Rudolf Zeller, the Viennese operetta composer, has been found guilty of fraud and perjury and sentenced to one year's imprisonment at hard labor.

Birmingham has already sent out 15,000,000 jubilee medals and 6,000,000 jubilee brooches, but complains of competition from cheaper medals made in Germany.

Cairo's new Museum of Egyptian Antiquities, which will cover 13,000 square metres and cost $550,000, has been begun, the young khedive laying the corner stone.

New South Wales has spent $12,000,000 for habors in forty years, exclusive of the cost of the port of Sydney, and will spend $1,500,000 for the same purpose this year.

England and Germany have agreed on free trade for the Sooloo islands, over which Spain asserts sovereignty. Arms, ammunition, and alcohol are the only dutiable articles.

London is suffering from a brick famine on account of the building boom in the suburbs. In the last few weeks bricks have gone from $2 to $3 a thousand above the normal price.

Cyclists are urged to celebrate the queen's jubilee by overhauling the milestones throughout the United Kingdom and seeing that they are put in place, painted and correctly lettered.

Gerome, the painter, has sent a remarkable equestrian statuette, one-fifth the natural size, of "Bonaparte in Egypt" to the Salon. Napoleon is represented dressed in early Egyptian costume.

Gen. de Charette, who formerly commanded the Papal Zouaves, recently visited Pope Leo with the object of bringing about a reconciliation between the Duc d'Orleans and the vatican.

The oldest house in Maine is said to be the Sylvester house at Small Point, the age of which is put at 150 years.

SUGGESTIONS FOR MODERN STABLE.

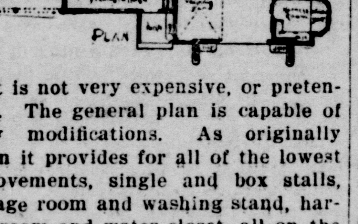
(Copyrighted, 1897, by Co-operative Building Plan Association.)

The great vogue of the bicycle, the extension of trolley railroads, and the introduction of the auto-Mobile cabs, have called out many dismal predictions from the horseman. The public has been told times without number that the reign of the horse is forever over. In illustration of this statement the unprecedentedly low prices at which horses have lately been sold are quoted, and there comes grewsome stories from the wild and woolly west of the shooting of entire herds of horses on the ranges, in order to save the pasture for the more valuable beef creatures. As a supplement to these tales, it is ever said that canning factories have been established, where horseflesh is put up in potted form for unsuspecting foreigners. The paragraphers and cartoonists have had their fling at the subject, and if one should take the signs of the times, everything would seem to point to the virtual extinction of the equine species in the not remote future. But those who love man's best friend and servant among the dumb beasts, and who do not care to surrender him for steeds of steel or naphtha fed cabs, need not be unduly alarmed. In fact, horse flesh would seem to be an excellent investment at this very moment. With the fall in prices that was due to a variety of seasons, horse breeding has been given adequate re-



turns for the past few years, and more brood mares have come upon the market than ever before in an equal space of time. Comparatively few foals have been born, and prices are bound to rise before long. Aside from all questions of value, few people who live in suburban places care to be without horses, and the question of housing them suitably has to be met by a large proportion of builders. The carriage house and stable must be influenced more or less by the nature of the ground and the relative position of the house to which it belongs. The general rule, of course, is that it should be inconspicuous, or if it is where it must be seen, it should not suffer in comparison with the finished villa. At the same time its subordinate character must be born in mind so that it may not detract from the dignity of the dwelling, even if the general style of the house is followed in the matter of architecture.

The ornamentation must be far less profuse and ornate. Extreme simplicity combined with strong and artistic lines always give the best results. The accompanying plans show a stable that would grace any suburban place, and



yet it is not very expensive, or pretentious. The general plan is capable of many modifications. As originally drawn it provides for all of the lowest improvements, single and box stalls, carriage room and washing stand, harness room and water closet, all on the first flower. On the second floor provision is made for the hay loft and the quarters of the coachman. The foundation is of stone, the exterior rough clapboards and shingles upon which if we used red and green stain the effect is admirable.

THE DEAF GIRL UNDERSTOOD.

Young Man's Tender Remark to His True Love.

It doesn't always pay to express your inmost thought even guardedly in the presence of deaf mutes, says the Boston Record. A story was told at the meeting of the Woman Suffrage Association yesterday afternoon which showed conclusively the wisdom of the above remark. A devoted couple who, apparently, had been long separated were thrust suddenly into each other's company at a largely attended reception. The lady who told the story said that she was present in company with an educated deaf girl. The happy reunited pair displayed fully the thoughts that were in their hearts by the beam upon their countenances. Suddenly the young man drew near to the one whom he adored and said in a low tone, inaudible to those about him, a few seemingly affectionate words. The deaf girl watched the proceedings with intense interest and suddenly broke into a broad grin. Her companion inquired what it was that amused her. She turned about so that the couple could not see her and replied:

"That man said, 'If all these people were not here I'd kiss you. If they don't get out of the way pretty soon I shall have to before them.' The girl replied: 'Then I shall scream.'"

The deaf girl understood their words by the motion of their lips.

Captured a What-Is-It.

"What is it" is the first question asked by any person who views the queer animal caught in the Columbia river in Washington recently. "That's just what it is—a what-is-it," is the invariable reply. This strange creature rose to a hook just like a fish and was landed after much trouble. It had the head of turtle, the body of a fish, the tail of a giant lobster, and the flippers of a seal. What is perhaps most extraordinary is the heavy coat of black fur upon the body. This fur resembles more than anything else the coat of a black cat. The thing had no teeth, but its jaws were strong as any turtle's.

Story of the Duke of Leeds.

The Duke of Leeds, who, it is said, will succeed Lord Aberdeen as governor-general of Canada, when in parliament as the Marquis of Carmarthen, was the youngest member in the commons, and the youngest looking until he grew a beard. It is told of him that on the day of his election some one asked him: "Say, boy, does your mother know you're out?" "Yes," promptly replied the youthful politician, "and when the votes are counted to-night she will know I am in." The family of the duke—the Osborne—is one of the oldest and most aristocratic in all the peerage.

Opportunity.

There is in the minds and hearts of many people a profound conviction that a new era of aggressive work is about to be ushered in; that a new day is already breaking—a day of most glorious opportunity.—Rev. John W. Lyell.

The Crucial Test.

He—Why shouldn't we be happy together? Our tastes are similar, our friends the same and—and—and we ride the same make of wheel, too. She—Yes, but what make of saddle do you use?—Judge.

Speculation.

In the beginning great wealth was accumulated by thrift, industry, and enterprise. In these days the popular method of getting rich is by speculation.—Rev. Charles H. Eaton.

A SCIENTIST SAVED

President Barnaby, of Hartsville College, Survives a Serious Illness Through the Aid of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

From the Republican, Columbus, Ind.

The Hartsville College, situated at Hartsville, Indiana, was founded years ago in the interest of the United Brethren Church, when the state was mostly a wilderness, and colleges were scarce. The college is well known throughout the country, former students having gone into all parts of the world.



PROF. ALVIN P. BARNABY.

A reporter recently called at this famous seat of learning and was shown into the room of the President, Prof. Alvin P. Barnaby. When last seen by the reporter Prof. Barnaby was in delicate health. To-day he was apparently in the best of health. In response to an inquiry the professor said:

"Oh, yes, I am much better than for some time. I am now in perfect health; but my recovery was brought about in rather a peculiar way."

"Tell me about it," said the reporter.

"Well, to begin at the beginning," said the professor, "I studied too hard when at school, endeavoring to educate myself for the professions. After completing the common course I came here, and graduated from the theological course. I entered the ministry, and accepted the charge of a United Brethren Church at a small place in Kent County, Mich. Being of an ambitious nature, I applied myself diligently to my work and studies. In time I noticed that my health was failing. My trouble was indigestion, and this with other troubles brought on nervousness.

"My physician prescribed for me for some some time, and advised me to take a change of climate. I did as he requested and was some improved. Soon after, I came here as professor in physics and chemistry, and later was financial agent of this college. The change agreed with me, and for a while my health was better, but my duties were heavy, and again I found my trouble returning. This time it was more severe and in the winter I became completely prostrated. I tried various medicines and different physicians. Finally, I was able to return to my duties. Last spring I was elected president of the college. Again I had considerable work, and the trouble, which had not been entirely cured, began to affect me, and last fall I collapsed. I had different doctors, but none did me any good. Professor Bowman, who is professor of natural science, told me of his experience with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and urged me to give them a trial, because they had benefited him in a similar case, and I concluded to try them.

"The first box helped me, and the second gave great relief, such as I had never experienced from the treatment of any physician. After using six boxes of the medicine I was entirely cured. To-day I am perfectly well. I feel better and stronger than for years. I certainly recommend this medicine."

To allay all doubt Prof. Barnaby cheerfully made an affidavit before

LYMAN J. SCUDDER, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk, or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Long-Distance Riding.

For riding long distances, the great secret is—keep an even, steady pace, and cut down the stops. Order your meals to be ready beforehand, if possible, and avoid strictly any unnecessary delays on the way, such as stops for altering the position of saddle or handles, which should be placed absolutely right before starting; dismounting to ask the way—which ought to have been made perfectly familiar by previous riding over the whole course, a part at a time—or pauses to extract small eatables, etc., from a bag—all things that may be wanted should be carried in a light basket fixed upright on a carrier, and easily unfastened with one hand while riding, says the Irish Cyclist. The comfort and ease of a long ride depends immensely on the proper management of such small details as the above.

AN AMERICAN VIOLIN WOOD.

Excellence of the Bar Maple Grown on the Pacific Coast.

It has been recently discovered that the bar maple wood grown in Washington is superior to any wood yet tried in the manufacture of small stringed instruments, such as violins. This is verified by the practical experience and testimony of a well-known Chicago instrument maker. He found that the Washington maple is superior to any he has used, and he has heretofore been importing maple from the mountain regions of Switzerland as the best he could find in the world. The Washington maple seems to possess the necessary qualities of being very difficult to split, capacity for satiny finish, resonance, strength and lightness in the superlative degrees. While the demand for such wood does not call for any great amount, it is steadily increasing, and will almost command its own price. As an instance of the superiority of some American-made instruments, a purchaser sent to Europe recently for a high-priced instrument and when it was received it was found to be the product of the aforesaid manufacturer.—Philadelphia Record.

A Possibility.

Guest—Waiter, I ordered cheese.

Waiter—Yes, sah; I brought it, sah; right there, sah.

Guest—Humph! One little piece! Was that all you were given?

Waiter—(anxious for the credit of the establishment)—They gen'ly gives three or four pieces of cheese, sah. Maybe some of 'em got away.—New York Weekly.

GETTING SEEDS TO EAT.

No Wonder This Fellow Made Repeated Calls.

Several days ago Congressman Watson sent several large sacks of flower and garden seeds home for distribution among his constituents. The papers announced this fact, and for three days past there was a constant stream of persons coming to the congressman's law office in Columbus. On the last day a man came up and asked for beans. He was given two packages. He demurred to this, and reached over into the sack and began to fill his pockets. When called down by the attendant the lover of beans said: "I haven't got enough for a mess yet. It takes more than a quart of beans to make a mess for my family."—San Francisco Argonaut.

The Kentucky Way.

"What! You a bluegrass Kentuckian, reared on a farm, and don't know how cider vinegar is made?"

"Fac', sah. We tried it several times, sah, but nevah got beyond the hahd cidah stage, sah, befo' the material all ran out, sah."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Shady Wit.

Shade of Pharaoh's Daughter—"Say, if you were on earth now you'd make a fine sailor."

Shade of Lot's Wife—"Why?"

Shade of Pharaoh's Daughter—"Oh, you're such an old salt, you know."—N. Y. Press.

Switzerland is the land of universities. It has seven, or one to every 428,570 inhabitants, while Germany has twenty-two, or one to every 2,886,360. Russia has a university for every 10,000,000 only.

At Bombay all the Hindoo sentries salute any passing black cat, thinking it may possibly be the soul of an English officer.

Stockholm has the highest death rate from drink of any city in the world—90 in 10,000.

The 100th anniversary of the consecration of Dr. Edward Bass, the first Protestant Episcopal bishop of Massachusetts, will be observed May 7.

10 15 THESE FIGURES ARE YEARS, YEARS IN WHICH, IN SINGLE INSTANCES, PAINS AND ACHES Rheumatic, Neuralgic, Sciatic, Lumbagic, HAVE RAVAGED THE HUMAN FRAME. ST. JACOBS OIL CURED THEM. NO BOAST; THEY ARE SOLID FACTS HELD IN PROOF. 20 30

Who opened that bottle of HIRES Rootbeer?



The popping of a cork from a bottle of Hires is a signal of good health and pleasure. A sound the old folks like to hear—the children can't resist it.

HIRES Rootbeer is composed of the very ingredients the system requires. Aiding the digestion, soothing the nerves, purifying the blood. A temperance drink for temperance people.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Phila. A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

$75 RIDE A CRESCENT BICYCLE. $50 Western Wheel Works MAKERS CHICAGO ILLINOIS CATALOGUE FREE

CURE YOURSELF! Big G. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Cures in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

KODAKS $5 Gem and Premo V. Cameras, Vive and Ray. A complete line. J. H. FOUCH & CO., 114-116 Fourth St. South, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

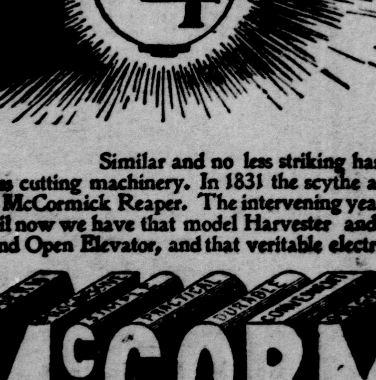
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DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS We want one agent in this County to sell to families. Best paying article on earth. We pay all expenses. Address GLYZA CHEM. CO., Washington, D. C.

PATENTS H. B. WILLSON & CO., Washington, D. C. No fee till patent secured. 48-page book free.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS



The Electric Light of Mowerdom

The pine knot—the tallow candle—the oil lamp—gas—these are stages in the evolution of illumination, which today finds its highest exponent in the electric light.

Similar and no less striking has been the evolution of grain and grass cutting machinery. In 1831 the scythe and the cradle were superseded by the McCormick Reaper. The intervening years have seen many improvements, until now we have that model Harvester and Binder, the McCormick Right Hand Open Elevator, and that veritable electric light of mowerdom, the

McCORMICK

New 4. It is not only the handsomest mower ever built, but it is, in every sense of the word, the best—and if your experience has taught you anything, it is that there's nothing cheaper than the best.

McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, Chicago.

The Light-Running McCormick Open Elevator Harvester,
The Light-Running McCormick New 4 Steel Mower,
The Light-Running McCormick Vertical Corn Binder and
The Light-Running McCormick Daisy Reaper for sale everywhere.

GUNS AND AMMUNITION at Wholesale Prices to Everybody. Send for Gun Catalogue giving wholesale prices. We sell more sporting goods than any other house in the Northwest. Tents, Hunting Coats, Hats, Caps, Belts, Boots, Shell Boxes, Dog Whips, Collars, Biscuits. Buy your Tents and Guns of us sure.

FREE—The following Catalogues on receipt of 2c each to pay postage on them: Baby Carriage Catalogue, Agricultural Implement Catalogue, Harness, Buggies, Musical Instruments Cat., Bicycle Cat., Drug Cat., Stove Catalogue. Send 15c and our large Supply Catalogue, containing 640 pages and over 100,000 cuts and prices, will be sent express paid. T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair. DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Deep Diving to Recover Treasure.

The greatest diving feat that was ever attempted was that of the raising of treasure that sank with the steamer near Seal Rocks, New South Wales. News has been received here that every box of sovereigns that went to the bottom has been saved by the men who worked under the sea at a depth of twenty-seven fathoms. The names of the divers are Briggs and May. At times they were subject to a pressure of seventy to seventy-five pounds to the square inch, causing them great suffering.

The Catterthun was wrecked in August, 1895, while on the voyage from Sydney to Hong Kong. Fifty-four of her crew and passengers lost their lives, including brave Capt. Shannon. The vessel's cargo consisted of produce and 10,000 pounds in sovereigns.—San Francisco Examiner.

Feared He had Done Wrong.

"I'm very much afraid," said Mr. Meekton, "that I hurt my wife's feelings this afternoon. It was unintentional, but she's terribly sensitive about any insinuation that a woman isn't just as able to take care of herself as a man."

"How did it occur?"

"I was in a horse car, and before I saw who she was I stood up and offered her my seat."—Washington Star.

A Dangerous Lethargy.

The forerunner of a train of evils, which too often culminate fatally, is inactivity or lethargy of the kidneys. Not only is Bright's disease, diabetes, gravel, or some other dangerous integral disease of the organs themselves to be apprehended, but dropsical diffusions from the blood, rheumatism and gout, are all traceable to the non-removal from the blood by the kidneys of certain impurities. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters depurates the blood, renders the kidneys active and prevents their disease.

Money to Slice Up.

A woman puzzled a Boston clerk considerably a few days ago. Her husband is a bank president in Newburyport. The national banks receive their bills in sheets of twelve, which are cut after being signed. The generous president gave one of these sheets to his wife, and she naturally started at once for Boston. After making some purchases in one of the large stores she drew the bills out of her pocketbook and calmly said to the clerk: "Lend me your scissors and I will pay you," thereupon cutting off a bill. The astounded clerk at first refused to receive such money from so open a manufacturer of currency, but finally the matter was explained.

The Other Man Put the Ring On.

"What did that pretty telephone girl say when you asked her for her hand, Chumpley?"

"She looked as though she was in a trance and asked me to please ring off."

Quantum Suff.

Skillet—Why did the jury conclude he was crazy?

Skittle—He'd bought a suburban home on the installment plan.—New York Tribune.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c

There are 49,605,000 dwelling houses in Europe, and 11,400,000 in the United States.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Sweat consists of nearly 90 per cent water and a little over 1 per cent of saline matter.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me large doctor bills.—C. L. Baker, 4228 Regent Sq., Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 8, '95.

Three-fourths of the total population of Russia are engaged in cultivating the soil.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

France has more persons over sixty years of age than any other country; Ireland comes next.

Nearly one-half of the total number of suicides takes place between the hours of 6 a. m. and noon.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER Beautifies and restores Gray Hair to its original color and vitality; prevents baldness; cures itching and dandruff. A fine hair dressing. R. P. Hall & Co., Props., Nashua, N. H. Sold by all Druggists.

Perfect Manhood now within the reach of EVERY MAN.

Many men are suffering untold misery, spending their money for medicines good and bad, but for the want of intelligent treatment are being laid away in premature graves. HELP is in the reach of every suffering and weak man. All cases of NERVOUS DISEASES WEAKNESS, FAILING ENERGIES, VARICOCELE, UNNATURAL LOSSES AND DRAINS, whether they be from the effects of early errors, indiscretions overwork, sickness, or from any cause, we can quickly and permanently cure by the most unfailing methods known to modern medical skill. SMALL, WEAK and SHRUNKEN ORGANS strengthened and developed to a perfect and healthy condition. Almost all cases of Consumption Rheumatism, Catarrh, Kidney and Liver Complaints, can be traced to these diseases, and by applying the proper remedies a cure can always be effected. Many men suffering from these diseases are like drowning men, grasping after mere straws, such as Free Prescriptions, Free Treatments, etc., only to find themselves duped by some fraudulent C. O. D. druggist or medicine company. STOP experimenting. We give a legal Bond or Guarantee to cure or refund your money. Treatment at home as well as here: same price, same guarantee. To those who prefer to come here we will contract to refund railroad fare and hotel expenses if we fail to cure. $250,000 capital stock back of our absolute Guarantee to cure or refund your money. If you are tired of quackery, if you have any of the above symptoms that make life a miserable existence, WRITE US and we will send FREE a valuable paper fully explaining these diseases, and our methods of the most perfect, reliable and effective treatments known to medical science. Correspondence strictly confidential. (No medicines sent until ordered.) Address STATE MEDICAL CO., OMAHA, NEB (Of Nebraska. Incorporated.)

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

N. W. N. U. No. 21—1897

DECORATION DAY

SALE OF

HATS and MILLINERY.

Appreciating the fact that the season is getting late, I will sell every Hat for the Lowest Price possible. Ladies, now is the time to purchase your Millinery. Children's Hats Trimmed for 50 cents, 75 cents and $1. Ladies' Hats, all Trimmed, as cheap as $1. I have a Leading Line of Sailors for young ladies. A large stock of the most fashionable Fancy Braids, and the Latest Shapes for Hats and Bonnets ever shown in the city at the LOWEST PRICE. Before the season is over, and while the goods are desirable, will sell all the Hats at prices Below Competition.

Mrs. C. Grandelmyer.

McFadden Drug Co.

Are Still Doing Business at the Old Stand. Their Line of

PURE DRUGS.....

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Etc., Etc., Is Complete

SODA FOUNTAIN IN FULL BLAST

With all the Up-to-Date Syrups and ICE CREAM.

THE PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT

Telephone Call 7-3

Cannot be Excelled for PURITY and ACCURACY.

Johnson's Pharmacy

Next Door to Post-Office

Is now Open and Ready to Receive a Share of Your Patronage. Everything is New and First-Class. We will Aim to Keep Everything Usually kept in a First-Class Drug Store. Our

Prescription Department

Will be in Charge of a Competent Pharmacist Who will put up just what the Doctor Orders.

TELEPHONE CALL, 38-3.

Arthur Hagberg,

Successor to T. McMaster.

Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.

Odd Fellows' Block, Sixth Street.

Having recently purchased the Grocery Business of T. McMaster, and added to it my own stock, I now have the Largest Stock of Choice Groceries in the city, and Customers will be convinced by a call that I will SELL THEM RIGHT. Everything in the Grocery Line can be found at our Store.

ARTHUR HAGBERG,

TELEPHONE CALL, 5-4.

C. B. WHITE

Dealer in HARDWARE

A Complete Line of Builders' Hardware, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Nails, Paper, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Wall Finish and Brushes.

Contracting and Building.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates Furnished. All kinds of Shop and Wagon Work Promptly Attended to.

Guns, Ammunition, and Sporting Goods.

Refrigerators in Stock.

I. U. WHITE, Manager. - Walker Block, Laurel Street.

FOR

FINE JOB PRINTING

Of Every Description, Call at the

Dispatch Office!

Rooms, 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper Block.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1897 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) Cents per line for every insertion.

H. C. Stivers, Journal.
Ingersoll & Wieland, Dispatch
A. J. Halsted, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1897.

Local News Notes.

Smith & Winslow, insurance.

Smith & Winslow loan money.

Smith & Winslow, real estate.

Smith & Winslow rent houses.

Spring lamb at Bane & Bane's.

Strictly fresh eggs 8 cents per dozen at Bane & Bane's.

Store your stoves and furniture with D. M. Clark & Co.

Rustic pearl holders, with No. 2 gold pens, $1.75, at Sundberg's.

A bicycle party of seven was in the city from Little Falls on Sunday.

We sell Commercial Club Coffee at 35 cents per pound. Beach & Son.

Fresh salt water fish received daily at Benson & Gray's Fifth street meat market.

Furnished room for rent. Three minutes walk from depot. Inquire at this office.

Bicyclists should refresh themselves with a glass of ice cream soda at McFadden Drug Co.'s.

Have you tried that pressed corned beef that Paine & McGinn are selling. If not, get a sample order.

Buy your drugs and medicines at Atwood's drug store, and get a free chance on the $100 bicycle.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder, at Dr. Ribbel's.

A drink of ice cream soda is very refreshing after riding a wheel. Stop at McFadden Drug Co.'s and try it.

Little Falls will raise $2,000 with which to entertain the State Firemen's convention which meets there in June.

Lost—Ladies woven gold belt with green enamel buckle. Finder will please leave at Atwood's drug store.

The K. C. ball team of this city will play a game with the Brainerd Stars on the Staples grounds next Wednesday afternoon.—Staples Tribune.

Hoffman's second hand store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you compleet house-keeping outfits on installments.

Mrs. Dressen's ice cream is only on sale in two places in the city, at her residence on 7th street, and at Halquist's confectionery store on Front street.

Rev. Geo. Gallagher has accepted the call to the pastorate of the First Congregational church in this city, and will occupy the pulpit on Sunday, June 6th.

Joseph F. Hamilton, of Crow Wing county, and Etta Neuman, of Stearns county, were licensed to wed on Monday at St. Cloud, according to the Journal-Press.

J. A. Cochran was on Monday evening elected a delegate to represent the Brainerd Barber's Union No. 24, at a state meeting to be held at St. Cloud on June 14th.

F. W. McKay has a new delivery rig which was built in this city by Rhodes & Wickham, and it is as nobby a turn-out as you will see in any city in the state.

Judge Holland received quite a bad cut over the eye on Saturday last while going to Aitkin on a freight train, a sudden stop throwing him against the end of the car.

Earl Mallory, of this city, who took the competitive examination at St. Cloud for the West Point cadetship, stood third in a class of 28, the general average of J. A. Shannon, of Duluth, who stood the highest, being 97.

The Dispatch has been requested to announce that all old soldiers are urged to report at the G. A. R. hall at 7 p. m. on Sunday, May 23rd, to attend Memorial services at St. Francis Catholic church.

A pleasant customer we consider the best advertisement. Everyone who comes to the West Brainerd Greenhouse is delighted with our stock of blooming plants and cut flowers. Miss C. M. Rich, Prop.

H. L. Casey and N. L. Linnemann, as secretary and treasurer of Adair Council Royal Arcanum, today turned over to Mrs. N. E. Paine the insurance which her late husband, R. H. Paine, carried in that order, amounting to $3,000.

There will be a silver medal contest at the Presbyterian church on Wednesday evening, May 26th, at 8 o'clock. Good music between the recitations, and it is hoped that there will be a good large attendance. Admission only 10 cents.

Rev. M. B. Bird will occupy the pulpit of the First Congregational church on Sunday morning and evening. J. L. Snyder, of the Y. M. C. A. speaking from the pulpit of the Second Congregational church in East Brainerd.

The ladies who attended the grand chapter of the Eastern Star at Litchfield last week, returned on Monday, having attended one of the most successful meetings of any in the history of the order in the state. Brainerd received one of the appointive officers, Martha, Mrs. Mary McFadden.

The annual Northern Pacific railroad picnic will occur on Saturday, June 26th, at Detroit.

Mrs. C. Grandelmyer has an announcement on this page which our readers will profit by reading.

Nearly every town of any size in the surrounding country is preparing to celebrate the National holiday, July 4th. Will Brainerd follow suit?

Miss Isla McColl gives a birthday luncheon to a number of her young friends on Saturday afternoon at the residence of her parents on First street north.

An announcement is made that Hon. Herbert T. Shaw will deliver an open air labor address on Sunday afternoon on the hill west of the Brainerd dam.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Scharfen, of East Brainerd, celebrated their silver wedding on Saturday evening last at the residence of Herman Holtkamp. A very pleasant time was enjoyed.

Yesterday morning Mrs. Archibald Speers accidently fell and broke her hip, the injury being of such a nature that it is very serious. The lady was about her home as usual when the accident occurred.

The editor of this paper acknowledge the receipt of a communication informing him his election as an honorary member of the society for the prevention of cruelty recently organized at Pointons.

Have your prescriptions compounded at Atwood's drug store, where none but strictly pure drugs are used. A free ticket given with every FIFTY-CENT purchase on a $100 High Grade (Ladies' or Gent's) Bicycle. Call and examine it.

This evening (Friday) there will be a festival at the Y. M. C. A. rooms for the benefit of the Swedish Lutheran church, at which time ice cream or strawberries with lunch, cake and coffee will be served, all for 25 cents. The gentlemen will wait on the tables dressed in Dalkarlar suits. It will be a very interesting occasion.

Oscar Miner has all arrangements completed for placing his steam boat on Gull Lake and it will be taken to that place on Monday. The boat will make regular daily trips between the railroad station at Webb Hill's and Bishop's. Further particulars will be given to the public through these columns as soon as the final arrangements for the season are completed.

James McCabe and Miss Julia Raymond were united in marriage on Monday morning at the Catholic church in this city, Rev. Fr. Lynch officiating. The many friends of the couple in this city have been showering their congratulations upon them during the week. The bride is a daughter of Anthony Raymond of Little Falls.

Minnesota Lodge No. 104, B. of R. T., of this place, are making arrangements for a grand ball at Gardner Hall, Brainerd, on July 5th. Messrs. Rick, Gray and Robinson were at Brainerd Tuesday making preliminary arrangements. The price of tickets will be $1, which will include free transportation on the special, which will leave Staples about 6:30 in the evening.—Staples World.

Mr. P. K. Johnson met with a serious accident at the home of his son, C. D. Johnson, on Wednesday night, that will undoubtedly confine him to the house for some time. The gentleman returned home from the opera house about 11 o'clock, and after going up-stairs spoke to his son, who occupied an adjoining room, to ascertain if he was home, and upon receiving an affirmative answer he turned to go back down stairs and lock the door, and in some way missed the step and fell to the first landing, breaking the bones in his right wrist and bruising himself about the head. Mr. Johnson is a man past 81 years of age.

The second number of the Y. M. C. A. popular entertainment course will be given by J. Arthur Loining on Saturday evening, May 29. Mr. L.'s has a national reputation as a reader and impersonator, and the Association bring him before the people with the utmost confidence that he will give a rare evening's entertainment. F. D. Fagg, of the Evanston, Ill., Y. M. C. A., says: "If you want to enjoy an evening of fun of the genuine sort, go hear Mr. Loining." Since all have been so loud in their praise of the first number of our course, we feel the more confidence in soliciting your attendance at the remaining two numbers, knowing as we do that each will be of equal merit with the first. Course tickets admitting to the remaining two numbers will be sold at a proportionate rate.

New Dressmaking Parlors.

Mrs. Drysdale wishes to inform the ladies of Brainerd that she has opened dress making parlors over Koop's dry goods store and will be ready for business the first of June. She has secured the services of Miss McCarthy who has had twenty years experience as cutter and fitter in some of the best and largest shops in the states, such as Mrs. Wm. Arnold, 2,271 Third Av., New York, Madam Boyd, Nicollet Av., Minneapolis, and Mrs. Wilson, of Minneapolis. All the cutting and fitting will be under her special supervision.

By giving her a trial you will make no mistake in being well suited and in the latest styles.

Mrs. J. S. Drysdale,
Front Street.

H. and L. Officers.

Brainerd Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1, at their annual meeting on Tuesday evening elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

Foreman—C. H. Paine.
First Assistant—N. H. Ingersoll.
Second Assistant—C. A. Walker.
Secretary—F. B. Johnson.
Treasurer—A. L. Hoffman.

Houses for Rent.

A 5-room house to rent on June 1st. A 7-room house with barn on premises to rent at once. Enquire of J. C. Congdon.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

W. B. Hamline, of Waterville, is in the city.

Dr. Camp spent the week in Minneapolis.

J. S. Gardner visited St. Paul the first of the week.

J. H. Hallett was a Minneapolis visitor yesterday.

A. P. Farrar has been in Minneapolis during the week.

Mrs. R. Arndul, of Staples, was in the city on Tuesday.

Commissioner Smith was in Staples Monday on business.

Mrs. Cora Kelly left yesterday for a visit in Minneapolis.

Mrs. J. J. Howe, Sr., is visiting relatives and friends in Minneapolis.

Engineer J. O. Stewart and family, of Staples, spent Sunday in Brainerd.

P. H. Neuman, Sheriff Rider and G. W. Massy, of Little Falls, were in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. John Cullen returned to Duluth Monday after visiting Brainerd friends for some days.

Ambrose Tighe, of St. Paul, is in the city on business connected with the Minnesota Water Co.

Ralph Robinson was down from Staples on Tuesday, shaking hands with his Brainerd friends.

Ferd Boor left on Saturday for Hastings to attend the funeral of a relative, returning Tuesday.

Miss Jennie Curtis, of Stevens Point, Wis., arrived in the city Tuesday on a visit to S. L. Bean and family.

Mrs. D. K. Fullerton returned from England on Monday, where she had been on a visit for some time. Mr. Fullerton met her in St. Paul.

B. F. Hartshorn, the new county Attorney of Cass, was in Brainerd Tuesday and went to St. Paul on business connected with the transfer of the records.

Mrs. Geo. Merwarth and children, accompanied by the lady's father, Mr. Wm. Koch, left Wednesday for Parson's, Kansas, where they will make their home.

Wm. Errickson, of Wadena, was in the city Monday endeavoring to make arrangements with the G. A. R. committee for the engaging of the Wadena brass band for the coming encampment.

Theodore J. Weile, of Albert Lea, has accepted a position in Atwood's drug store. Mr. Weile speaks the German and Scandinavian languages and comes well reccommended as a first class pharmacist.

Sheriff McKelvey, of St. Cloud, was in the city on Tuesday, on his way to Mille Lacs lake in search of an emigrant party against whom several charges of theft are lodged, claimed to have been committed along the route.

Mrs. H. A. Lyddon arrived in the city Saturday from London, England, where she has been visiting relatives during the past year. After visiting Brainerd friends she departed on Monday evening for Mandan, where her husband holds a responsible position with the Northern Pacific railway.

Notice.

There will be a meeting of the Brainerd Bicycle Club, on Tuesday May 25th, 1897, at the City park. Business of importance demands that each and every member be present. An invitation is extended to all owners of wheels and those interested in wheeling. Meeting will be called to order at 7:45 p. m.

S. F. Alderman.
Vice President.

Tapped the Till.

S. & J. W. Koop's grocery store was burglarized last Saturday night and $5.33 in money taken from the money drawer. The parties gained entrance to the building by removing a window from the west side of the store room, which opens into Mrs. Grandelmyer's back yard, which, from its location, was a sheltered place for them to work. Nothing but the money was taken as far as the proprietors of the place could discover.

DIED.

News has been received here that F. J. Hinman died at Oshkosh, Wis., on Wednesday afternoon of this week of heart disease, and that the funeral will be held in that city today. Mr. Hinman was well known in this city having lived here for many years being an employe of the Northern Pacific railway in their tin shop. Mr. Hinman left Brainerd in April, thinking he would be benefitted by the change, but later on Mrs. Hinman was sent for and he died as above stated after his wife arrived. He was a member of the Brainerd A. O. U. W., and a highly respected citizen.

John Rockstroh died at W. S. Hill's Wednesday night. The deceased had previously worked in Mr. Hill's bakery and it was only a short time ago that he had returned and had been employed by that gentleman doing odd jobs about the place. He had been under the influence of liquor during the day and was discovered by some boys near the wood yard late in the evening and Mr. Hill had him removed to his place when he died some hours afterward. The cause of death was stated to be alcoholism. The man was 38 years old and had no relatives in this section.

At the Traps.

The score of Thursday at the Gun Club shoot was as follows, 20 targets being the number shot at:

Courtney	11	McIntosh	6
Mantor	9	Smith	12
Rankin	11	McCabe	6

Special Fire Meeting.

A special meeting of the Brainerd Fire Department is called for Tuesday evening, May 25th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of arranging for Memorial Day exercises, and also to consider other matters of importance.

D. F. McIntosh, Chief.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., N. Y.

STREET COMMISSIONER HURLEY.

The Council Elects John Hurley to the Above Position and Transacts Other Business.

The council met on Mouday evening in regular session with all members present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and routine business transacted, after which the following claims against the city were audited and ordered paid:

Tribune, publishing	$18 30
Si Hall, freight, etc.	18 71
Brainerd Plumbing Co.	6 60
D. M. Clark & Co. supplies	3 59
E. W. Paulson, hay	6 67

The finance committee was granted further time to report on city treasurer's report.

Report of the committee to whom was referred the proposed plumbing ordinance to the effect that it be not adopted was read and accepted.

Moberg & Peterson's liquor license bond was accepted and license granted.

The liquor license of John A. Denis was transferred to August Trottcher.

On motion the council proceeded to the election of a street commissioner the first ballot being informal as follows:

J. W. Jones	5
John Hurley	4
P. W. Bidwell	1

The formal ballot resulted in the election of John Hurley he receiving six votes and J. W. Jones four.

Plumbers license was granted to Thompson & Gruenhagen.

Geo. H. Stratton was unanimously elected member of the board of health for three years from April 1st 1897.

The application of Mr. Katz asking to be allowed to pay junk dealers' license in installments, was taken from the table and denied.

A motion was made and carried that the city treasurer be, and he is hereby instructed, to pay over to the finance committee of the G. A. R. entertainment all license money collected under the provisions of the ordinances of this city for transcient venders, showmen, and similar licenses attracted to and plying their respective callings within said city by reason of and during the approaching encampment of the Park Region Division of the G. A. R.

The superintendent of electric lights was instructed to place ten 16-candle power lamps on the Mississippi river bridge, and four on the west end of the East Brainerd bridge.

The matter of an additional appropriation for grading and grubbing south end of Sixth street to the county line, was referred to the street committee.

These Will Go.

The State Fire Association will meet in annual convention at Little Falls this year, the date being June 15, 16 and 17. The Brainerd companies have elected delegates to attend the above meeting as follows:

Hose Co. No. 1—John Osgood and Gus, Raymond.

Hose Co. No. 2—N. M. Paine and Wm. Paine, Jr.

Hose Co. No. 3—Joseph Rasch and Edward Anderson.

Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1—F. B. Johnson and C. H. Paine.

It is the intention of the fire department to make arrangements for an excursion to Little Falls on that occasion and with that object in view the Northern Pacific company has made a very favorable reply to the committee having the matter of rates under consideration. The people of Little Falls are arranging to take care of the convention in a manner that will be highly satisfactory to all who attend. A general meeting of the department will probably be called to consider the matter.

It Ought to Interest You

to know that the Wisconsin Central Lines fast trains leaving St. Paul and Minneapolis daily for Ashland, Milwaukee and Chicago, reach almost all of the important cities in Wisconsin. If you intend making an eastern trip, consult your nearest ticket agent, who will give you complete information relative to the Wisconsin Central trains.

Jas. C. Pond,
Gen. Pass. Agt.
Milwaukee, Wis.

THE ILLS OF LIFE.



Use Atwood's Headache Powders when suffering from a Headache in any form. For sale by

ATWOOD
THE DRUGGIST.

To Bridge the Mississippi.

A special meeting of the board of county commissioners has been called for Tuesday, May 25th, for the purpose of making arrangements to build a new bridge across the Mississippi river at the site where the old one now stands. The present bridge has been condemned, and the commissioners in taking the action are only carrying out the wishes of the tax-payers. A law passed by the recent legislature makes it possible for the commissioners to issue certificates of indebtedness for the purpose of rebuilding or repairing bridges that were originally built with state aid without calling an election for the purpose. It may be stated in this connection that no other business of any character will be considered at the special meeting.

Two Fire Alarms.

Saturday night the fire department was called out twice. The first fire was on Fifth street in the building occupied by Beerman's barber shop and Eau Claire's restaurant. The fire was in the rear of the building and was gaining headway fast when Officer Derocher discovered it and turned in the alarm. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary and but for the timely arrival of the department a very disastrous scorching would have been the result.

The second alarm took the department to Ninth street north near the corner of of Kingwood where fire had started in a dwelling house but was put out by a few well directed pails of water

The Coming Encampment.

The following, being "General Order No. 1," has this week been issued by Commander Congdon:

Headquarters
Park Region Encampment,
G. A. R.
Brainerd, May 18, '97.

Comrades:—The 13th Annual Encampment of the Park Region Association, G. A. R., will be held at Brainerd on June 23rd, 24th, 25th and 26th. Your commander would impress upon every member of this Association, and also upon every comrade who may not already be a member, the importance of his presence at this meeting. We aim to make this the largest and most profitable encampment ever held in this district. The city has tendered to us the free use of the most beautiful park on the line of the N. P. railway, and the hospitality of our citizens has so often been attested that comment is unnecessary here. The business men are giving their time and money to aid the efforts of making the reunion and encampment a grand success.

Our executive committee, composed of prominent citizens and city officials, has appointed sub-committees to facilitate the work. We anticipate no trouble in securing the amount of money required to carry out our plans.

Our committee promises a brilliant programme, one that cannot fail to interest every comrade.

Full particulars and instructions will be issued in future orders.

Attest:
H. C. Stivers, Adjutant. J. C. Congdon, Commander.

D. R. Elder has been appointed chirman of the committee on accomodations and quarters in place of J. T. Frater who was obliged to resign on account of a press of business which would not admit of his serving in that capacity. Mr. Elder desires all who have accommodations for guests to notify him that the committee may get some kind of an idea of how many can be taken care off and where.

Geo. LaBar has also been substituted as chairman of the committee on transportation in place of C. N. Parker, the latter gentleman asking to be excused on account of an attack of rheumatism, which would not admit of his attending to the matter as it should be.

H. C. Stivers has been appointed adjutant by Commander Congdon.

City Teachers' Association.

The teachers of the Brainerd public schools will meet at the High School on Tuesday, May 25th, at 4 p. m., for the purpose of organizing a permanent Teachers' Association. All the officers and committees will be appointed for the ensuing year. The following is the programme:

Tuesday, May 25th, 4 p. m.

Prayer, by Rev. Opie.
Music, by a class from the High School, led by Miss Sara Janson, assistant principal.
Appointment of committee on organization.
Inductory remarks, by Prof. M. H. Carleton.
Election of officers.
Recitation, by Miss Jennie Paine.
"A Primary Class," Miss Minnie Merritt, principal Whittier school.
Paper, "Seventh Grade Work," Earl P. Mallory. Discussion led by Miss Kathleen Canan, principal Harrison school.
Paper, "A Few Thoughts on Child Study," Miss Amy Lowey. Discussions by Misses Marilla Fuller, Belle McKay, Ethel M. Fulton, Caroline Rich, and Lizzie Somers.
Music.
Paper, "Drawing," Miss Janson.
Paper, "Correlation of Studies" in Primary Work, Miss Anna Fuller. Discussion led by Miss Jennie Crowe.
Paper, "True Education," Miss Belle Curry. Discussion led by Miss Maggie Somers, principal of Lowell school, and Miss Bess A. Mulrine, principal of Lincoln shool, and Miss Daisy Badeaux.
Paper, "Teachers' Responsibilities," Miss Kate Whiteley.
Music.
Adjournment.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a special meeting of the local Lodge No. 226, I. M. U. of N. A., held May 5th, the following resolution was adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased our all wise Father in his infinite wisdom to remove from our midst our beloved brother, Geo. Merwarth, and

Whereas, In the death of Brother Merwarth, this lodge has lost a member who was ever faithful, and who had constantly the welfare of the order at heart, be it

Resolved, By Lodge No. 226, I. M. U. of N. A., that we deeply deplore the death of our brother, and extend our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved wife and family in this the hour of their sorrow, and assure them that we mourn with them in the deep loss they have sustained.

Get a nice piece of spring lamb at Bane & Bane's.

GET READY!

For Our

GREAT 30 DAYS' SALE

We mean to FORCIBLY DEMONSTRATE to the people of Brainerd, and all adjoining territory, that we are now giving the GREATEST BARGAINS in first-class merchandise that has ever occurred. Our shelves and counters are crowded with all new goods, our buyer while east took advantage of every possible forced conditions, buying large quantities of some lines way below manufacturing prices, and fearing we have overstocked, we make these prices, giving you the benefit:

Men's and Boy's Suits

Several styles men's suits worth up to $8.50, your choice	$3.75
Men's light grey wool suits, round and square corner cut	4.75
Men's black clay worsted suits this month	8.00
Men's extra fine nobby styles, regular wholesale prices from $10 to $12, our price this sale, $8.50 and	10.00
Young men's suits, 14 to 19 years, good styles, only $3.50 and	3.75
Boy's suits, good cloth and dark styles, only	75c
Boy's suits, wool, light colors, double-breasted, only	1.25
Boy's linen and cotton wash suits from 50 cents to	1.00
Boy's heavy strong colonade pants, only	25c
250 pairs of men's $1.50 pants, all styles, your choice	95c
Fine all wool men's pants, extra quality, your choice	2.00
200 pairs, all styles, fine all wool men's pants, extra quality, regular wholesale price up to $3.50, our price only	2.50

Furnishing Goods

24 dozen men's good medium weight underwear, only	25c
19 dozen men's good balbrigan grey underwear, only	25c
10 dozen boy's good balbrigan grey underwear, only	25c
Good children's ribbed underwear, only 10 and	15c
25 dozen good men's seamless hose, per pair, only	5c
25 dozen ladies' and children's black and tan hose, per pair, only	5c
25-cent men's silk neckties, this sale	15c
10 dozen men's good suspenders, only	15c
50 dozen children's handkerchiefs, only	1c
50 dozen ladies' and men's handkerchiefs, only	5c
Men's and boy's overshirts, only	25c
Lot $1 50 fine men's colored laundried shirts, only	75c

Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes

Such Prices Never Heard Of

372 pairs men's heavy grain shoes, only	98c
84 pairs boy's congress and lace, sizes 2 to 6, only	98c
Misses' high button dongola shoes, only	75c
Misses' black and tan oxfords, only	75c
Ladies' heavy dongola button shoes, only	98c
Ladies' fine oxfords, only	98c
Ladies' fine chocolate color, hand-turned shoes, sold everywhere at $3.50 and $4, our price	2.50

Come at once. These goods at these prices can't last long. Early buyers get the advantage.

A. E. MOBERG,

The Low Price Cash Dealer, Front Street, Brainerd, Minn.

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST.

We carry the Finest Stock in the Northwest, and Our Goods are always Fresh and "Up-to-Date,"

Staple and Fancy Groceries

FLOUR AND FEED.

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

REMOVED!

THE

Scandinavian Meat Market

Has been removed into fine New Quarters at the Corner of Sixth and Front Sts., where the undersigned will be pleased to see all their old customers. The choicest cuts of Fresh and Salt Meats constantly on hand. Fresh Salt Water Fish received daily. Oysters and Game in Season. Give us a call.

BENSON & GRAY.

Telephone Call, 8-4.

ATTENTION

Having purchased the Plumbing Stock of the late R. H. Paine, at a Large Discount, anyone wishing work done in that line, will save money by calling on us for Prices. We also have a

Tin Shop in Connection

And can do all kinds of Roofing and Spouting or anything in the Tin Line. Also carry a full line of

Bicycle Repairs

And REPAIR WHEELS on Short Notice.

THOMPSON & GRUENHAGEN,

Walker Block, on Laurel Street.

DECORATION DAY

SALE OF

HATS and MILLINERY.

Appreciating the fact that the season is getting late, I will sell every Hat for the Lowest Price possible. Ladies, now is the time to purchase your Millinery. Children's Hats Trimmed for 50 cents, 75 cents and $1. Ladies' Hats, all Trimmed, as cheap as $1. I have a Leading Line of Sailors for young ladies. A large stock of the most fashionable Fancy Braids, and the Latest Shapes for Hats and Bonnets ever shown in the city at the LOWEST PRICE. Before the season is over, and while the goods are desirable, will sell all the Hats at prices Below Competition.

Mrs. C. Grandelmyer.

McFadden Drug Co.

Are Still Doing Business at the Old Stand. Their Line of

PURE DRUGS.....

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Etc., Etc., Is Complete

SODA FOUNTAIN IN FULL BLAST

With all the Up-to-Date Syrups and ICE CREAM.

THE PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT

Telephone Call 7-3

Cannot be Excelled for PURITY and ACCURACY.

Johnson's Pharmacy

Next Door to Post-Office

Is now Open and Ready to Receive a Share of Your Patronage. Everything is New and First-Class. We will Aim to Keep Everything Usually kept in a First-Class Drug Store. Our

Prescription Department

Will be in Charge of a Competent Pharmacist Who will put up just what the Doctor Orders.

TELEPHONE CALL, 38-3.

Arthur Hagberg,

Successor to T. McMaster.

Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.

Odd Fellows' Block, Sixth Street.

Having recently purchased the Grocery Business of T. McMaster, and added to it my own stock, I now have the Largest Stock of Choice Groceries in the city, and Customers will be convinced by a call that I will SELL THEM RIGHT. Everything in the Grocery Line can be found at our Store.

ARTHUR HAGBERG,

TELEPHONE CALL, 5-4.

C. B. WHITE

Dealer in HARDWARE

A Complete Line of Builders' Hardware, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Nails, Paper, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Wall Finish and Brushes.

Contracting and Building.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates Furnished. All kinds of Shop and Wagon Work Promptly Attended to.

Guns, Ammunition, and Sporting Goods.

Refrigerators in Stock.

I. U. WHITE, Manager. - Walker Block, Laurel Street.

FOR

FINE JOB PRINTING

Of Every Description, Call at the

Dispatch Office!

Rooms, 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper Block.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, } Editors and Proprietors.
F. W. Wieland, }

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1897 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) Cents per line for every insertion.

H. C. Stivers, Journal.
Ingersoll & Wieland, Dispatch
A. J. Halsted, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1897.

Local News Notes.

Smith & Winslow, insurance.

Smith & Winslow loan money.

Smith & Winslow, real estate.

Smith & Winslow rent houses.

Spring lamb at Bane & Bane's.

Strictly fresh eggs 8 cents per dozen at Bane & Bane's.

Store your stoves and furniture with D. M. Clark & Co.

Rustic pearl holders, with No. 2 gold pens, $1.75, at Sundberg's.

A bicycle party of seven was in the city from Little Falls on Sunday.

We sell Commercial Club Coffee at 35 cents per pound. Beach & Son.

Fresh salt water fish received daily at Benson & Gray's Fifth street meat market.

Furnished room for rent. Three minutes walk from depot. Inquire at this office.

Bicyclists should refresh themselves with a glass of ice cream soda at McFadden Drug Co.'s.

Have you tried that pressed corned beef that Paine & McGinn are selling. If not, get a sample order.

Buy your drugs and medicines at Atwood's drug store, and get a free chance on the $100 bicycle.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder, at Dr. Ribbel's.

A drink of ice cream soda is very refreshing after riding a wheel. Stop at McFadden Drug Co.'s and try it.

Little Falls will raise $2,000 with which to entertain the State Firemen's convention which meets there in June.

Lost—Ladies woven gold belt with green enamel buckle. Finder will please leave at Atwood's drug store.

The K. C. ball team of this city will play a game with the Brainerd Stars on the Staples grounds next Wednesday afternoon.—Staples Tribune.

Hoffman's second ☞ store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you compleet house-keeping outfits on installments.

Mrs. Dressen's ice cream is only on sale in two places in the city, at her residence on 7th street, and at Halquist's confectionery store on Front street.

Rev. Geo. Gallagher has accepted the call to the pastorate of the First Congregational church in this city, and will occupy the pulpit on Sunday, June 6th.

Joseph F. Hamilton, of Crow Wing county, and Etta Neuman, of Stearns county, were licensed to wed on Monday at St. Cloud, according to the Journal-Press.

J. A. Cochran was on Monday evening elected a delegate to represent the Brainerd Barber's Union No. 24, at a state meeting to be held at St. Cloud on June 14th.

F. W. McKay has a new delivery rig which was built in this city by Rhodes & Wickham, and it is as nobby a turn-out as you will see in any city in the state.

Judge Holland received quite a bad cut over the eye on Saturday last while going to Aitkin on a freight train, a sudden stop throwing him against the end of the car.

Earl Mallory, of this city, who took the competitive examination at St. Cloud for the West Point cadetship, stood third in a class of 28, the general average of J. A. Shannon, of Duluth, who stood the highest, being 97.

The Dispatch has been requested to announce that all old soldiers are urged to report at the G. A. R. hall at 7 p. m. on Sunday, May 23rd, to attend Memorial services at St. Francis Catholic church.

A pleasant customer we consider the best advertisement. Everyone who comes to the West Brainerd Greenhouse is delighted with our stock of blooming plants and cut flowers. Miss C. M. Rice, Prop.

H. L. Casey and N. L. Lianemann, as secretary and treasurer of Adair Council Royal Arcanum, today turned over to Mrs. N. E. Paine the insurance which her late husband, R. H. Paine, carried in that order, amounting to $3,000.

There will be a silver medal contest at the Presbyterian church on Wednesday evening, May 26th, at 8 o'clock. Good music between the recitations, and it is hoped that there will be a good large attendance. Admission only 10 cents.

Rev. M. B. Bird will occupy the pulpit of the First Congregational church on Sunday morning and evening. J. L. Snyder, of the Y. M. C. A. speaking from the pulpit of the Second Congregational church in East Brainerd.

The ladies who attended the grand chapter of the Eastern Star at Litchfield last week, returned on Monday, having attended one of the most successful meetings of any in the history of the order in the state. Brainerd received one of the appointive officers, Martha, Mrs. Mary McFadden.

The annual Northern Pacific railroad picnic will occur on Saturday, June 26th, at Detroit.

Mrs. C. Grandelmyer has an announcement on this page which our readers will profit by reading.

Nearly every town of any size in the surrounding country is preparing to celebrate the National holiday, July 4th. Will Brainerd follow suit?

Miss Isla McColl gives a birthday luncheon to a number of her young friends on Saturday afternoon at the residence of her parents on First street north.

An announcement is made that Hon. Herbert T. Shaw will deliver an open air labor address on Sunday afternoon on the hill west of the Brainerd dam.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Scharfen, of East Brainerd, celebrated their silver wedding on Saturday evening last at the residence of Herman Holtkamp. A very pleasant time was enjoyed.

Yesterday morning Mrs. Archibald Speers accidently fell and broke her hip, the injury being of such a nature that it is very serious. The lady was about her home as usual when the accident occurred.

The editor of this paper acknowledge the receipt of a communication informing him his election as an honorary member of the society for the prevention of cruelty recently organized at Pointons.

Have your prescriptions compounded at Atwood's drug store, where none but strictly pure drugs are used. A free ticket given with every FIFTY-CENT purchase on a $100 High Grade (Ladies' or Gent's) Bicycle. Call and examine it.

This evening (Friday) there will be a festival at the Y. M. C. A. rooms for the benefit of the Swedish Lutheran church, at which time ice cream or strawberries with lunch, cake and coffee will be served, all for 25 cents. The gentlemen will wait on the tables dressed in Dalkarlar suits. It will be a very interesting occasion.

Oscar Miner has all arrangements completed for placing his steam boat on Gull Lake and it will be taken to that place on Monday. The boat will make regular daily trips between the railroad station at Webb Hill's and Bishop's. Further particulars will be given to the public through these columns as soon as the final arrangements for the season are completed.

James McCabe and Miss Julia Raymond were united in marriage on Monday morning at the Catholic church in this city, Rev. Fr. Lynch officiating. The many friends of the couple in this city have been showering their congratulations upon them during the week. The bride is a daughter of Anthony Raymond of Little Falls.

Minnesota Lodge No. 104, B. of R. T., of this place, are making arrangements for a grand ball at Gardner Hall, Brainerd, on July 5th. Messrs. Rick, Gray and Robinson were at Brainerd Tuesday making preliminary arrangements. The price of tickets will be $1, which will include free transportation on the special, which will leave Staples about 6:30 in the evening.—Staples World.

Mr. P. K. Johnson met with a serious accident at the home of his son, C. D. Johnson, on Wednesday night, that will undoubtedly confine him to the house for some time. The gentleman returned home from the opera house about 11 o'clock, and after going up-stairs spoke to his son, who occupied an adjoining room, to ascertain if he was home, and upon receiving an affirmative answer he turned to go back down stairs and lock the door, and in some way missed the step and fell to the first landing, breaking the bones in his right wrist and bruising himself about the head. Mr. Johnson is a man past 81 years of age.

The second number of the Y. M. C. A. popular entertainment course will be given by J. Arthur Loining on Saturday evening, May 29. Mr. L.'s has a national reputation as a reader and impersonator, and the Association bring him before the people with the utmost confidence that he will give a rare evening's entertainment. F. D. Fagg, of the Evanston, Ill., Y. M. C. A., says: "If you want to enjoy an evening of fun of the genuine sort, go hear Mr. Loining." Since all have been so loud in their praise of the first number of our course, we feel the more confidence in soliciting your attendance at the remaining two numbers, knowing as we do that each will be of equal merit with the first. Course tickets admitting to the remaining two numbers will be sold at a proportionate rate.

New Dressmaking Parlors.

Mrs. Drysdale wishes to inform the ladies of Brainerd that she has opened dress making parlors over Koop's dry goods store and will be ready for business the first of June. She has secured the services of Miss McCarthy who has had twenty years experience as cutter and fitter in some of the best and largest shops in the states, such as Mrs. Wm. Arnold, 2,271 Third Av., New York, Madam Boyd, Nicollet Av., Minneapolis, and Mrs. Wilson, of Minneapolis. All the cutting and fitting will be under her special supervision.

By giving her a trial you will make no mistake in being well suited and in the latest styles.

Mrs. J. S. Drysdale,
Front Street.

H. and L. Officers.

Brainerd Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1, at their annual meeting on Tuesday evening elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

Foreman—C. H. Paine.
First Assistant—N. H. Ingersoll.
Second Assistant—C. A. Walker.
Secretary—F. B. Johnson.
Treasurer—A. L. Hoffman.

Houses for Rent.

A 5-room house to rent on June 1st. A 7-room house with barn on premises to rent at once. Enquire of J. C. Congdon.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

W. B. Hamline, of Watervillo, is in the city.

Dr. Camp spent the week in Minneapolis.

J. S. Gardner visited St. Paul the first of the week.

J. H. Hallett was a Minneapolis visitor yesterday.

A. P. Farrar has been in Minneapolis during the week.

Mrs. R. Arndal, of Staples, was in the city on Tuesday.

Commissioner Smith was in Staples Monday on business.

Mrs. Cora Kelly left yesterday for a visit in Minneapolis.

Mrs. J. J. Howe, Sr., is visiting relatives and friends in Minneapolis.

Engineer J. O. Stewart and family, of Staples, spent Sunday in Brainerd.

P. H. Neuman, Sheriff Rider and G. W. Massy, of Little Falls, were in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. John Cullen returned to Duluth Monday after visiting Brainerd friends for some days.

Ambrose Tighe, of St. Paul, is in the city on business connected with the Minnesota Water Co.

Ralph Robinson was down from Staples on Tuesday, shaking hands with his Brainerd friends.

Ferd Boor left on Saturday for Hastings to attend the funeral of a relative, returning Tuesday.

Miss Jennie Curtis, of Stevens Point, Wis., arrived in the city Tuesday on a visit to S. L. Bean and family.

Mrs. D. K. Fullerton returned from England on Monday, where she had been on a visit for some time. Mr. Fullerton met her in St. Paul.

B. F. Hartshorn, the new county Attorney of Cass, was in Brainerd Tuesday and went to St. Paul on business connected with the transfer of the records.

Mrs. Geo. Merwarth and children, accompanied by the lady's father, Mr. Wm. Koch, left Wednesday for Parson's, Kansas, where they will make their home.

Wm. Errickson, of Wadena, was in the city Monday endeavoring to make arrangements with the G. A. R. committee for the engaging of the Wadena brass band for the coming encampment.

Theodore J. Weile, of Albert Lea, has accepted a position in Atwood's drug store. Mr. Weile speaks the German and Scandinavian languages and comes well recommended as a first class pharmacist.

Sheriff McKelvey, of St. Cloud, was in the city on Tuesday, on his way to Mille Lacs lake in search of an emigrant party against whom several charges of theft are lodged, claimed to have been committed along the route.

Mrs. H. A. Lyddon arrived in the city Saturday from London, England, where she has been visiting relatives during the past year. After visiting Brainerd friends she departed on Monday evening for Mandan, where her husband holds a responsible position with the Northern Pacific railway.

Notice.

There will be a meeting of the Brainerd Bicycle Club, on Tuesday May 25th, 1897, at the City park. Business of importance demands that each and every member be present. An invitation is extended to all owners of wheels and those interested in wheeling. Meeting will be called to order at 7:45 p. m.

S. F. Alderman.
Vice President.

Tapped the Till.

S. & J. W. Koop's grocery store was burglarized last Saturday night and $5.33 in money taken from the money drawer. The parties gained entrance to the building by removing a window from the west side of the store room, which opens into Mrs. Grandelmyer's back yard, which, from its location, was a sheltered place for them to work. Nothing but the money was taken as far as the proprietors of the place could discover.

DIED.

News has been received here that F. J. Hinman died at Oshkosh, Wis., on Wednesday afternoon of this week of heart disease, and that the funeral will be held in that city today. Mr. Hinman was well known in this city having lived here for many years being an employe of the Northern Pacific railway in their tin shop. Mr. Hinman left Brainerd in April, thinking he would be benefitted by the change, but later on Mrs. Hinman was sent for and he died as above stated after his wife arrived. He was a member of the Brainerd A. O. U. W., and a highly respected citizen.

John Reckstroh died at W. S. Hill's Wednesday night. The deceased had previously worked in Mr. Hill's bakery and it was only a short time ago that he had returned and had been employed by that gentleman doing odd jobs about the place. He had been under the influence of liquor during the day and was discovered by some boys near the wood yard late in the evening and Mr. Hill had him removed to his place when he died some hours afterward. The cause of death was stated to be alcoholism. The man was 38 years old and had no relatives in this section.

At the Traps.

The score of Thursday at the Gun Club shoot was as follows, 20 targets being the number shot at:

Courtney	11	McIntosh	6
Mantor	9	Smith	12
Rankin	11	McCabe	6

Special Fire Meeting.

A special meeting of the Brainerd Fire Department is called for Tuesday evening, May 25th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of arranging for Memorial Day exercises, and also to consider other matters of importance.

D. F. McIntosh, Chief.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., N. Y.

STREET COMMISSIONER HURLEY.

The Council Elects John Hurley to the Above Position and Transacts Other Business.

The council met on Monday evening in regular session with all members present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and routine business transacted, after which the following claims against the city were audited and ordered paid:

Tribune, publishing	$18 30
Si Hall, freight, etc.	18 71
Brainerd Plumbing Co.	6 60
D. M. Clark & Co. supplies	3 59
E. W. Paulson, hay	6 67

The finance committee was granted further time to report on city treasurer's report.

Report of the committee to whom was referred the proposed plumbing ordinance to the effect that it be not adopted was read and accepted.

Moberg & Peterson's liquor license bond was accepted and license granted.

The liquer license of John A. Denis was transferred to August Trottcher.

On motion the council proceeded to the election of a street commissioner the first ballot being informal as follows:

J. W. Jones	5
John Hurley	4
P. W. Bidwell	1

The formal ballot resulted in the election of John Hurley he receiving six votes and J. W. Jones four.

Plumbers license was granted to Thompson & Gruenhagen.

Geo. H. Stratton was unanimously elected member of the board of health for three years from April 1st 1897.

The application of Mr. Katz asking to be allowed to pay junk dealers' license in installments, was taken from the table and denied.

A motion was made and carried that the city treasurer be, and he is hereby instructed, to pay over to the finance committee of the G. A. R. entertainment all license money collected under the provisions of the ordinances of this city for transcient venders, showmen, and similar licenses attracted to and plying their respective callings within said city by reason of and during the approaching encampment of the Park Region Division of the G. A. R.

The superintendent of electric lights was instructed to place ten 16-candle power lamps on the Mississippi river bridge, and four on the west end of the East Brainerd bridge.

The matter of an additional appropriation for grading and grubbing south end of Sixth street to the county line, was referred to the street committee.

These Will Go.

The State Fire Association will meet in annual convention at Little Falls this year, the date being June 15, 16 and 17. The Brainerd companies have elected delegates to attend the above meeting as follows:

Hose Co. No. 1—John Osgood and Gus, Raymond.

Hose Co. No. 2—N. M. Paine and Wm. Paine, Jr.

Hose Co. No. 3—Joseph Rasch and Edward Anderson.

Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1—F. B. Johnson and C. H. Paine.

It is the intention of the fire department to make arrangements for an excursion to Little Falls on that occasion and with that object in view the Northern Pacific company has made a very favorable reply to the committee having the matter of rates under consideration. The people of Little Falls are arranging to take care of the convention in a manner that will be highly satisfactory to all who attend. A general meeting of the department will probably be called to consider the matter.

It Ought to Interest You

to know that the Wisconsin Central Lines fast trains leaving St. Paul and Minneapolis daily for Ashland, Milwaukee and Chicago, reach almost all of the important cities in Wisconsin. If you intend making an eastern trip, consult your nearest ticket agent, who will give you complete information relative to the Wisconsin Central trains.

Jas. C. Pond,
Gen. Pass. Agt.
Milwaukee, Wis.

THE ILLS OF LIFE.



Use Atwood's Headache Powders when suffering from a Headache in any form. For sale by

ATWOOD
THE DRUGGIST.

To Bridge the Mississippi.

A special meeting of the board of county commissioners has been called for Tuesday, May 25th, for the purpose of making arrangements to build a new bridge across the Mississippi river at the site where the old one now stands. The present bridge has been condemned, and the commissioners in taking the action are only carrying out the wishes of the tax-payers. A law passed by the recent legislature makes it possible for the commissioners to issue certificates of indebtedness for the purpose of rebuilding or repairing bridges that were originally built with state aid without calling an election for the purpose. It may be stated in this connection that no other business of any character will be considered at the special meeting.

Two Fire Alarms.

Saturday night the fire department was called out twice. The first fire was on Fifth street in the building occupied by Beerman's barber shop and Eau Claire's restaurant. The fire was in the rear of the building and was gaining headway fast when Officer Derocher discovered it and turned in the alarm. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary and but for the timely arrival of the department a very disastrous scorching would have been the result.

The second alarm took the department to Ninth street north near the corner of of Kingwood where fire had started in a dwelling house but was put out by a few well directed pails of water

The Coming Encampment.

The following, being "General Order No. 1," has this week been issued by Commander Congdon:

Headquarters
Park Region Encampment,
G. A. R.
Brainerd, May 18, '97.

Comrades:—The 13th Annual Encampment of the Park Region Association, G. A. R., will be held at Brainerd on June 23rd, 24th, 25th and 26th. Your commander would impress upon every member of this Association, and also upon every comrade who may not already be a member, the importance of his presence at this meeting. We aim to make this the largest and most profitable encampment ever held in this district. The city has tendered to us the free use of the most beautiful park on the line of the N. P. railway, and the hospitality of our citizens has so often been attested that comment is unnecessary here. The business men are giving their time and money to aid the efforts of making the reunion and encampment a grand success.

Our executive committee, composed of prominent citizens and city officials, has appointed sub-committees to facilitate the work. We anticipate no trouble in securing the amount of money required to carry out our plans.

Our committee promises a brilliant programme, one that cannot fail to interest every comrade.

Full particulars and instructions will be issued in future orders.

Attest:
H. C. Stivers, Adjutant. J. C. Congdon, Commander.

D. R. Elder has been appointed chirman of the committee on accomodations and quarters in place of J. T. Frater who was obliged to resign on account of a press of business which would not admit of his serving in that capacity. Mr. Elder desires all who have accommodations for guests to notify him that the committee may get some kind of an idea of how many can be taken care off and where.

Geo. LaBar has also been substituted as chairman of the committee on transportation in place of C. N. Parker, the latter gentleman asking to be excused on account of an attack of rheumatism, which would not admit of his attending to the matter as it should be.

H. C. Stivers has been appointed adjutant by Commander Congdon.

City Teachers' Association.

The teachers of the Brainerd public schools will meet at the High School on Tuesday, May 25th, at 4 p. m., for the purpose of organizing a permanent Teachers' Association. All the officers and committees will be appointed for the ensuing year. The following is the programme:

TUESDAY, MAY 25TH, 4 P. M.

Prayer, by Rev. Opie.
Music, by a class from the High School, led by Miss Sara Janson, assistant principal.
Appointment of committee on organization.
Industory remarks, by Prof. M. H. Carleton.
Election of officers.
Recitation, by Miss Jennie Paine.
"A Primary Class," Miss Minnie Merritt, principal Whittier school.
Paper, "Seventh Grade Work," Earl P. Mallory. Discussion led by Miss Kathleen Canan, principal Harrison school.
Paper, "A Few Thoughts on Child Study," Miss Amy Lowey. Discussions by Misses Marilla Fuller, Belle McKay, Ethel M. Fulton, Caroline Rich, and Lizzie Somers.
Music.
Paper, "Drawing," Miss Janson.
Paper, "Correlation of Studies" in Primary Work, Miss Anna Fuller. Discussion led by Miss Jennie Crowe.
Paper, "True Education," Miss Belle Curry. Discussion led by Miss Maggie Somers, principal of Lowell school, and Miss Bess A. Mulrine, principal of Lincoln shool, and Miss Daisy Badeaux.
Paper, "Teachers' Responsibilities," Miss Kate Whiteley.
Music.
Adjournment.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a special meeting of the local Lodge No. 226, I. M. U. of N. A., held May 5th, the following resolution was adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased our all wise Father in his infinite wisdom to remove from our midst our beloved brother, Geo. Merwarth, and

Whereas, In the death of Brother Merwarth, this lodge has lost a member who was ever faithful, and who had constantly the welfare of the order at heart, be it

Resolved, By Lodge No. 226, I. M. U. of N. A., that we deeply deplore the death of our brother, and extend our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved wife and family in this the hour of their sorrow, and assure them that we mourn with them in the deep loss they have sustained.

Get a nice piece of spring lamb at Bane & Bane's.

GET READY!

For Our

GREAT 30 DAYS' SALE

We mean to FORCIBLY DEMONSTRATE to the people of Brainerd, and all adjoining territory, that we are now giving the GREATEST BARGAINS in first-class merchandise that has ever occurred. Our shelves and counters are crowded with all new goods, our buyer while east took advantage of every possible forced conditions, buying large quantities of some lines way below manufacturing prices, and fearing we have overstocked, we make these prices, giving you the benefit:

Men's and Boy's Suits

Several styles men's suits worth up to $8.50, your choice	$3.75
Men's light grey wool suits, round and square corner cut	4.75
Men's black clay worsted suits this month	8.00
Men's extra fine nobby styles, regular wholesale prices from $10 to $12, our price this sale, $8.50 and	10.00
Young men's suits, 14 to 19 years, good styles, only $3.50 and	3.75
Boy's suits, good cloth and dark styles, only	75c
Boy's suits, wool, light colors, double-breasted, only	1.25
Boy's linen and cotton wash suits from 50 cents to	1.00
Boy's heavy strong colonade pants, only	25c
250 pairs of men's $1.50 pants, all styles, your choice	95c
Fine all wool men's pants, extra quality, your choice	2.00
200 pairs, all styles, fine all wool men's pants, extra quality, regular wholesale price up to $3.50, our price only	2.50

Furnishing Goods

24 dozen men's good medium weight underwear, only	25c
19 dozen men's good balbrigan grey underwear, only	25c
10 dozen boy's good balbrigan grey underwear, only	25c
Good children's ribbed underwear, only 10 and	15c
25 dozen good men's seamless hose, per pair, only	8c
25 dozen ladies' and children's black and tan hose, per pair, only	5c
25-cent men's silk neckties, this sale	15c
10 dozen men's good suspenders, only	15c
50 dozen children's handkerchiefs, only	1c
50 dozen ladies' and men's handkerchiefs, only	5c
Men's and boy's overshirts, only	25c
Lot $1.50 fine men's colored laundried shirts, only	75c

Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes

Such Prices Never Heard Of

372 pairs men's heavy grain shoes, only	98c
84 pairs boy's congress and lace, sizes 2 to 6, only	98c
Misses' high button dongola shoes, only	75c
Misses' black and tan oxfords, only	75c
Ladies' heavy dongola button shoes, only	98c
Ladies' fine oxfords, only	98c
Ladies' fine chocolate color, hand-turned shoes, sold everywhere at $3.50 and $4, our price	2.50

Come at once. These goods at these prices can't last long. Early buyers get the advantage.

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We carry the Finest Stock in the Northwest, and Our Goods are always Fresh and "Up-to-Date,"

Staple and Fancy Groceries

FLOUR AND FEED.

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

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Scandinavian Meat Market

Has been removed into fine New Quarters at the Corner of Sixth and Front Sts., where the undersigned will be pleased to see all their old customers. The choicest cuts of Fresh and Salt Meats constantly on hand. Fresh Salt Water Fish received daily. Oysters and Game in Season. Give us a call.

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Having purchased the Plumbing Stock of the late R. H. Paine, at a Large Discount, anyone wishing work done in that line, will save money by calling on us for Prices. We also have a

Tin Shop in Connection

And can do all kinds of Roofing and Spouting or anything in the Tin Line. Also carry a full line of

Bicycle Repairs

And REPAIR WHEELS on Short Notice.

THOMPSON & GRUENHAGEN,

Walker Block, on Laurel Street.

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 16, NUMBER 24. | BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, MAY 21, 1897. | INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHEBS

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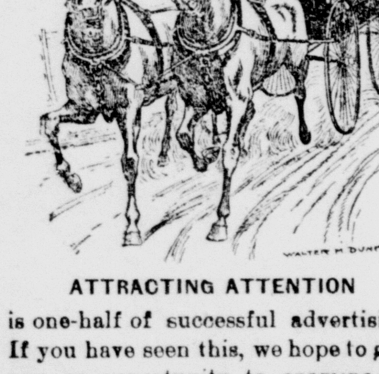
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No. 6 arrives from the west at 11:55 p. m. Departs going south at 12:15 p. m. daily except Sunday,

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No. 14 arrives from the West at 3:10 a. m. Departs going east at 3:20 a. m. daily.

No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at 1:30 p. m.

No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs at 6:30 a. m.

No. 53 arrives from the East at 12:40 a. m., and goes West at 1:20 a. m.

No. 54 carries passengers to Aitken, departs at 9:40 p. m.

No. 55 from N. P. Junction arrives at 4:15 p. m. and departs for Staples at 5:00 p. m.

No. 56 arrives from Staples at 8:15 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 9:00 a. m.

Nos. 54, 55 and 56 carry passengers.

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For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd. or

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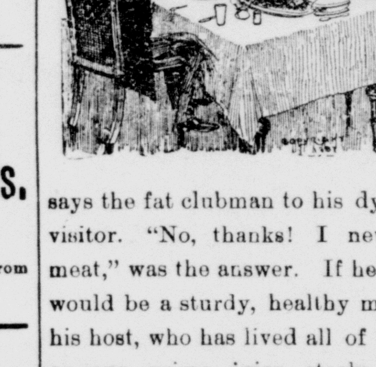
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"MAY I HELP YOU TO SOME MEAT?"



says the fat clubman to his dyspeptic visitor. "No, thanks! I never eat meat," was the answer. If he did he would be a sturdy, healthy man like his host, who has lived all of his life on our prime juicy steaks, roasts, chops, etc., that always leaves traces of good nourishment behind.

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TIME CARD.

GOING NORTH. P. M.		GOING SOUTH. A. M.
6:30	lv-Brainerd-ar	10:30
4:13	lv-Hubert-ar	9:50
5:12	lv-Pine River ar	8:53
5:40	lv-Backus-ar	8:27
6:45	lv-Lothrop-ar	7:30
7:15	ar-Walker-lv	7:00

E. H. HOAR, Supt.

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DRINKING WATER!
H. J. SPENCER
Will furnish you with
PURE • WATER
For Drinking Purposes at
25 CENTS PER WEEK

Delivered at your house or office in quantities not to exceed five gallons per day. This water is from the Adam Brown Spring, and is absolutely pure. If you want to try it or leave an order for regular delivery,

HAIL THE WAGON
AS IT GOES BY.

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BEST LINE
St. Paul
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TO
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CALL AT
The Dispatch
FOR JOB WORK.
All Work
Guaranteed.



THE LANPHER



THE LANPHER
THE HAT
—THAT IS—
STYLISH and DURABLE.

UNLESS Bro. Pease, of the Anoka Union, can have his own way he won't play. It is the opinion of a good many people that he is playing horse and don't know it.

BARBERS under the new law who are now in business and who expect to escape the examination by the new state board must file affidavits before July 19th, accompanied by a fee of $1 for registration.

HUBBARD county has a new town just platted at Midge Lake, which will be known as Graceland. It is on the surveys of both the Brainerd & Northern and Great Northern roads, and quite a boom is on.

TAMS BIXBY has handed in his resignation as private secretary to Gov. Clough, and Roland Hartley has been installed in his place. Mr. Hartley is well known in Brainerd and has many warm friends here who will all be pleased to hear of his good fortune.

Not as Painted.

George Gilbraith, who it will be remembered left Grand Rapids about two months since to seek his fortune in the much vaunted mines of British Columbia, returned on Wednesday last direct from Rossland, and tells a most doleful tale of his quest after the blind goddess in that fabled land of riches. He says that, in the first place, the country is very much overrated as to its natural advantages, and in the second place, there is at least twenty men for every job of work offered, and as a result there are hundreds of misguided individuals who have been allured to this promised New Eldorado who find themselves suffering for the actual necessaries of life.—Herald Review.

Opened the Station.

A telegram from Little Falls says two months ago the Northern Pacific depot at Belle Prairie, six miles from here, was closed, the agent removed, and the windows boarded up. A few days ago Traveling Auditor Galvin, for the Northern Pacific, opened the depot and put an agent in charge. The reason is that some years ago, when the company was buying land for the right of way for the track, it paid for all land except that which it took from F. J. Farrand. The company secured the land on one condition—that it would keep a depot on the said land as long as the railroad stood, or pay $5,000. So this spring, when the depot was closed, Mr. Farrand hired a lawyer to find out what the company would do. After a few letters, which were not answered, the attorney threatened suit. The station was reopened.

No Better than a White Man.

The department of the interior at Washington has sent word to Minnesota that the Indians on the reservation have no more right to hunt and fish on grounds outside the reservation than any other citizen, but must comply with the laws. This ruling, which comes to Executive Agent Fullerton of the game commission upholds the ruling made by Chief Justice Start and Attorney General Childs to whom, as members of the board of pardons, the Indians Porter and McCarthy, who are serving sixty days sentence in the Carlton county jail for violation of the law, applied for relief. There had been a contention that the Indians being wards of the government, had a right to hunt and fish off the reservation equal to their rights on the reservation. To this construction of the law, however, the game commission objected, and arrested the two men referred to and had them convicted. They applied to the board of pardon for relief, and the ruling that has been referred to was made.

Peculiar Fattening Process.

Wherever a handful of earth can be made to rest upon a ledge, there a mulberry plant grows, says Harry Fenn in St. Nicholas. It is a picturesque and thrilling sight to see a boy lowered by a rope over the precipice, carrying a big basket of earth and cuttings of mulberry twigs to plant in his hanging garden. The crop of leaves, fodder for the worms, is gathered in the same way. By such patient and dangerous industry have these hardy mountaineers been able to make their wilderness of rock blossom into brightly colored silks. Not a single leaf is left on the trees by the time the voracious worms get ready to spin their cocoons, but a second crop comes on latter, and a curious use is made of that.

The tree owner purchases one of those queer big-tailed Syrian sheep, the tail of which weighs twenty pounds when at the full maturity of its fatness, and then a strange stuffing process begins, not unlike the fattening of the Strasburg geese. When the sheep can eat no more the women of the house feed it, and it is no uncommon sight to see a woman going out to make an afternoon call leading her sheep by a string and carrying a basket of mulberry leaves on her arm. Having arrived at her friend's house she squats on the ground, rolls a ball of mulberry leaves in her right hand and slips it into the sheeps mouth, then works the sheep's jaw up and down with the other hand till she things the mouthfull has been chewed enough, when she thrusts it down the throat of the unfortunate animal. The funny part of the business is that probably half a dozen gossips of the village are seated around the yard, all engaged at the same operation. Of course, the sheep get immensely fat, and that is the object, for at the killing time the fat is tried out and put into jars, as meat for the winter.

Would Change the County Seat.

Under date of May 17th, W. H. Hallett, of Pequot, writes as follows to the Staples Tribune:

At the mass delegate convention held at Sylvan Lake, where 42 voters assembled to represent the wishes of the precincts throughout Cass county, a citizen's county committee was named to look after the interests of the county in a non-partisan way. The following were named: Henry C. Clark, August Erickson, Neal Tolson, F. L. McClellan, W. W. Bryant, Geo. H. Whipple, Wm. H. Hallett, W. J. Bain and John F. Burke.

Said committee will convene at Kobe Grove school house on Saturday, May 22, 1897, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of discussing the advisability of calling a special election for change of county seat from Walker to some point to be agreed upon hereafter.

Under the laws of 1889, chapter 174, which provides that if 60 per cent of the voters according to the returns of the last general election sign a petition requesting that the county commissioners call a special election for the purpose of changing the county seat, the commissioners shall forthwith call the same, and if 55 per cent of the votes cast are in favor of changing the county seat, so be it.

When once changed it cannot be voted upon for five years. What I ask of the citizens of Cass county is to remember that we live in a free country where all are accorded equal rights, and having the stars and stripes for our standard, instead of the town plat of Walker, and as we are not bound to respect the wishes of the lumber rings, our aims should be the interests in general of the people of Cass county.

If we obey the dictates of our own consciences at the coming special election we can locate the county seat somewhere near where it ought to be.

Perplexing, at Least.

The Pioneer Press contains the following interesting reading:

Attorney B. F. Hartshorn of Walker, Cass county, was in town yesterday to ascertain the present status of the suit before the state supreme court involving territory claimed by both Cass and Crow Wing counties. In accordance with the law of 1895 petitions were sent from citizens representing nineteen of the one hundred townships in Cass county asking the governor, the attorney general and other state officers, designated as a board to receive such petitions, for permission to unite with Crow Wing county. At that time and until very recently Cass county was unorganized, and its records were kept in the organized county of Crow Wing. But it is necessary that these petitions, to become effective, should be signed by at least 55 per cent of the legal voters at the last general election. Claim was made that this requirement had not been fulfilled.

"Well" continued Mr. Hartshorn, speaking yesterday at the Merchant's hotel, "I dont understand just how much progess had been made. But I find that the question went first to the supreme court on a writ of certiorari. That proceeding was declared irregular. Then a writ of quo warranto was asked, on which the Cass county people—our people—could show that the law had not been complied with. In this connection a referee was appointed to take testimony as to facts. Here the matter rests, for the testimony has not yet been taken.

"Yet, the decision might solve another difficulty that has sprung up inside of the first complication—a wheel within a wheel. When an unorganized county wishes to organize its commissioners are appointed by the governor. Then the commissioners appoint county officers. So Cass county received its commissioners not long ago, and May 6 the board met and appointed the county officers. The officers applied for their records to the corresponding officers of Crow Wing county. All our officers got what they wanted except our new auditor, a man named Griffith. Crow Wing insisted that he wasn't a legal auditor, because when appointed, he was residing in that disputed strip which may be Cass county and which, again, may not be. It's true he intended to move over to Walker, our county seat, and that intention has, in law, been held on previous occasions to offset the fact of actual residence. But undoubtedly his family were living where they had lived in the disputed strip the day he was appointed. Now, if it turns out that the strip is still Cass county, he's certainly all right. If it's Crow Wing he may be all wrong. Yet, after all, I suppose he won't wait. Griffith is willing to resign rather than to cause to much trouble, and probably we'll elect another man about whom there can be no doubt, if the Crow Wing people still insist that Griffith's residence is too ambiguous.

"Our new county of Cass would be one of the finest in the state, if only the Leech Lake Indian reservation was open. The government has been estimating the value of the reservation timber preliminary to opening the reservation and selling the timber. But recently the men so employed have quit work. They say the appropriation has been used up, but I imagine that the big lumbermen are short of cash now and they have put off the opening until they get more money to invest. Anyhow, nothing more is likely to be done this year."

A Peculiar Crow.

The "convict crow," as a certain well known specimen of that species of bird is known around the prison, is back to his summer quarters again. He arrived on the dot just when his regular six-months trip to southern climes had elapsed. This old crow is well marked and known by the keepres and old prisoners here. He is quite tame making his summer home around the prison. He marched into the kitchen of Warden Wolfer's private residence bright and early on Tuesday last and was easily recognized by Mrs. Wolfer. This is the eighth year this crow has been here—that is, since he began to act as a civilized crow should. He was probably well along in years before he adopted his present regular habits. He left this vicinity on the 11th of November last, and returned early on the 11th of this month. He has been making these regular trips for the past eight years.—Stillwater Prison Mirror.

Dyspepsia.

You have tried "77" for Grip and Colds, now try "10" for Dyspepsia. For sale by all druggists, 25 cents.

And Just Organized.

According to the Itasca News, the saloon keepers of Walker, Cass county, sell a brand of whiskey that causes the partakers to sigh for the companionship of the wild man of Borneo. A few days ago a stranger went to the county seat of the new county and, after taking a few copious draughts of fire water, took to the woods. He was found a few days afterward, and taken to the hospital at Grand Rapids, where, we understand, he has since died.

Hole-in-the-Day's Photograph.

A portrait of the above named Chippewa chief was recently presented to the State Historical Society by Chas. Hallock, of St. Paul, and that gentleman submits the following information, says the Press:

"At the time this photograph was taken this celebrated Chippewa chief was living near the agency at Crow Wing. He occupied a fairly good one-story frame house with four rooms, which sufficed to accommodate himself and his seven wives. Although conforming, to a certain extent, to civilized ways, he adhered tenaciously to his aboriginal costume, and was more often seen in blanket and moccasins than in a dress shirt. When he gave an audience or reception to visitors of consequence, he donned his war bonnet of bald eagle plumes, as shown in the photograph, each individual feather of which bonnet was assumed to represent an opponent killed in battle. Later on, when eagles were hard to obtain, war bonnets were decorated with feathers of other birds as a substitute.

"Hole-in-the-Day was always loath to have his portrait taken. But the one herewith shown was caught at a gallery in Third street, near the old American House. He had been persuaded to enter the gallery on some special pretext. The portrait figured the following year, together with a likeness of Allan Morrison, the post-trader at Crow Wing, in an illustrated article in Harper's Magazine, entitled 'The Red River Trail,' written by Mr. Chas. Hallock, whose travels and writing at that date did much to develop Minnesota and stimulate immigration. Mr. Paul Beaulieu, who died quite recently at the age of 77 years, was interpreter at Crow Wing at the time, and often recalled Mr. Hallock's visit to the post."

Free Supper to School Children.

The five Mother's Clubs of the city, assisted by the teachers, will give a free supper to all school children of the public schools, on the last day of school, May 28th, commencing at 1:30 p. m. Supper will be served as follows:

At the Washington school regular tables will be set on the lawn of the school grounds.

At the Harrison school supper will also be served on the lawn of the school grounds.

At the Lincoln school on the lawn of residence of Mr. Bolin, corner of Sixth and Pine streets.

At the Whittier and Lowell schools the supper will be served in the buildings in each room, the scholars seated at their own desks.

No One Dies.

No one dies of pulmonary disease the result of cold, who takes "77" in time—for sale by all druggists, 25cts.

A Secret Guard For Grant.

In The Century General Horace Porter tells of the siege of Petersburg in his "Campaigning With Grant." After describing the disastrous explosion on the boat loaded with ordnance stores General Porter says: "This occurrence set the staff to thinking of the various forms of danger to which the general in chief was exposed and how easily he might be assassinated, and we resolved that in addition to the ordinary guard mounted at the headquarters camp we would quietly arrange a detail of watchers from the members of the staff, so that one officer would go on duty every night and keep a personal lookout in the vicinity of the general's tent. This was faithfully carried out. It had to be done secretly, for if he had known of it he would without doubt have broken it up and insisted upon the staff officers going to bed after their hard day's work instead of keeping these vigils throughout the long, dreary nights of the following winter. The general never knew of this action until his second term of the presidency, when he made the discovery through an accidental reference to it in his presence by a visitor who had heard of it. He then expressed himself as feeling very much touched by the service which had been performed with a view to his personal protection."

Our Poets.

American poetry is not what it used to be. It seems to me to have got into a rut in all our magazines, and I am inclined to sigh for the freshness and simplicity and musical rhythm that once characterized it. Some poet has set a bad fashion here and it has been too much followed. It would be better if Longfellow and Whittier and Holmes and Lowell in his earlier days were oftener taken as models.—Templeton in Hartford Courant.

Exact Information Required.

"Oh, Mr. Squildig!" exclaimed Mrs. Homewood to a late arrival at her reception. "Are you here at last? I have been dying to introduce you to Miss Gimp of Chicago. She paints beautifully!"

"Paints, does she, Mrs. Homewood?"

"Yes."

"Face or canvas?"—Pittsburg Chronicle-Herald.

The Neighbor's Mistake.

"Don't you think your son a little fast, Mrs. Sweetly?"

"Far from it. He is so slow that we can never get him to breakfast before noon."—Detroit Free Press.

Smiles Approval.

"What do they mean when they call a man broad minded?"

"They mean that he is too polite to say what he thinks about the opinions of others."—Chicago Journal.

LOVE'S CHAIN.

The bond that links our souls together,
Will it last through stormy weather?
Will it molder and decay
As the long hours fleet away?
Will it stretch when time divides us,
When dark, weary days have tried us?
If it look too poor and slight,
Let us break the links tonight.

It was not forged by mortal hands
Or clasped with golden bars or bands.
Save thine and mine, no other eyes
The slender link can recognize.
In the bright light it seems to fade,
And it is hidden in the shade,
While heaven or earth has never heard
Or solemn vow or plighted word.

Yet what no mortal hand could make
No mortal power can ever break.
What words or vows could never do
No words or vows can make untrue.
And if to other hearts unknown
The dearer and the more our own
Because too sacred and divine
For other eyes save thine and mine.

—Edward Wilbur Mason in Womankind.

"REPLY PAID."

She had received a letter in the morning begging her to somehow procure him a little money. Things were going badly, and he had been ill. She thought of it all day long, having dispatched the little she had, and, for the thinking, things looked no better. Her brother had not enough to live upon, and there was an end of it. Fate was niggardly with them all. During the afternoon the girls came in and Mrs Hamlin. Mrs. Hamlin was always delightful and cheery. Her lovely dresses and sweet face and fragrant elegance reminded Maisie that at least she was the right person in the right place—with fitting surroundings and the beautiful things of life that all women instinctively claim as their right hers.

"Maisie, you look preposterously dejected. What is it? Are you in love with an anarchist, or is it only general aspirations toward the impossible?"

"No, I am not in love, but I am thinking of proposing to some one."

"Why?"

"Because I am in a hurry. Fred, you know, is frightfully hard up."

"But why don't you accept Mr. Howard, when he's so devoted, poor man?"

"That wouldn't be fair, because, you see, he is devoted, and I—no, I think a fat man with beard and glasses is the sort of thing—in the abstract."

"Oh, excellent in the abstract; protects you, is kind to you and gives you checks. In the concrete he"—

"Dear Mrs. Hamlin, don't. The matter is not discussable in the concrete."

"Fancy Maisie proposing!" said one of the girls.

"You don't know what I am capable of," returned Maisie.

"I'll dare you, Maisie," Mrs. Hamlin twinkled; "£20 on, and I'll give you a month."

"Twenty pounds!" repeated Maisie. And there was an odd sound in her voice.

"Twenty pounds."

"Done!" she said, to the astonishment of the room. "It's a bet!" Every one sat up and bristled with delighted curiosity. Maisie, of all people, who invariably treated her swains with a good tempered scorn that was the envy of her friends!

"I will do it now!" she went on excitedly. "Mabel, give me those telegraph forms. Of course I won't undertake to carry out the contract if any one accepts," she added.

"No, no; but a bona fide proposal!"

She then sat down and addressed seven telegrams and dispatched them by the maid. "Reply paid," she said. "And now we'll have tea."

"What have you done?" questioned Mrs. Hamlin.

"I have asked seven men to marry me."

"Maisie!"

"Well, seven gentlemen will hardly be able to think that I am pining for them all, and they'll exchange notes."

"Men never do that."

"Ah, what men never do that surely man always does," she laughed. "Honor with them is a collective virtue that has no application in the singular. You shall read the answers."

* * * * * * *

In due course of time the answers came. One by one the girl opened them before her expectant friends, who refused to go till all had come. "Regrets," quoted Maisie, holding up one with mock gravity. "Next, please. Ah, thank you, Susan! 'Sorry, previous engagement.' 'Alas! impossible!' 'Circumstances over which I have no control!' 'I would if I could, but I can't!' 'No!' That's rather impolite, and he really—well, one mustn't be kissed and tell. 'Twas so long ago too. You see, ladies, how devoted my lovers all are. But I have won my bet. Ah, here is another; one more polite refusal! No! 'Of course I am honored,'" she read. A crimson flush of shame spread over the girl's laughing face. "That's chivalrous of him," she said, trying to hide her embarrassment. "And now to invent a polite refusal to my own proposal."

* * * * * * *

Horace Sands was in chambers when Miss Maisie's telegram—reply paid—arrived. He was smoking a cigarette with Max Welby. They generally smoked together after lunch in a kind of sympathetic silence. He read it slowly, then went out of the room. On returning his friend noticed an expression of most pathetic woe upon his placid features, and such a hangdog look that he refrained from putting any questions from fear of intruding on private matters. Horace, however, after some fidgeting, said, "You know after all it's a dreadful thing, but what could a fellow do? She's a charming girl of course, but I didn't think of exactly—in fact, I am not a marrying man, you know. I never thought of marrying—don't know anything about it."

"If you'll explain what you are talking about, I may be able to understand."

"Well, the fact is, Miss Maisie wired and asked me, don't you know, and I, of course"—

"Asked you what?"

"Well, I suppose I oughtn't to say," he said, suddenly flushing crimson.

"Did she propose to you?" asked Welby with an incredulous look of amusement. "Answer paid too. The devil she did! And you have accepted?"

"What else would you have me do?" returned Sands stolidly.

* * * * * * *

For the next few days Horace Sands experienced a general sense of bewildering depression. He was an engaged man—to a very lovely girl, it was true, but nevertheless he was engaged, tied up, as it were—somebody's property. He must buy presents and rings and think of furniture. Never in his life had he thought about furniture. Even at college he had not, as many of the men did, troubled how his diggings were arranged.

He passed a man in the street carrying a kitchen safe. He tried to think what a safe was meant for and realized that they would certainly have to have a safe. Some perambulators in a great shop caught his eye, and he blushed and looked obstinately on the other side of the road. He had postponed calling—he had not dared yet. He would never summon courage to behave as a lover should to such a wonderful piece of femininity.

He remembered now that her eyes were gray and serious and laughing all at once; that she had a delightful, petulant mouth. The thought of her was sweet. The reality at present was terrifying. He could not yet face his betrothed. He must have time to get used to himself under these new conditions. Another day passed. On the fourth he dressed himself in a frock coat, adorned his buttonhole with a bouquet and started for her house.

When he arrived as far as the street in which she lived, he turned round and went to the club. There was a note from her—three days old. Again he flushed and thrust it into his pocket. He went out, and in the busy traffic of the streets read his first love letter from Maisie:

DEAR MR. SANDS—How chivalrous and nice of you! It was a bet, you know.

He did not read any more, but strode homeward. He had been a pretty kind of fool anyhow—a vain ass too. As if a beautiful girl like that—then he began to laugh. At any rate, he was free again—free! But somehow he wasn't quite sure that he wanted to be so very free. The furniture had begun to interest him.

They met the next evening at Lady Vaughan's. She received him with a very bright smile, and they danced. They danced several times, and then he said at the end, "I suppose you couldn't care for me, could you?" And she colored all over and said, "Oh, no, I couldn't—not anyhow in the world!"

Fate threw them together. They constantly met. She tried to avoid him, but he would not let her, and she ceased at last to try. At the end of three months he again asked her to be his wife. The tears crept into her eyes then, and she said, "You are very kind and chivalrous, and I am very grateful, but I can't—indeed I can't!" So that he went away conscious that there was a barrier between them he could not break down. He went abroad with Welby and proved a preposterously dull companion.

"She will never have me," he said one day irrelevantly. "I believe it's all because of that confounded telegram."

"Most likely."

"What shall I do?"

"Forget her."

"That's what I have been trying to do, but she's crept somehow into my heart, and I can't."

"Wire, then!"

"What?"

"What she wired to you."

* * * * * * * *

Maisie was sitting with Mrs. Hamlin, and her pretty face was even paler than on the memorable occasion of the sending of the telegrams. "Ah," she said, "it is a pity! I care for him so much—so much—and it could never be now! Could it?"

"It's rather difficult," said Mrs. Hamlin. "How mad of us all to have let you do it! We didn't realize till the things were gone. Your spirits carried us away. He's abroad, isn't he?"

"Yes, and I can't bear it, but I must. That's life, isn't it?" she said, with a little sad smile. "We all manage to bear what we can't." And then a telegram came, reply paid.

"What is it?" said Mrs. Hamlin.

"He has wired. Look!"

"And what are you going to say?"

The girl sat down upon her heels upon the floor and looked first into the fire and then at Mrs. Hamlin. "I think I ought to be polite. Don't you?" she said. "He was to me."

"Yes," said Mrs. Hamlin, "I think you should be polite."

And Miss Maisie was.—Westminster Budget.

For Summer Lounging.

Just now, with summer on its way, big, luxurious chairs in rattan begin to look inviting. One comfortable, cool looking affair is enameled in gray green and has cushions of the same color in china silk attached to it. Other chairs are painted wood brown, some are forest green and some are red. The cushions are sometimes covered in denim and sometimes in cool, striped, slippery Indian grass cloth.

For the summer drawing room spindling chairs are pretty and dainty looking, even though they do not seem particularly useful. Still there's not much to be said in favor of the little chairs, even though the various monarchies are held responsible. They boast choice bits of delicate brocade or at times priceless tapestries, which gives one a chance to murmur an appreciative bit of tapestry jargon.—New York Journal.

Fishes In Captivity.

Fishes in aquariums when first placed in captivity are likely to be wild and to seek constantly to escape. Sooner or later they quiet down, and often they become very tame. They feed well and grow and seem quite settled and content in their new home. But it may be that some fish, after a year of this quiet, routine life, are suddenly seized again with a desire to escape and go wild in their efforts, roaming the tank incessantly and finally killing themselves by running blindly or recklessly into a wall.

Fishes are sometimes greatly disturbed by parasites. But fishes that are perfectly sound take on sometimes in this manner, and their actions seem attributable only to the awakening of an intense desire to be free again.—New York Sun.

A Mender.

Mrs. Commonstalk (soberly)—Are you sure your fiancee will make a good home body, Eli? Do you think she knows anything about mending, for instance?

Cholly Commonstalk — About mending, mother? Why, that is her very strongest point. I saw her mend a busted tire once in just 14 minutes by the watch.—Harper's Bazar.

Climbing High Altitudes.

All persons who have climbed great heights are aware that respiration becomes more or less difficult, the heart beats either very irregularly or with great rapidity, and nausea, exhaustion and other unpleasant sensations are experienced. Just what is the highest limit to which man can ascend and live has frequently been questioned. A scientist reached 15,000 feet above sea level without great trouble. The idea suggested itself—could he not create a rarefied atmosphere by a mechanical process? He prepared a very large pneumatic air chamber and rigged it with all the necessary appliances. He shut himself in; then the air was rarefied to a degree which would probably be found at the height of 24,000 feet above sea level; then he became so distressed that the experiment had to stop. As Mount Everest is a mile higher than this simulated altitude, we may naturally conclude that, unless there are means provided for assisting respiration, feet will never tread the height on this globe.—New Yorl

$200 Per Day

C. Margrave, the Greenhouse man, would have captured this amount daily had he charged $1 each for plants sold during the week. Ladies of Brainerd and surrounding cities are becoming familiar with the popular conservatory and its popular prices. Let us know what you want for Decoration Day, and you will be accommodated.

C. MARGRAVE, Manager.
WM. DODD, Proprietor.

HUMPHREYS'

No. 1	Cures	Fever.
No. 2	"	Worms.
No. 3	"	Infants' Diseases.
No. 4	"	Diarrhea.
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No. 77	"	Colds and Grip.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price, 25c., or 5 for $1.

DR. HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MANUAL OF DISEASES MAILED FREE.

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Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Notice.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, St. Cloud, Minn., May 18, 1897.

Complaint has been entered at this office by Caleb W. Olin against Fred W. Schlattmann, for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 18326, dated April 20th, 1896, upon the E. ½ N. E. ¼ and S. W. ¼ N. E. ¼, Section 26, Township 135, Range 30, in Cass county, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear before Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on the 24th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

Further notice is hereby given that a hearing will be had at this office on the 31st day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., when the testimony taken as ordered herein, will be examined and a decision rendered there upon.

THEO. BRUENER, Register.

MINNESOTA State Normal Schools

—AT—

WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the public schools of the state.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training Department or Model School.

The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary course of three years.
(b) An Advanced course of five years.
(c) An Elementary Professional course of one year, and an Advanced Professional course of two years for high school and college graduates.
(b) A Kindergarten training course (at St. Cloud, Winona and Mankato).

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding county superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of $1.00 per term. Provision is made at each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished rooms with board is about $3.00 per week. The Ladies' Home at St. Cloud, the new Dormitory at Moorhead, and the Ladies' Home at Winona, offer board, furnished room, heat and light, at from $3.00 to $3.50 per week.

DIPLOMAS.—By a recent act of the legislature a diploma becomes a state teachers' certificate of the first grade.

The next school year opens at St. Cloud and Moorhead August 31st.

The schools at Winona and Mankato will enter upon a continuous session from and after July 1st, 1897. The school year will hereafter be divided into four quarters of 12 weeks each.

For free catalogues and circulars giving full information, address the presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
GEO. R. KLEEBERGER, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTON C. LORD, Moorhead.

Mortgage Notice.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed and delivered by John Anderson and Matilda Anderson, his wife, mortgagors to The Brainerd Co-Operative Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, dated January 1st, 1889, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds of Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on February 27th, 1889, at four o'clock p. m. in book I of mortgages, on page 119, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice $360, the receivers of the mortgagee having elected to consider the full amount of said mortgage due and payable; and whereas on December 2nd, 1896, the undersigned were appointed by the district court of said Crow Wing county receivers of said mortgagee, as an insolvent debtor under the statutes of said state relating to insolvents, and have qualified and are acting as such, and no action or proceeding has been commenced to recover the amount due under said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under the provisions of said mortgage, and the statute in such case provided, the mortgaged premises, to-wit: Lot five (5) of block (1) of Miller's Addition to the Town of East Brainerd, according to the plat thereof recorded in the Registry of deeds aforesaid, will be sold by the sheriff of said county to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the county court house, in the City of Brainerd, in said county, on the 21st day of June, 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. to satisfy said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure.

Dated May 5th, 1897.

J. N. NEVERS,
GEO. D. LABAR,
Receivers of the Brainerd Co-Operative Building and Loan Association.

LEON E. LUM, Attorney.

Notice.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, St. Cloud, Minn., May 5, 1897.

Complaint has been entered at this office by John M. Leeper against John Clancy, for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 16348, dated August 14th, 1893, upon the S. W. ¼ Section 26, Township 135, Range 30, in Cass county, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear before Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on the 24th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

Further notice is hereby given that a hearing will be had at this office on the 31st day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., when the testimony taken as ordered herein, will be examined and a decision rendered there upon.

C. F. MACDONALD, Receiver.

WALL PAPER

How do you like the Figures?



THEY ARE READY TO GO UP,

And now is the time while they are down to put up your Wall Paper. There is no Wall Paper more lasting, more elegant, more reasonable in price than that which we are now selling,

J. C. CONGDON,
One door East of Arlington Hotel.



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And Repairing.

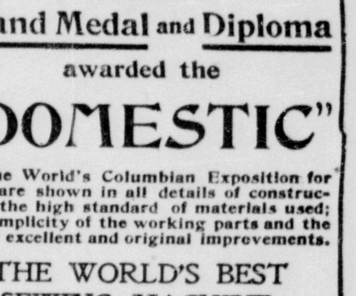
A fine line of Farm Machinery recently added. Farmers give me a call if in need of machinery.

W. F. HOLST.

Fourth St., Between Front & Laurel.

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Ripans Tabules cure nausea.
Ripans Tabules: at druggists.
Ripans Tabules cure headache.
Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.
Ripans Tabules cure constipation.
Ripans Tabules assist digestion.
Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.

HIGHEST HONORS.



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With a year's subscription to the WEEKLY GLOBE. Nine selections to choose from, some having a collection of more than 20 varieties of garden and flower seeds.

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THE GLOBE CO.,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Ingersoll & Wieland, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA

Some of our happiest moments are spent in air castles.

Vegetables never look as well as the picture on the seed boxes.

A cow in Louisville has swallowed a clock. This ought to be a striking illustration for Dr. Lyman Abbott.

The entire system of the Pennsylvania railroad now carries bicycles free. One by one they adopt the inevitable.

Young people, especially in the Missouri valley, are now sitting up nights watching for airships. At least that's their excuse.

The year has been a very sickly one, but as the colleges are turning out large spring reinforcements for the doctors, we shall now have more assistance in the fight against disease.

Ex-Senator Sawyer and C. P. Huntington, two millionaires, state that they know of two ways to get rich, one being to go to Africa and buy ivory and the other to go south and buy pine lands. They seem to be under the impression that everybody has sufficient means to do this, an error that many rich men make. You can't buy ivory in Africa on wind.

Some of the leading jewelers are showing among their novelties beautiful bottles of cut glass which are used for burning incense. These bottles have a crown of open work which partly shields a substance which smolders slowly, being fed by a wick from a delicately perfumed liquid with which the bottle is filled. The odor is delicately fragrant, and the bottle is a charming addition to a handsomely fitted up cozy corner.

It is no longer "good form" for the members of the Chicago woman's club to wear birds or their plumage on hats and bonnets. The club has practically declared a boycott against the fashion and entered on a campaign of education, whose effect will be felt first of all by the milliner. It has pledged its efforts to the creation of a settled public opinion adverse to the bird-wearing fashion, which is highly commendable. Women will certainly look just as sweet without the plumage of birds—if they will only think so.

Letters received in London from Bushire, on the Persian Gulf, show that the agricultural population of that district ascribed the lack of rain to the evil influence of certain landmarks erected on account of the Meteorological Survey of India. The survey pillars were destroyed before the troops reached the scene of disturbance. A heavy fall of rain followed, and the people were at once sure that their suspicions were correct, and that their work of destruction had propitiated the heavenly powers. Twenty of the ringleaders were bastinadoed by the governor, to show the people that the British authorities as well as higher powers must be taken into the account.

The collapse of a trust was signalized recently by a drop of more than thirty per cent in the quoted price of steel rails. The manufacturer who made the first cut, an owner of many blast-furnaces and rolling-mills, had just formed an alliance with the owner of numerous iron-mines. But the furnaces were in Pennsylvania, while the mines were in Minnesota. How, after the ore had been carried half-way across the continent, could the manufactured article be sold for less than the product of Pennsylvania mines, smelted and milled at home? Several factors enter into the explanation. In the first place, the ores mined in the "lake region"—Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin—are rich in iron, comparatively free from deleterious substances, such as phosphorus, and soft enough to be easily smelted.

The discretion of a judge in a naturalization case may wisely give the United States the benefit of the doubt as to the expediency of granting citizenship. A judge in a western state rejected twenty-one out of thirty-four applicants because they were ignorant of American institutions and principles, beside showing, in some instances, an inability to read, write or speak with a proper facility. These applicants for full citizenship were not able to stand the test of simple questions. Some of the answers were mere travesties on information. One said the highest officer of the state was "the czar," while another thought the chief official of the nation was "the White House." In former days, when an indiscriminate granting of the privileges of citizenship was regarded, in some communities at least, as a matter of course, it is possible that all of these applicants might have succeeded. Happily the country is now alert and protests against such folly.

Rev. Charles Starkweather, who was last week elected mayor of Superior, Wis., with all the papers and public speakers against him, says he was inspired from on high; that he invoked and received the assistance of heaven. It will be remembered that while Mr. Starkweather was mayor on a previous occasion he was impeached. This was a terrible blow to him. But had he never drank so deep in the dregs of adversity he might have died without knowing his power. It takes adversities to bring out the strength that is in a man. Starkweather is a wonder.

Burglars have plundered the home of a Chicago detective and tied his bulldog in a tub of water instead of stealing the sagacious animal. Neither human nor canine guards avail against the deep depravity of the burglar who receives his training in the wicked Windy.

It must have been a great disappointment to the scientists who recently discovered a palace of the Pharaohs, when they found the old wine in the cellar had petrified. Petrified wine is hardly as acceptable as plain hard cider.

J. P. Atkinson and Ada Byrd of Atlanta, Ga., believe in "going it" while they are young. J. P. is 16 and Ada is 14, but they eloped just the same, and, strange to say, found some one to marry them before their parents overtook them. They were finally captured and taken back to school, where they are expected to be real good children.

Northern Ohio has a cave that is said to knock the spots out of Kentucky's vast cavern. Ohio seldom, if ever, gets left.

The next important question for congress will be how to harness the Mississippi river. Unless something is done with that troublesome stream it will wash the lower portion of the country into the gulf of Mexico.

It is now positively asserted that Durant will take his flight from the California state prison June 11. And he won't go in an airship, either.

Poor Corbett! Beaten again! The synchronograph has a capacity of 6,000 words a minute.

THE NEWS RESUME

DIGEST OF THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Reports—The Notable Events at Home and Abroad That Have Attracted Attention.

The Nation's Capital.

The government board of inquiry appointed to investigate the nature of and responsibility for the obstruction on which the battleship Oregon settled while lying at the entrance of the Puget sound naval station, has begun its session at Port Orchard.

People Talked About.

Sam Hoggland, a well known horseman, died at Cony Island, aged eighty years.

Christian Moerlein, one of the pioneer brewers of Cincinnati, is dead, aged eighty-four.

Gen. Powell Clayton, the newly appointed minister to Mexico, has officially presented his credentials to President Diaz.

Judge John Lowell, the distinguished jurist, is dead at his home in Brookline, Mass. Judge Lowell was ill for some time and death had been expected for several days.

Con Baker of Columbus, Ohio, broke the world's record for one mile on an in-door track at the Coliseum at Atlanta, Ga., covering the distance in a trial heat in 2:04 1-5. The previous record was 2:06 1-5.

Accidental Happenings.

Fire destroyed the tannery of A. B. Patrick & Co., San Francisco. Loss, $500,000.

A dispatch from Phoenix, Ariz., states that within three weeks seven persons have been drowned while attempting to ford the Salt river near that place.

William Bramwell Carr, capitalist, mine and land owner, and at one time a political leader of California, was found dead in his bed at San Francisco, due to accidental asphyxiation.

Rowley Shepardson, the Princeton, N. J., student who was accidentally shot while rowing on Raritan canal, died from the effects of his wounds. The remains will be removed to Richmond Va.

As the result of a snowslide at the Highland Mary mine, in Eagle river canyon, near Red Cliff, Col., Frank Larzelere and Ernest Kemp are dead. The two men were working a lease on this mine and were found with their feet sticking out of the snow near the entrance to the tunnel.

Crimes and Criminals.

Joseph Sims, a colored preacher of Los Angeles, while being conveyed to Folsom to serve seven years for burglary, jumped from the train at Newman and was seriously hurt.

John Patterson of Los Angeles has recovered possession of a six-year-old son who was kidnaped three years ago while the body of his wife was being lowered into a grave at Cincinnati, Ohio.

T. B. Youtz, late cashier of the Newport National bank, was summoned by telephone before Judge Barr at Cincinnati and arrested on a warrant charging him with misappropriating the bank's funds.

Foreign Gossip.

M. R. Lebaudy's chestnut horse Count Schomberg, five years old, won the Chester cup at the Chester, Eng., meeting.

The town of Windischmatrel in the Tyrol, a well known tourist resort, has been destroyed by fire. A woman was burned to death.

Charles C. Marsh, aide to Rear Admiral Sicard, and Miss Charlotte Evans, daughter of commodore Evans, were married at Fortress Monroe.

Earthquakes are shaking the islands of Guadeloupe and Montserrat of the West Indies. The cable a few days ago reported that a number of persons had been killed at Guadeloupe.

The obsequies of the late Duchess d'Alencon took place in the Church of St. Philips du Role, in the Rue du Fauburg St. Honore, Paris. Cardinal Richard, the archbishop of Paris, pronounced the absolution.

The Russian ambassador, Baron von Mohrenheim, has handed an autograph letter from the czar to President Faure expressing his majesty's warmest condolence with the families of the victims of the charity bazaar fire of May 4.

The queen regent has issued a decree authorizing the raising of $40,000,000 to be secured by the customs duties of Spain to meet the cost of military operations in Cuba and the Philippine islands. The Bank of Spain will undertake the issue.

Minister Marrett has informed the state department that the king of Siam has appointed the queen to act as regent during his absence, assisted by a council of regency, a step unprecedented under the present dynasty.

Two new telephone cables, each with two circuits, are to be laid across the English channel, making practically six lines for the London-Paris telephone service. They will raise to thirty-four the number of wires stretched across the channel from Dover to Beachy Head.

The Paris Galuois announces Comte Castellane has written a letter to Baron Mackau, informing him that the comptesse has decided, in memory of her mother, to devote a million francs for the purchase of a site and location of a building to be used for all kinds of charitable purposes.

Complaints from stockholders have led the Western Railroad of France to publish some curious facts about free passes given to the press. Passes were issued in 1896 which, if paid for, would have added to the receipts of the company 333,000 francs; to counterbalance this the newspapers printed free advertisements for the railroad, which would have cost it 1,634,000 francs.

The session of the British parliament suspended by the Easter recess has broken the record for the number of votes taken in the house of commons. In three months the house divided 135 times, 37 times after closure had been enforced. The number of votes taken last year during the same interval was only 85.

Since the Caillebotte collection of impressionist paintings has been accepted for the Luxembourg gallery, the fine arts section of the Institute of France has been deluging the minister of fine arts with protests. Though there are some Manets and Claude Monets among them, the greater part of the collection is said to be a set of daubs.

An anonymous donor has sent the sum of 37,500 pounds sterling to the committee of management of the charity bazaar in the Rue Jean Goujon, Paris, which was the scene of the recent tragedy from fire. This amount, with the proceeds of the first day's sales, 1,800 pounds sterling, equals the full receipts of the bazaar of 1896; and the committee is thus enabled to make distribution as before.

Otherwise.

The steel beam pool has collapsed.

John W. Echols of Georgia is made president of the A. P. A.

The prospect for an abundant crop of all kinds of fruit in Oregon is excellent.

The Traders' Bank of Lynchburg, Va., has been placed in the hands of trustees.

The Rockford, Ind., National bank has been authorized to begin business; capital, $50,000.

At Los Angeles the fund for unemployed now exceeds $22,000. Over $3,000 per week is paid out.

The Illinois State supreme court has handed down a decision declaring the indeterminate sentence law to be constitutional.

The Butte, Mont., reduction works, owned by W. O. Clark, have been almost entirely destroyed by fire. The damage was $10,000.

Manufacturers of wire nails, wire and rods are about to form a grand combination to control the market for all these products.

A severe shock of earthquake was felt at Reno, Nev., lasting several moments. The vibration was from north to south.

A flouring mill at Pendleton, Or., has orders on hand for ten thousand barrels of flour to be shipped to China and South America.

The Mississippi Valley Cottonwood association has decided to advance the price of all grades of cottonwood lumber $2 per 1,000 feet.

Col. H. C. Rector, commercial agent of the Cotton Belt railroad, died at his home in Memphis, Tenn., aged fifty-one.

The twelfth annual diocesan convention of the Protestant Episcopal church met at Pittsburg, Rev. Robert J. Coster presiding, Bishop Whitehead being absent in Europe.

The American Ticket Brokers' association is holding its nineteenth annual convention at Pittsburg. About two hundred of the five hundred members in the association are in attendance.

The Cincinnati chamber of commerce and other organizations have appointed a committee of ten, headed by Gen. Andrew Hickenlooper, to go to Buffalo to secure the location of the next national encampment of the G. A. R.

The Hope gold mine at Basin, Mont., owned principally by United States Senator Carter, closed down because the management could not pay back wages due the miners. An effort is being made to reorganize the property with the aid of Chicago capitalists.

Under the new Colorado game law the killing of elk, mountain sheep and bison is prohibited at any season of the year, while deer, antelope, etc., with horns, may be killed for food purposes only from the first of August till the first of November.

Richard Dawson, earl of Dartrey, is dead. He is succeeded in the title and the estate by his eldest son, Lord Cremorne, aged fifty-six. The family is one of the great ground landlords of the United Kingdom, owning thirty thousand acres.

According to a dispatch to the London Times from Melbourne, all four of the daily newspapers in Sydney have been fined $500 each for contempt of court, consisting in improper comment upon the trial of Frank Butler, the murderer, which is now pending.

A party of Kansas City investors have purchased ten thousand acres of land on Lower Horse creek, forty-five miles from Cheyenne, where they will establish a colony of Eastern farmers. Large reservoirs are to be constructed and the entire tract placed under irrigation and cut up into small farms.

Excellent authority states that Judge Morrow, now on the United States district bench in California, has been decided upon to succeed Attorney General McKenna as judge of the Ninth circuit court of appeals. It is understood that Judge Waymore will succeed Judge Morrow.

President Woodmansee has issued a call for a meeting of the executive committee of the National Republican league at the Auditorium hotel, Chicago, Thursday, May 27. Final arrangements will be made at this meeting for the Detroit convention July 13.

GETTING SEEDS TO EAT.

No Wonder This Fellow Made Repeated Calls.

Several days ago Congressman Watson sent several large sacks of flower and garden seeds home for distribution among his constituents. The papers announced this fact, and for three days past there was a constant stream of persons coming to the congressman's law office in Columbus. On the last day a man came up and asked for beans. He was given two packages. He demurred to this, and reached over into the sack and began to fill his pockets. When called down by the attendant the lover of beans said: "I haven't got enough for a mess yet. It takes more than a quart of beans to make a mess for my family."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Deep Diving to Recover Treasure.

The greatest diving feat that was ever attempted was that of the raising of treasure that sank with the steamer near Seal Rocks, New South Wales. News has been received here that every box of sovereigns that went to the bottom has been saved by the men who worked under the sea at a depth of twenty-seven fathoms. The names of the divers are Briggs and May. At times they were subject to a pressure of seventy to seventy-five pounds to the square inch, causing them great suffering.

The Catterthun was wrecked in August, 1895, while on the voyage from Sydney to Hong Kong. Fifty-four of her crew and passengers lost their lives, including brave Capt. Shannon. The vessel's cargo consisted of produce and 10,000 pounds in sovereigns. —San Francisco Examiner.

Old and New Methods.

"True Christianity," said the inquiring man, "consists in doing something for your neighbor, does it not?"

"That used to be the idea, I believe," said the secretary of the Society for the Prevention of Any Old Thing, "but we get better results and more fame nowadays by doing something to him."—Typographical Journal.

Too Close for Comfort.

"Is the concern that employs you a close corporation?"

"I should say. I have been trying to get a raise of salary for eight years."—New York Journal.

St. Petersburg, May 16. — A terrible railway disaster befell a military train between Rockenhof and Eliva, on the Valki Jurjev line. Sixteen cars were smashed. Two officers and nearly 100 soldiers were killed and sixey others were seriously injured.

Tasted Like Iowa Whisky.

Burlington, Iowa, May 16.—William Watt and Charles Felardach, brickyard employes, are near death's door from drinking embalming fluid. A farmer named Brach came to town for a coffin. He got drunk and on his way home he and the coffin and a jug containing embalming fluid were thrown from the wagon. The brickyard men rescued Brach and his coffin but secured the jug, which they supposed contained whisky.

Secretary Gage's Assistant.

Washington, May 16. — It has been officially announced that the nomination of Frank A. Vanderlip of Chicago as assistant secretary of the treasury to succeed Mr. Scott Wike would be sent to the senate when it reconvenes Monday. Mr. Vanderlip at present is serving as private secretary to the secretary of the treasury, and he was Mr. Gage's first appointment on assuming his office on March 4.

Trouble With Strikers.

Detroit, Mich., May 16.—A special to the Free Press from Detour, Mich., says: Pickands, Mather & Co.'s ore dock is guarded by union strikers. Sheriff McNaughton and six deputies are unable to get possession. The sheriff read the strikers an injunction issued by the circuit court forbidding interference with work, but the reading was only hissed by the strikers.

Bitterness of Exile.

London, May 16. — The Paris correspondent of the Times quotes the following telegram just published there from the Duc d'Orleans: "Never were the rigors of exile so cruel to me as here at the frontier of France, where I must renounce the privilege of accompanying the remains of my beloved uncle, Duc d'Aumale, to the tomb."

Picked Up a Stranger.

Anoka, Minn., May 16.—E. S. Rogers of Grow picked up a man who was wandering around, supposed to be insane. He was placed in the lock-up over night and sent away in the morning, no one being willing to make complaint.

Tom Mann, the English labor agitator who arrived in Paris Monday to address a labor meeting, has been given twenty-four hours by the police to quit France. He replied that he would obey the order.

OCCUPY DOMOKOS

CRUSHING DEFEAT ADMINISTERED TO THE GREEKS.

After Fierce Fighting Against Superior Numbers the Greeks Are Forced to Retreat—Great Excitement Prevails at Athens—The Greeks Put Up a Good Fight—Turks in Full Posession of Thessaly.

London, May 18.—The Daily Telegraph's special correspondent with the Turkish forces in Thessaly says: "Edhem Pasha has moved from point to point and finally occupied Domokos. The Greeks have sustained a crushing defeat."

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London, May 18.—A dispatch to the Times from Athens says that the following telegram has been received from Crown Prince Constantine: "Our right wing, under Col. Mastrapas, has been compelled to retire. It still holds Voussi, but may find it necessary to retire on Phourka pass. It was necessary to bring up all the reserves in order to repulse the furious attacks of the enemy. Our wounded have been sent to Lamia. The conduct of the army was praiseworthy."

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Athens, May 18.—The correspondent of the Associated Press at Domokos says: "The Turks have occupied Kitiki, the Greek troops are retreating toward the Orthrys range on the old frontier."

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Athens, May 18.—The most intense excitement prevails here. All the cabinet ministers have been assembled several hours at the ministry of marine, where the dispatches from the front are being received. The gravity of the situation cannot be over-estimated.

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London, May 18. — The latest news from the seat of hostilities, by way of Athens, shows that the battle yesterday ceased about 9 o'clock in the evening, but will prpobably be resumed in the morning. Thus far no account of the fighting has been received from the Turkish side. It is evident from the Greek account that the Greegs have suffered a serious defeat, and if the left wing has given way, as appears probable, Edhem Pasha may be able to cut off the Greek retreat and separate Gen. Smolenski at Sourpi from the main army. This is Edhem Pasha's reply to the foolish attempt of Col. Manos to snatch a victory in Epirus. If Greece had prevented Manos from playing this last card of a gambler Turkey might perhaps have ceased hostilities. As it is now, she is in full possession of Thessaly, and the powers will find the task of protecting Greece more difficult than ever. The dispatches from Athens represent the populace as astounded when the news of the fighting came. They had hoped to the last that the powers would prevent Turkey from going farther. One report represents the Greek government as threatening to take extreme and desperate steps unless Europe arrests the progress of the invasion.

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FOUGHT VALIANTLY.

Correspondent Praises the Conduct of the Greek Army.

London, May 18.—The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Athens sends the following official account of the fighting: "Over 50,000 Turks simultaneously and continuously attacked our whole line. Our artillery and infantry did splendid work. Twice all the regiments of the enemy wavered and fled, though their attack was soon renewed with fresh forces, which in turn we were able to hurl back. The stubborn resistance and splendid vigor of our troops finally compelled the enemy to give way altogether. All the attacks on our left were similarly repulsed. On our right we did not fare so well. The first attack of the enemy was repulsed, but they massed in immense forces for the next attack. Our first line wavered and was broken, and the wing would have been turned but for the timely arrival of the reserves. Still the enemy had gained ground which it was impossible to regain, and we, therefore, fell back on Bousi. The Turks had 50,000 troops, with 30,000 reserves. Our force was only 35,000. We have lost heavily, but the enemy must have lost thousands."

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Campaign Mapped Out.

London, May 18.—The correspondent of the Daily News with the Turkish forces in Tessaly writes: "The Turks showed me a number of Greek staff maps with all the positions they intended to occupy carefully marked and with the number of the various Greek regiments and their contemplated positions. They showed me also a printed map with the frontier moved about 100 kilometers north in anticipation of Greek victory."

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Turkish Demands Ridiculed.

London, May 18.—The conditions proposed by the porte at the terms of peace with Greece have been ferely discussed in the lobbies of parliament, and the idea of the retrocession of Thessaly and of such an indemnity as is already suggested is ridiculed as impracticable and absurd. At the outside an indemnity of $25,000,000 to $30,000,000 and a slight strategic rectification of frontier are considered as likely to be the terms finally settled upon.

Pouch Took His Own Life.

Milwaukee, May 18. — The body of William Pautz, or Pouch, as he was commonly known, who murdered Farmer Harris and wounded Makholdt, his hired man, and Miss Vesbach, a domestic at the Harris home, near Mukwanaga, a week ago, was taken from Hale's pond at Prospect hill. The body was easily identified although it was badly bloated. There was a bullet hole in the neck. Pouch evidently waded into the pond and shot himself.

A. P. A. Want's Vest Impeached.

Washington, Special.—The supreme council of the American Protective association has adopted resolutions indorsing the attitude of Senator Morgan of Alabama on the Cuban question and denouncing Senator Vest of Missouri for assertions that teachers in the Indian service are broken down preachers and teachers, to whom the Catholic priests were far superior. The resolutions, passed upon the reports of special committees appointed to consider the action of the executive board by whom the declarations were drafted, were adopted unanimously. The Vest resolution called on the senate to impeach Mr. Vest on the allegation that he is not truly American in his views.

Railways for China.

London, Special.—A dispatch to the Times from Pekin says: Shang Ta Jen, the Chinese director general of railways, has obtained a loan of 4,000,000 taels from a Belgian syndicate on the security of the railways already built in the empire with the additional sole right to build the railway from Pekin to Bankau guaranteed to Belgium. It is stipulated that the entire construction stuff and all the materials for this line shall be Belgian. England and Germany have protested against the stipulations as a breach of the most favored nation agreement.

At Nashville, Tenn., F. L. Cartwright, a gambler, shot and killed T. E. Boyle of Atlanta, Tex. Cartwright is in jail. It is claimed the shooting was done in self-defense.

Gen. McNulta, receiver of the whisky trust, sold the Enterprise distillery at Pekin, Ill., at auction for $10,000, the purchaser being the American Cattle Feeding association.

Fred Hoelman, alias Hartman, was hanged in the jail in Paxton, Ill., in the presence of about fifty witnesses for the killing of Mrs. Geddes.

AGAINST ENGLAND.

European Alliance to Settle the Transvaal Muss.

Berlin, May 19. — During the past week a definite understanding was perfected by which the cabinets of Germany, France and Russia will soon reach the solution of the Egyptian and Transvaal questions, and this will be done systematically in an anti-British sense.

As soon as the Greco-Turkish trouble is settled, the subject will be jointly taken up, unless Great Britain in the meanwhile precipitates matters, in which case she will encounter the united open hostility of the three continental powers. The ultimate object of the agreement is to force the evacuation of Egypt and the nullification of the Pretoria convention of 1886 and to put the Transvaal on a perfectly independent basis. France, in the settlement of the peace conditions with Greece, will side with Russia and Germany, in spite of public opinion to the contrary.

DISCRIMINATION CHARGED.

Senator Pettigrew Makes Complaint on Behalf of Sioux Falls.

Washington, May 19.—Senator Pettigrew has made complaint to the interstate commerce commission of discrimination against Sioux Falls in that state, on the part of the railroads entering that city. He charged that the roads would not give the same rate to and from the Pacific coast that are given on the same classes of freight to and from Duluth and other points further east, notwithstanding the distance to Sioux Falls is many hundred miles less. Among the articles which he claimed were especially discriminated against were oat meal, packing house products, fruits and canned goods. The commission agreed to investigate the charges.

IN LOVE WITH MARION.

Scion of a Noble House in Germany Attempts Suicide.

Chicago, May 19. — One night last week a young man, with a bullet wound near his heart and weak from loss of blood, staggered into Mercy hospital and said he had tried to commit suicide. He soon lost consciousness, and during his ravings for the next twenty-four hours uttered but one word, "Marion." Absolutely nothing was found in his clothes to identify him, and a hundred or more "Marions" who have called, failed to recognize him. He has been identified, however, by R. M. Patterson of New York, as Ludwig von Thielman, a former lieutenant of hussars in the German army, and a third son of Baron von Thielman of Germany.

Postal Congress Completes Its Work

Washington, May 19. — The general committee of the postal congress is rapidly completing its work and it is expected to report to the congress on Wednesday or Thursday. The committee devoted to-day to the consideration of matters relating to parcels post. On Friday the delegates will go to Baltimore by rail, thence by boat to Fortress Monroe, returning home on Sunday. Gen. Batchelor, the president of the congress, has issued an order excluding all representatives of the press during sessions of the congress or of the committees.

Three Children Burned.

Milwaukee, May 19. — A special to the Wisconsin from Shawano, Wis., says: Martin Wicks and wife, who live near Gresham, this county, left their home to look after some stock that had strayed away. During their absence forest fires spread over the farm and destroyed their house. Three small children who had been left alone perished.

End of the Elks' Fight.

Cincinnati, May 19.—The Cincinnati lodge of the Penevolent Protective Order of Elks has received an order from the grand exalted ruler for the reinstatement of ex-Grand Secretary Allen of Myers to all the rights and privileges. This is the last of the factional fight in the order of Elks that started three years ago.

All Held for Trial.

Bismarck, N. D., May 19.—The hearing of the Spicer murderers has been finished and all five of the suspected ones are bound over for trial. The only witness in the examination was Holy Track. It is said there is much additional evidence tending toward the hanging of all five suspects. Trial will be in June.

Bondsmen Are Sued.

West Superior, Wis., May 19.—Summonses have been served i nmore suits against the bondsmen of the suspended Keystone National bank. Actions were brought a couple of weeks ago to recover the city's general deposit, and now suits are brought against the sureties on the sinking fund bond.

Anti-Scalpers Law Valid.

Helena, Mont., May 19.—In the supreme court Chief Justice Pemberton has decided a test case, declaring the anti-scalpers ticket law valid, holding it unlawful to sell scalpers' tickets. The case came up on a test case, the defendant being tried on information and fined $100.

Chapman in Jail.

Washington, May 19.—E. R. Chapman occupies a cell at the district jail and will continue therein for twenty-five days. Chapman surrendered himself to United States Marshal Wilson in accordance with an understanding previously reached.

Dumas Has Been Released.

Washington, May 19.—Consul General Lee has informed the state department that Jose F. Dumas, who was arrested in Cuba April 20 last, has been released by the Spanish authorities.

Aldrich Will Open the Debate.

Washington, May 19.—Senator Aldrich will not make his opening speech on the tariff Thursday, as at first announced, but when the bill is taken up on Monday will open the debate with the speech.

Cyclist Killed.

London, May 19. — H. B. Chamberlain of Denver, Colo., was killed while bicycling near Staines. Mr. Chamberlain was formerly president of the Chamberlain Investment Company of Denver.

BAD FIRE AT LEXINGTON.

The Court House Burned—Other Buildings Have a Close Call.

Lexington, Ky., Special.—Fire broke out in the court house here and in a few minutes the upper story and dome were all in flames. Hart's statue, "Woman Triumphant," bought by the Lexington women for $5,000, was in the rotunda. The court house was completely burned, and in an hour nothing remained but walls. Hart's beautiful masterpiece was destroyed in an attempt to remove it. Many of the loose records were carried out and others are in a steel vault in the basement. The court house was built ten years ago at a cost of $120,000. The fire started in the jury room, which was vacant. A high wind prevailed, and for a time the buildings to the northeast were in great danger. Bucket and garden hose brigades put out many incipient fires.

Three Negroes Lynched.

Rosebud, Texas, Special.—Three negroes were taken from the officers of the law and hanged. They had been confined in the jail here several days on a charge of attempted rape, their intended victim being a daughter of William Coates, white. One of them made a confession.

May Frost for Fourteen Years.

Huron, S. D., Special.—Reports from a dozen different points covering a radius of fifty miles from this city say little if any damage to vegetation and fruit will result from last night's frost. A killing frost has occurred in South Dakota in May for the past fourteen years, the average date being the 14th.

Aug. 20 the Date.

Fairmont, Minn., Special.—The date for the execution of Lew Kellihan, the Sherburn bank raider and murderer, is set for Aug. 20. There is no probability of intervention by the board of pardons or the supreme court.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

Condensed Proceedings of the National Law Mill.

Washington, May 13.—In the senate the senate investigation of 1894 was recalled by the introduction of a resolution by Mr. Allen of Nebraska reciting circumstances of the investigation, the refusal of E. R. Chapman to testify, his conviction in the courts as a contumacious witness, and the present efforts toward his pardon. The resolution proposes that Chapman be brought to the bar of the senate to purge himself of contumacy as a perquisite to pardon. Mr. Allen sought to secure immediate action on the resolution, but it went over on objections from Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire and Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts. The latter criticised the resolution as giving away the authority of the senate and said he would propose an amendment with a view to having Chapman punished unless he purged himself of contempt tion of referring the resolution to the committee and had not reached an agreement. The committee desired, however, that the resolution go over until to-morrow with a view of having a statement of facts laid before the cost $1,500,000, were passed. The senate then took up the calendar and passed bills as follows: For the relief of certain citizens of Montana claiming the benefits of the homestead laws; granting to Montana 50,000 acres of land in aid of an asylum for the blind; appropriating $174,000 to Charles F. Couteau for extra work on the ironclad Etlah. The immigration and kinetoscope bills were reached but went over on objection. At 2 o'clock the senate held an executive session and at 2:45 adjourned.

Washington, May 14.—After a long period of calm the senate was considerably agitated first by a discussion of the senate sugar investigation, and then by a preliminary skirmish on the tariff bill. The Allen resolution to bring Elverton R. Chapman before the bar of the senate was debated in somewhat monotonous style until Mr. Tillman of South Carolina gave interest to the subject by referring to reports that senators, within the last week, had speculated in sugar stock. As the representatives of 70,000,000 people, said Mr. Allen, in opening the discussion, we cannot afford to permit Mr. Chapman, the representative of a powerful organization which it has been charged exercises great influence over this body, to go unwhipped. The discussion assumed a legal and technical phase, Messrs. Faulkner of West Virginia, White of California and Spooner of Wisconsin, arguing on the law applying to Chapman. Mr. Chandler spoke briefly, saying that he could not believe a pardon would be granted Chapman. The senator stated that he considered it would be futile to undertake now to reopen the sugar investigation of four years ago. Mr. Tillman was then recognized for a speech which caused a distinct sensation on the floor and in the galleries.

"It seems to me," said Mr. Tillman, "that we are not after Chapman; the original investigation was not intended to punish Chapman, but to discover whether any senator on this floor had been guilty of using his official position to make money by speculating in stocks which were influenced by his action as a senator on the committee which reported the tariff bill. There are two correspondents who have, over their own signatures charged that senators have speculated within the last week and made money. Now, if you want to investigate, you have a new reason to investigate. If you intend to get at the true inwardness of the matter, to get at the truth and to punish those who are guilty, say so or else hush."

As Mr. Tillman closed there was no applause, but for a moment there was a stir in the galleries which promised something of a demonstration. The debate promptly proceeded, however, again breaking into legal measures, Messrs. Hoar, Chandler and Allen taking part. At the request of Mr. Allen Mr. Hoar changed a previous motion so as to have the resolution referred to the committee on judiciary instead of the committee on priviliges and elections. The motion as amended was agreed to. Mr. Gallinger introduced a resolution for the appropriation of $50,000 for the relief of suffering Americans in Cuba. The resolution went to the committee on foreign relations. At 2:20 the senate went into executive session. The open session was resumed at 3 o'clock and a tariff discussion was shortly afterward precipitated. It occurred when Mr. Aldrich of Rhode Island, of the finance committee, stated that he would modify the announcement previously given as to taking up the tariff bill on the 18th inst owing to unavoidable delay in preparing the comparative statement the bill would not be called at that time. He hoped, however, to call it up on Thursday at least for a preliminary statement. In any event the bill would be taken up on the following Monday.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, May 14—The Indian appropriation bill was disposed of by the house with the exception of the provision for opening the Utah gilson lands, which was postponed until Monday. The conference report which establishes an Indian warehouse at Omaha, ratifies the lease of the Seneca oil lands and adds one judge to the Indian Territory courts, was adopted by a vote of 54 to 47. Nearly two hours were consumed in a parliamentary squabble on the point raised by Mr. Wheeler of Alabama that the rule for semi-weekly sessions was in violation of the constitution. Mr. Simpson of Kansas endeavored to renew his attack upon the speaker for failing to appoint committees, and censured the Republicans for not mustering a quorum. He was declaring that there were more Democrats and Populists than Republicans present when the speaker sustained the point that he was out of order. The question whether Mr. Simpson should be permitted to proceed in order was put to the house and many Republicans voted no, while others refrained from voting, so Mr. Simpson, by a vote of 80 to 57, was given the floor. When Mr. Simpson proceeded, however, his statements caused the speaker to declare him out of order. Thereupon several Democrats protested against Mr. Simpson being taken from the floor. In explanation Mr. Reed said:

"The chair submits to the house that criticisms of what the chair did at some past time are not in order, not because the chair is above criticism or above attack, but because the speaker is the speaker of the house, and such attacks are not conducive to order. The speaker cannot reply to them except in a fragmentary manner and it is not desirable that reply be made. If any objection is to be made to the speaker's conduct it can be made at the time and direct."

Washington, May 18.—Cuba engaged the attention of the senate yesterday. The public interest in the subject was shown by the great crowds that besieged the galleries throughout the day. Two phases of the subject were presented. First came the question of relief to destitute and starving Americans in Cuba, and at 2 o'clock Mr. Morgan's resolution caused a spirited debate. The first question was presented in the president's message as soon a the session opened.

The message called attention to the destitution of Americans in Cuba and recommended an appropriation of $50,000 for their relief. Immediately following its reading Mr. Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, presented a favorable report on a joint resolution originally introduced by Mr. Gallinger appropriating $50,000 for relief of American citizens in Cuba. The resolution passed without division.

Promptly at 2 o'clock the Morgan Cuban resolution was taken up. Mr. Morgan stated that unless some senator desired to speak he would ask a yea and nay vote on the pending motion of Mr. Hale to refer th eresolution to the committee on foreign affairs. The vote was about to be taken when Mr. Wellington of Maryland arose for his maiden speech, which proved to be a vigorous protest against the resolution and a plea for its reference to the committee on foreign relations.

Mr. Stewart argued for the resolution, saying it voiced the sentiment of the American people. Mr. Daniel of Virginia replied in a sarcastic vein to some of Mr. Wellington's remarks, and then read a carefully prepared manuscript involving the legal points in the recognition of belligerency. After concluding his legal argument Mr. Daniel branched to the general subject of Cuba and aroused the keenest attention by his vigorous words. At the close of Mr. Daniel's speech Mr. Mason of Illinois secured the floor and will speak when the resolution is taken up to-morrow at 2 o'cloke.

During the session bills were passed as follows: Appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Salt Lake, Utah; conferring jurisdiction on the court of claims in the case of book agents of the M. E. Church South against the United States; appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Abeline, Tex., and a like amount for Aberdeen, S. D.

The Allen resolution as to Broker Chapman was laid on the table after a report that it was learned that he had made no appeal for executive clemency.

Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota called up the resolution for the appointment of a committee of five senators to investigate the issue of patents for lands to the Pacific railroads and to the California & Oregon railroad. Mr. Morgan, a member of the Pacific railroad committee, said the regular committee would make the investigation as it had been reconstructed and was anxious to make the proposed investigation. His motion to that effect was carried and the resolution adopted.

A resolution of Mr. Butler of North Carolina was agreed to requesting the president for information as to the authority by which a sale of the Union Pacific railroad had been agreed upon by the executive and a combination of purchasers.

At 5 o'clock an executive session was held and at 5:30 the senate adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE.

The house confronted the Cuban question, made a party issue of it and adjourned without taking any action. President McKinley's message was received without demonstration, and on its heels Mr. Hitt asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a bill in response to the president's request. Mr. Bailey of Texas asked for consent to consider in connection with the bill an amendment embodying Senator Morgan's resolution for recognition of the Cubans as belligerents. Mr. Dingley would not consent to consider the amendment nor Mr. Bailey to consider the bill without the amendment, so, for the time, the question was sidetracked. Then the house devoted two hours to debate on the conference report on the feature of the Indian appropriation bill opening to settlement the gilsonite lands on the Uncompahgre Indian reservation in Utah refused to accept the compromise agreed on by the conferees, and asked for another conference with the senate on the bill. In the meantime the senate resolution, practically identical with Mr. Hitt's bill, had been sent to the house and Mr. Hitt asked for unanimous consent for its consideration. The deadlock between Mr. Dingley and Mr. Bailey was re-enacted, and while Mr. Bailey was endeavoring to get consent for the consideration of the two Cuban propositions together Mr. Dingley put in a motion to adjourn. The motion was carried by a vote of 90 to 69, 13 answering present. Under the rule for bi-weekly sessions recently adopted the adjournment carries the question over to Thursday.

Death Bed Marriage.

Windsor, Ont., May 19.—The case of William H. Jewell, the deceased insurance man of Detroit, who married Miss Florence McDonagh, a niece of Sir John Carling, on his deathbed last week, is causing much excitement here on account of the disparity of the ages of the contracting parties. Previous to their marriage Jewell had transferred his insurance policies to the young lady and his will has been made in her favor.

To Pave the Way for an Income Tax

Washington, May 19. — Representative Cochran of Missouri has introduced a resolution for submitting to the legislatures of the states an amendment to the constitution, which follows: "An income tax shall not be construed as a direct tax within the meaning of section 2 and section 9 of article 1 of the constitution, but the congress shall have power to lay and collect a tax on incomes derived from any source whatever without regard to apportionment or enumeration."

MAKES ANOTHER TRIP.

Prof. Barnard's Airship Meets Expectations.

Nashville, Tenn., May 16. — After much difficulty in getting off Prof. Barnard attempted another voyage with his airship. It soared aloft rapidly, and as Prof. Barnard vigorously worked the bicycle pedals of his steering and propelling attachment the airship turned around several times, but was drifting with the wind. It passed over the centennial grounds, floated rapidly across the city at a high altitude in a northeasterly direction and passed out of sight in the gathering twilight. The machine landed near Madison, about twelve miles east of this city. Prof. Barnard says of this trial trip: "I find that I can manipulate the machine right or left even in a light wind. This is certain. I can go directly against a wind of eight miles an hour with muscular power as at present arranged, but by cutting across obliquely I can make progress in the direction desired." Further trips with changes in apparatus will be made.

TRAIN HELD UP.

Masked Men Blow Up the Express Safes.

San Antonio, Tex., May 16. — The west-bound Southern Pacific passenger train was held up by masked men and robbed about 250 miles west of here. As the train pulled out of the little town of Lozier three men jumped on the platform and, pointing pistols at the engineer and fireman compelled the former to stop the train about one and a half miles west of the town. After forcing the doors of the express car in one of the robbers entered the car and dynamited the two safes of the Wells-Fargo company. Both the through and local safe were opened and the contents secured. The local safe contained about $2,000 or $3,000. The amount secured from the through safe is unknown, but it is believed it will not fall below $7,000 or $8,000.

PREJUDICED JUDGES.

President Spalding Objects to Nineteen of Them.

Chocago, May 16.—President Charles W. Spalding, of the failed Globe Savings bank, who is under arrest on several indictments for embezzlement, filed a petition in Judge Ball's court asking for a change of venue on the ground that nineteen of the circuit and superior court judges, who are ex-officio criminal court judges, were prejudiced against him. Judge Ball was named as one of the nineteen. This leaves only four judges before whom Spalding is willing to be tried.

COAL TRUST CALLED.

New York Attorney General Wants Certain Information.

Albany, N. Y., May 16.—Justice Chester has granted the application made by the attorney general of this state for summonses to issue against certain railway officials who are alleged to be concerned in an attempt to corner or control the sale of coal in this state. The persons summoned are required to appear before the referee, Walter E. Webb, on May 20, to answer as to their alleged connection with the reputed coal combine.

MALLORY IS THE MAN.

The Florida Legislature Springs a Decided Surprise.

Tallahassee, Fla., May 16.—Stephen R. Mallory was elected United States senator on the twenty-fifth ballot. The vote was: Mallory, 53; Chipley, 44; Call, 1. Chipley led after the roll call on this ballot, but the changing of votes gave the election to Mallory.

The annual earnings of miners in Silesia, Germany, are, after subtracting the insurance, only $174 to $260.

A clergyman who has returned from Formosa says that insurrection prevails all over the island. The Japanese have killed hundreds of people in cold blood.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

Interesting Happenings in the North Star State.

The residence of John Marshall, two miles north of Stewartville, was destroyed by fire Friday.

County Auditor Michael Hoffman of Dakota county received $103.31 from the state as wolf bounty refunded from June 16, 1896, to May 3, 1897.

Ernest Pankonin died suddenly at the home of Ferdinand Pankonin at Stillwater. Deceased was sixty-one years of age.

Dedication services were held at the United Norwegian Lutheran church at Clarkfield. Several prominent Lutheran ministers assisted.

While J. N. Johnson of Mabel was out shooting sparrows he accidentally shot himself through the foot, inflicting a painful wound.

The G. A. R. at Brainerd has begun to make arrangements for the state encampment, to be held there June 22, 23 and 24.

The Thirteen Towns' Fair association of Fosston have elected O. L. Larson president. The date for the fair will be fixed later.

The state prison board granted nine paroles and also made arrangements for the experiment of manufacturing twine out of wire grass.

Ed Stedeman, a barber from Bermidji, was arested at Fosston by Marshal Holt upon receipt of a telegram from Ortonville. He was wanted on the charge of seduction.

The Little Falls mills have already sawed about ten million feet this spring and the prospects are that the season's cut will be one of the largest ever made by the Pine Tree Lumber company.

The windmill and barn, together with eight head of horses, belonging to John Bjork, a farmer living a few miles north of Willmar, was entirely destroyed by fire late Monday night.

The Fosston fire department has reorganized under a new constitution and have elected G. I. Houghtaling chief. They will practice every Monday evening during the summer.

Devery & Donohue, hardware merchants of Faribault, had their place of business burglarized of revolvers, razors and knives to the value of about $100.

The Willmar hook and ladder company has elected George H. Otterness and Lewis Moline as delegates and Peter Andreen and S. Rasmussen as alternates to the State Firemen's association, to be held at Little Falls next June.

The Moorhead National bank has brought suit against Clay county to have its assessment reduced. It claims among other things that in 1896 the assessors of Moorhead city assessed it for stock which it did not own.

The following corps of teachers for Sandstone was hired for the ensuing year: Principal, J. H. Hay; assistants, Misses M. Smith, Woesner, Parish, H. Parish, Lena Erickson. The school also planted in the school grounds 140 elms, maples and box elders.

Attorney C. A. Pidgeon of Buffalo was appointed by the county commissioners to the office of county attorney, J. C. Tarbox, who was recently appointed judge of the new judicial district, having handed in his resignation as county attorney.

Considerable excitement has been caused in Brainerd in the last few days by a clairvoyant claiming that the body of a boy named St. Clair, who was missing two weeks ago Sunday, would be found in Boom lake with his throat cut. The boy has not been found yet, but the medium is making all kinds of money during the excitement.

The coroner was called to Tyler to hold an inquest on the body of Gust Christianson, a young man who died while chloroform was being administered by Dr. A. J. Cox, before performing an operation. The jury's verdict entirely exonerated the physician and assistant.

Toor Tangleson, seventy-seven years old, and one of the earliest settlers of Nobles county, hanged himself in a barn at Adrian. He had been missed but a few minutes, but was dead when cut down. He leaves an aged wife, three daughters and one son. There is no known cause for the rash act.

The coroner's inquest over the remains of Nora Bornmann, the thirteen-year-old girl who committed suicide at Duluth by jumping into the lake, was concluded this afternoon. The testimony showed that the girl's stepmother had treated her with extreme cruelty, and the jury found that the conduct of her parents drove the girl to suicide.

The police at St. Cloud have rounded up the gang of forgers that has been passing small checks in that section. Chief Wheeler has brought Mary Lindstrom from Minneapolis, where she was arrested for vagrancy, and she has confessed, implicating William Gordner, a reformatory convict out on parole, who is also in jail now. Another ex-convict, Martin Johnson, alias Lindstrum, is also implicated.

Charles W. Thompson has brought suit at Willmar against the Great Northern railway in the amount of $25,000 for damages sustained last fall while employed by them as brakeman. Thompson claims that he was about to board a box car to set the brakes when the step on the car gave way, causing him to fall under the wheels, which passed over one of his legs, which had to be amputated.

The three alleged forgers are now in jail at Little Falls. Fred Nelson of Randall, who forged the name of Mrs. Bergstrom to an American Express order, admits his guilt, but says he was drunk. George Lamphear, who is charged with forging an order for a bicycle, will be given a hearing Wednesday. C. W. Clark, who is charged with raising a school order, denied his guilt. He said Broker Trebby raised the order.

The boiler in the Bock saw mill, located five miles above Milaca, blew up and killed James Caulfield and seriously injured Frank Benoit and William Vinson. Caulfield was at work in the lumber yard, fifty yards away, from the boiler, when the accident occurred. The boiler had beeen condemned, and four engineers refused to run it, but finally one, Herman Prieduch of New Ulm, was induced to run it. George Bock, Jr., had charge of the mill at the time, and the coroner is investigating the case.

A Warren report says: For some time many of our farmers have been annoyed by the loss of small amounts of wheat, especially where they had left it over night on the field where they had been seeding. Hiram Dillabough, a farmer living near this city, missed some one night recently, and in the morning traced the buggy track to a dwelling in this city. Saturday warrants were sworn out and the sheriff and his deputy proceeded to the place, but the suspected party, after talking to them, gave the officers the slip and disappeared. The officers, after searching the place, found a quantity of wheat stored in the upper part of the barn.

WIN AGAINST SAGE.

Two Important Hastings & Dakota Cases Heard at Morris.

Morris, Minn., Special.—A decision has been made in what are known as the Russell Sage lands, in which the farmers living on the lands have won. The cases decided were in the nature of a test, and will doubtless b carried up. The especial cases decided are those of E. A. Waller and S. J. Larson as defendants, for 120 acres in one and for 40 in the other. Some fifty farmers living on these lands were in the city, called by the cases. They have been living on what is known as indemnity lands and have had undisputed possession for from seven to twenty-seven years. The lands were on the Hastings & Dakota land grant and the road lost its rights by passing into other hands, but seeks to recover by Russell Sage, and has attempted to oust the settlers. The cases will be bitterly contested, and one firm of attorneys has now fifty defenses on hand. It is alleged that the Sage claim is one of the most egregious frauds ever attempted, and the universal belief is here that the settlers will win.

A Reward for the May Day.

Detroit, Minn., Special.—A $100 reward has been offered for information that will lead to the arrest of C. K. Day, who escaped Monday last.

Teething at Eighty-Eight.

Henry Garret of this town, who will be eighty-eight years of age next May, has just recovered from an attack of the grip. Mr. Garrett is a hale old gentleman, in full possession of all his faculties. He takes an active interest in affairs, and his mind is as clear and his memory apparently as good as a man of fifty. But the remarkable thing about Mr. Garrett is that he is getting a new set of teeth. He lost his second set of teeth some years ago. Recently his gums became sore and swollen, and he consulted a dentist about it. The dentist informed him that he was getting a new set of teeth.—Punxsutawny Spirit.

A Brooklyn New Woman.

Mrs. Midwood (of Brooklyn)—Have you noticed what a new woman Mrs. Montauk is getting to be?

Mrs. Flatbush (of Brooklyn, interestedly)—No, but I always knew she was rather masculine, invariably preferring to do the marketing instead of allowing Mr. Montauk to do so.

Mrs. Midwood (impressively)—Well, would you believe it, she is nearly every nice day now actually wheeling their baby in its baby carriage, just like a man!—Brooklyn Eagle.

DRUNK FOR TWENTY YEARS.

A correspondent writes: "I was drunk on and off for over twenty years, drunk when I had money, sober when I had none. Many dear friends I lost, and numbers gave me good advice to no purpose; but, thank God, an angel hand came at last in the form of my poor wife, who administered your marvelous remedy, "Anti-Jag," to me without my knowledge or consent. I am now saved and completely transformed from a worthless fellow to a sober and respected citizen."

If "Anti-Jag" cannot be had at your druggist, it will be mailed in plain wrapper with full directions how to give secretly, on receipt of One Dollar, by the Renova Chemical Co., 66 Broadway, New York, or they will gladly mail full particulars free.

American Warships at the Jubilee.

There is a possibility that the battleship Indiana will go to Europe to participate in the queen's jubilee celebration next month. The authorities decided some time ago to send the Brooklyn to attend the celebration, but as the navy department wishes to show England what the United States has in the way of battleships the Indiana may go also. Upon the conclusion of the celebration the Indiana will return to the United States, and the Brooklyn will, in all probability, succeed the Minneapolis as the flagship of the European station.—Washington Dispatch to New York Herald.

A Hint Too Late for Mary.

Whenever little Johnny, who is naughty sometimes, is afraid he is going to get a whipping, he hides under the bed. He has great confidence in this trick of his.

One day he went to visit his auntie, and in looking around came to the picture of Mary, Queen of Scots, being beheaded.

"Oh, what's this, auntie," he asked.

"That," said auntie, "is Mary, Queen of Scots, and they're going to chop her head off."

"Oh, why does she let them do that?" said Johnny. "Why doesn't she hide under the bed?"—Evening World.

It Was Time to Go.

He grew enthusiastic as he felt the touch of the joyful season.

"Signs of spring on every hand," he said. "All nature rejoices. There are the birds and the flowers and the grass and the trees—"

"And the shop windows," she interrupted in her suggestive, insinuating way.

But he was half way down the steps before she could say more. He knew something about other touches than the touch of spring.—Chicago Evening Post.

Not His Own.

Willie Wishington had just said something in the way of an effort to be amusing.

"What did you think of that?" he inquired, ingenuously.

"It was capital."

"Do you think so?"

"I am sure of it; borrowed capital."—Washington Star.

He Knows She Won't.

"They say, Grumpy, that the queen of England has sixty pianos and does not play any of them."

"I'm a little bit cramped this spring, but I'll buy my daughter fifty-nine more if she'll follow the queen's example."

Even So.

Jack—For one man to steal another's whisky is a low-down trick.

Mack—More of a load-up trick, I should say.—New York Journal.

One Corroborative Proof.

"Do you believe that kissing may spread disease?"

"I shouldn't wonder. It is in itself contagious."—New York Journal.

Engel considers that a child of ten years represents an outlay of $400; a youth of fifteen, $700.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

After every great financial stress there is a marked increase in the number of the insane.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Insanity in every country is more prevalent among unmarried than among married persons.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

The People of New York City.

It is said that more than 76 per cent of those who people New York City to-day were born of foreign mothers, while more than 40 per cent were themselves born on foreign soil. Peter Stuyvesant ruled in his day over 1,400 New Yorkers, who conversed in eighteen different tongues.

Among all races the weight of the male brain is 10 per cent heavier than that of the female.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

The oldest university is that of Paris, which is more than 1,100 years old. Oxford is almost as old.

The authorities of the Dominion of Canada have presented the Hawaiian government with 80,000 young salmon, to be placed in the rivers of the Hawaiian islands.

During the Franco-German war the Germans lost 263 men from smallpox; the French 23,449.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine.

Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Tender or Sore Feet, Chilblains, Piles, &c. C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

In Japan the price of a cycle varies in ratio to its speed. Thus, for a ten-mile bicycle you may pay £5, but for a fifteen-mile perhaps £12.

There are more deaths annually from hydrophobia in Sweden than in any other country.

Impure Blood

"I have found Hood's Sarsaparilla an excellent medicine. My little girl was afflicted with eczema for seven years and took many kinds of medicine without relief. After taking a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla she was cured." MRS. EMMA FRANKLIN, Honeoye, New York. Get only Hood's because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

IT KILLS

Potato Bugs, Cabbage Worms,

and all forms of insect life. Harmless to man or beast. Will not injure the most delicate plants.

Gray Mineral Ash

is fully warranted where directions are followed. Send for our little "Bug Book." It may save you lots of money.

National Mining and Milling Co., Baltimore, Md.

Carried in stock by all leading wholesale druggists.

A GREAT deal of nonsense has been written—and believed, about blood purifiers. What purifies the blood? .. .. ..

THE KIDNEYS PURIFY THE BLOOD AND THEY ALONE.

If diseased, however, they cannot, and the blood continually becomes more impure. Every drop of blood in the body goes through the kidneys, the sewers of the system, every three minutes, night and day, while life endures.

Warner's Safe Cure

puts the kidneys in perfect health, and nature does the rest.

The heavy, dragged out feeling, the bilious attacks, headaches, nervous unrest, fickle appetite, all caused by poisoned blood, will disappear when the kidneys properly perform their functions.

There is no doubt about this. Thousands have so testified. The theory is right, the cure is right and health follows as a natural sequence. Be self-convinced through personal proof.

Between Two Fires.

The Fiancee—I'm very much displeased with Jack, and I'm half inclined to break off the engagement.

The Confidante—You won't do that, will you?

The Fiancee—Well, I dislike to do it, because, you know, mamma has been so violently opposed to our marriage—Puck.

Excursion to Free Homes in the Northwest.

Those who are paying rent or carrying mortgages, or young men without prospects of getting a home where land is high in price, should note that the Canadian government has a large area of fine farming land which it gives to persons over eighteen years of age. Soil produces all staple crops. Climate similar to this. Good stock and dairy country. An excursion will leave St. Paul and Minneapolis Monday, May 24, 1897, to examine these lands. Don't be mislead about for-away places you know nothing about, but select while the chance is open a free farm of 160 acres, to which the railway fare is low and will not eat up a large share of your capital. For publications and further information address Benjamin Davies, Emigration Agent, Canadian Government, 154 East Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

A Doubter.

Weathers—Do you think any of these detective stories have any foundation in fact?

Raines—Me? I wouldn't believe a detective under oath.—Typographical Journal.

Thanks to the Oyster.

She—Oh, Jack, here's a pearl in this oyster!

He (excitedly)—Ethel, may—may I have it set in an engagement ring?—Pick-Me-Up.

The editor of this paper advises his readers that a free package of Peruviana the best kidney and liver cure on earth, will be delivered FREE to any sufferer, if written for promptly. PERUVIANA REMEDY CO., 286 5th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Supplying All Wants.

The Peddler—I have the most excellent silver polish.

The Lady of the House—Don't need it. I haven't got any silver.

"Well, then, it will take grease spots out of wall paper."

"Haven't got any wall paper."

"Then it will renew the curl in feathers."

"Haven't got any feathers."

"Well, then, it will make oil paintings look like new."

"Haven't got any oil paintings."

"Well, then, a little taken internally will make you feel as if you had some of these things. Good day."—From Answers.

The Modern Plea.

Lawyer—Did you kill your cousin only, and no other member of the family?

Prisoner—Yes; only my cousin.

Lawyer—What a pity! Had you but murdered the whole family I might have got you off on the plea of emotional insanity.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Curious Cargoes.

Liverpool receives some curious shipments at times. Cargoes of turtles and other live and dead animals, casks of leeches, shiploads of bones from battle fields, of human mummies from the Egyptian tombs, and of dead cats from the cat cemeteries of the same country, are among the most remarkable.

His Appearance Belied Him.

"I jist escaped from the Mississippi floods," said the man at the door for something to eat. "I wus in the water three days."

"You haven't been in the water for three years," declared the woman, as she slammed the door and shot the bolt.

Too Close for Comfort.

"Is the concern that employs you a close corporation?"

"I should say. I have been trying to get a raise of salary for eight years."—New York Journal.

The girls of South Lubec, Me., successfully conducted a woodsawing bee one day recently.

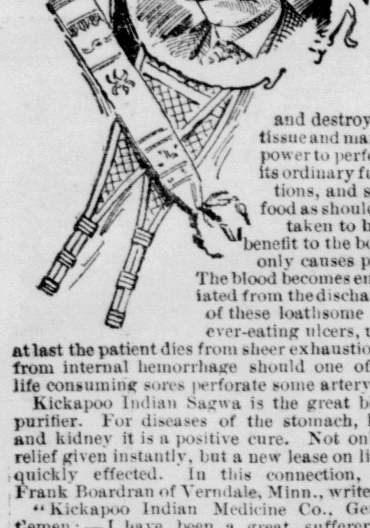
It is stated that a Beethoven circle to last three weeks is to be held in Berlin in 1898, during which time all the works of that composer are to be given.

AN EXAMPLE.

The Story of a Man Literally Rescued From Death.

To the Sagacity and Instinct of the Indian, Does He Attribute His Recovery.

A slight pain or a little distress after eating,—not enough consequence, you think, to do anything for it. But this is a symptom and warning that you have some derangement of the stomach. If neglected, Chronic Dyspepsia results, and let this continue, as it surely will, unless attended to, a disease of the stomach takes place, that becomes incurable. Gastric ulcers form on the lining of this most delicate organ. They eat into its tender membrane



and destroy its tissue and mar its power to perform its ordinary functions, and such food as should be taken to be of benefit to the body, only causes pain. The blood becomes emaciated from the discharges of these loathsome and ever-eating ulcers, until at last the patient dies from sheer exhaustion or from internal hemorrhage should one of the life consuming sores perforate some artery.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa is the great blood purifier. For diseases of the stomach, liver and kidney it is a positive cure. Not only is relief given instantly, but a new lease on life is quickly effected. In this connection, Mr. Frank Boardran of Verndale, Minn., writes:—

"Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co., Gentlemen:—I have been a great sufferer for years from Dyspepsia. Could eat nothing without great pain. Tried many remedies without relief. The least particle of fat in my food caused me the most intense pain. As a last resort, I purchased a bottle of Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. Imagine my joy, when I found what it had accomplished. It cured me. I am now strong and healthy. Can eat anything and relish what I eat. Sufferers from Dyspepsia should not fail to take this grandest of medicines. I would not be without it. Yours Respectfully,
FRANK BOARDRAN."

Remember that Kickapoo Indian Sagwa is sold at all druggists at $1. per bottle.

THE MAD AERIALIST.



A BEAUTIFUL woman in midair on the flying trapeze, however expert, is not so much of a novelty or sensational attraction as when I was actively engaged in vaudeville management. The theaters and circuses, if not "the woods," are full of them now, but then the appearance of a female in such a hazardous performance was indeed "a drawing card," and drawing cards that actually bring money to the box-office are not so plentiful as some imagine. For instance, pretentious artists with salaries far in excess of their merits.

Folsom had written enthusiastically about the wonderful woman from London, stating that she had "set Paris crazy." Peraps she had, but I noted no report of an insurrection in that gay capital. My foreign agent, besides being an excellent judge of the commercial value of an act, was an enthusiast, and would go to no end of travel or expense in his endeavor to secure the startling. If the treasury survived his demands Folsom could be relied upon to outdo all rivals.

It was fortunate that the agent's announcement of the engagement of Zarena, at such an enormous figure, arrived at a time when I was turning away people, and making money hand over fist. Otherwise I don't know what the effect would have been. I have remarked that Folsom was an enthusiast, and I made some allowance for his ardor when he wrote that the charming and daring lady was "a star gazer, a regular beaut." I smiled at Folsom's glowing description of his prize aerialist, and then I smiled at the name, Zarena, evidently one of those made-to-order professional cognomens, then, as now, so popular.

Why, I know a whole tribe of really great Z artists, from Zaezel to Zuila.

It was not until the approach of Zarena's date that I looked over the billing matter, and then I learned for the first time that the sensation of the century had a male partner, who did a good part of the work, while the lady fair gathered in the greatest part of the gain and all the glory.

Zarena arrived on time, and she was the Frenchiest of the French, and more beautiful even than Mr. Folsom's most flattering pen picture, and was altogether entrancing and engaging. But, as she explained, she had "one little trouble."

Whatever that "little trouble" was it seeemed to sit lightly on her head, for she laughed as she explained.

A male partner for her act was necessary. And the man had to do a good share of the act, but the great feature of the performance, the "flight for life" from the topmost gallery to the hands of the man hanging head down on the trapeze, was hers. All of which statement and explanation was wound up with the announcement:

"I want a man."

"But where is the gentleman with whom you have been performing?" I asked, it occurring to me that the certainty and the success of the act, if not the safety, might be imperiled by the change.

The pretty artist became very red in the face, hesitated, and then, with the accompaniment of a ringing laugh, exclaimed:

"Fool, he make too much love, and I dismiss him!"

I laughed too, fully comprehending the situation. Zarena further explained:

"Any American man what do aerial act do just as well with few practice. See? And I no like to do act with



SHE STORMED AND RAVED.

man in love. Man in love not in his right brains; let me fall and break my neck. You comprehend?"

I comprehended and nodded, then the little Frenchwoman, who was all business, informed me in her best English, and that was not very good, that she wanted me to prepare an advertisement for an expert aerial artist.

The advertisement was prepared, inserted, and accomplished the desired result, and the pert and pretty Zarena reported that her practice with the new man was highly satisfactory. That was their affair, and I knew little about their progress until up to the very day of the first public appearance in America of the dashing and daring Frenchwoman.

Then we came in contact and animated discussion. The auditorium of the theater was a lofty one, the seats occupying a parquet and four circles, and a great part of the act was to be performed way up under the frescoed ceiling, where the performers would look like a couple of flies. And all the dangerous and extra hazardous feats were to be performed without the protection of a safety net. Against such a foolhardy exhibition I protested, and declared that the rule of the house should be insisted on: "A net must be used in the performance of all aerial acts, when the exhibition is given above the heads of the audience."

Then I found out that my beautiful Queen of the Air had a will of her own. Heavens, how she stormed and raged in French, and when she reached the height of the tempest she let out a good round North American:

"Damn!"

Then, being out of breath, or greatly relieved, she subsided for a moment, and then renewed her excitement, and made known her state of mind by asserting that she would leave for Paris the very next day, if she had to swim.

Rather than to have the pretty spitfire drown I let her have her way, and her way came near costing her her life.

By the time for Zarena's appearance I had become so nervous and overwrought through anxiety and excitement that I could have wished the French minx and all the rest of the aerial female Z.'s "in the deep bosom of the ocean buried."

How many times in the course of his career does a manager solemnly vow that he will never admit another danger-defying aerial act to his theater, and then go and put the most dangerous one he can find in his programme at the first opportunity?

Everything was at sixes and sevens, anyway, in front of the house that night, because the Frenchwoman had drawn to an overflow, and there were too many people in the house for comfort. The doorkeepers seemed to have lost their heads, and were snappish and uncivil, and the ushers were anything but polite and obliging. On the whole, I guess I was rattled myself.

"Here she comes! Ain't she a daisy?" called an irrepressible small boy in the top gallery.

The Frenchwoman came out and I went out.

From my office den I could hear the cheering reception to the lady from France; then came a crash from the orchestra, and the great midair perils begun. I didn't want to see them, but I couldn't keep away, and I felt rather surprised at myself when I became a part of the audience and was craning my neck to catch a glimpse of the tiny figures as they appeared evoluting at a giddy height aloft.

It made me feel quite dizzy to look at them, and I turned away to note the averted gaze of others. I started to return to the office, mentally vowing:

"This is the last."

At the office door I turned back again to view the dangerous performances. A great hush was upon the audience. I believe that I could hear everybody's heart beat. Mine was thumping at a fearful rate.

Out of the stillness I heard a hissing command from the lips of the man!

The Frenchwoman answered in an excitable undertone. There was a quick passage of words, the tennor of which no one could catch. Were they quarreling up there over the heads of the audience?

Words, more words, and fierce words! I was in a frenzy if they were not.

Suddenly the woman made a dash down the elaborate rigging suspended from the act; to me it appeared as if she was attempting to escape the man, her pursuer, who was close upon her. The audience took the movement for a part of the performance, and applauded, but intuition told me that something was occurring "not down on the bills."

Evidently fear lent celerity to the woman's movements. I took it that she was fleeing from him.

The pursuer shrieked a horrible oath, and was upon the little Frenchwoman just as she reached the bar of a suspended trapeze.

"Help! Help! My God, the man is mad!"

At her agonizing cry many of the audience sprang to their feet, just as many others swooned.

Who was to help, and from whence was the aid to come?

The lunatic was already attempting to unloose the woman's hold on the trapeze.

Part of what next occurred I did not see. I heard the voice of a man in an upper circle cry in French:

"Hold! I come!"

The next instant the figure of a man clinging to a rope required for the finish of the "flight for life" shot across the space with unerring aim, and a powerful arm wrested the woman from her perilous position. And then the fools of auditors, thinking that what they had seen was "a part of the show," made the theater ring with cheers.

As that act, thank the Lord, was the last number on the bill, such of the audience as were not overcome found their way out, and the others were sent home when they were sufficiently recovered.

The shock to the Frenchwoman was a terrible one, but she came out of it thankful for her narrow escape and grateful to her former discarded partner, who had devotedly followed her from Paris and been the means of saving her life.

In all the hubbub the lunatic had walked off in his tights, and such attire in the street being unusual, he had promptly fallen into the hands of the police, and in due time was placed in such keeping as to insure safety both to himself and others. Upon after investigation it was learned that the unfortunate aerialist had suffered a severe fall during the previous season, resulting in an injury to his head, which unfitted him from following his calling.

For the remainder of the engagement the Frenchwoman's now accepted admirer appeared in their astounding aerial act. After that they returned to Paris, to indulge in the perpetual bliss which forever finds place in two loving hearts.

TAXATION AND SUFFRAGE.

The Case of a Connecticut Woman in 1874.

At the legislative hearing given in Connecticut on woman suffrage Judge Hooker recalled the fact that for many years he and his friends had appealed to the legislature of Connecticut to grant suffrage to colored men and had met with "contemptuous refusal," says the Boston Transcript. They then petitioned that colored people should not be taxed, since they were not represented. This was conceded; and from 1844 until 1871 the real and personal property of colored persons in Connecticut was exempted from taxation. Judge Hooker read a letter written in 1874 by the late Amos A. Lawrence of Massachusetts to Abby Smith, a Connecticut woman who had allowed her property to be sold for taxes as a protest against taxation without representation. Mr. Lawrence wrote:

"My Dear Madam: Your action will be highly beneficial in bringing the subject to public notice and in leading to the correction of a great injustice. The taxation of the property of women without allowing them any representation, even in town affairs, is so unfair that it seems only necessary to bring it to public view and make it odious and to bring about a change. Your case has its parallel in every township of New England. In the town where this is written a widow pays into the town treasury $7,830 a year, while 600 men pay $1,200 in all. Another lady pays $5,042. Yet neither has a single vote, not even by proxy. That is, each one of 600 men who have no property, who pay only a poll tax, has the power of voting away the property of the town, while the female owners have no power at all. Please to accept the sympathy and respect of one of your fellow citizens. No doubt you will have it from all in due time, or, at any rate from all who love to see fair play. Very truly yours,
AMOS A. LAWRENCE."

Judge Hooker has petitioned for the granting of suffrage to tax-paying women.

A Brave Kangaroo.

A very pathetic story comes from Australia describing a kangaroo's daring for the sake of her young. The owner of a country station was sitting one evening on the balcony outside his house when he was surprised to notice a kangaroo lingering about, alternately approaching and retiring from the house, as though half in doubt and fear what to do. At last she approached the water pails, and, taking a young one from her pouch, held it to the water to drink. While the baby was satisfying its thirst the mother was quivering all over with excitement, for she was only a few feet from the balcony on which one of her greatest foes was sitting waching her. The little one, having finished drinking, it was replaced in the pouch and the old kangaroo started off at a rapid pace. When the natural timidity of the kangaroo is taken into account, it will be recognized what astonishing bravery this affectionate mother displayed.

Official Corruption in China.

A striking picture of the official corruption that prevails in China is afforded by some diplomatic reports submitted by the English foreign office to the houses of parliament at Westminster. Among other things it is shown that so great is the stealing that, were the imperial government to abolish the rice tribute from the provinces of Kingsu and Che-kiang alone, it would effect an economy of more than $2,000,000, which is the sum that its collection now costs over and above the revenue that it yields.

Every freeman must expect to look out for himself.

VILLAGE LOST TO VIEW

THE HOME OF CHIEF POKAGON AND HIS BAND.

Not a Trace of the Old Town Is Left—Good Indian Who Ruled His Tribe in Southern Michigan—His Heart Was Broken.



BERRIEN county is the site of the last of the Pottawattomie villages in southern Michigan, says the Detroit Free Press. It was the home of old Chief Pokagon and his band and the birthplace of the present chief, Simon Pokagon, who is now engaged in writing his father's biography. There is nothing about the spot to indicate that it was ever a place of human habitation. In a valley running back from the St. Joseph river about a mile to the west, at the head of a rippling, winding little brook, surrounded by hills and on two sides by heavy oak forests, it lies, a peaceful, picturesque little nook of farm land rarely ever cultivated, seldom visited save by the farmer's boy who goes to bring home the cows grazing where the wigwams stood a half century ago, or by the relic hunter who knows its history. It is hidden from the highway and not a trace of the old town is left. How old it was no one now living can tell. The few log huts that Pokagon and his followers with their little families occupied looked to the first white settlers who saw them sixty-seven years ago, as if they were about ready to tumble down and they might have been built seventy-five or 100 years before that time. Probably an Indian village had been there around the bubbling spring that formed the source of the little brook for many generations. The numerous relics of the stone and copper variety found in the vicinity would indicate this.

Pokagon was a pious Indian. On one of the hills overlooking the village was a log chapel where he and his people worshiped according to the rites of the Catholic church, taught them by their fathers. How long the chapel had been built is not known, but it may have been one of the missions established more than 200 years ago by Father Claude Allouez, the pioneer missionary of the region, whose ashes are reposing somewhere along the St. Joseph river, the exact spot of his burial place not being known. In 1759 the English drove the French from this region and took possession of the territory, dissolving all these missions. They were not re-established for nearly 100 years afterward, and during that period, although the Indians were deprived of the care and instruction of the priests, they did not forget the forms of the church.

In the latter part of the '20s Pokagon made a pilgrimage to Detroit to implore the church authorities to send a "black robe," the Indian name for priest, among his people. His speech to the vicar-general of the bishop of Cincinnati, Father Gabriel Richard, on this occasion, is on record. It was an earnest and effective plea. "I implore you," he said, "to send us a black robe to teach us the word of God. If you have no care for us old men, at least have pity on our poor children, who are growing up in ignorance and vice.

"We still preserve the manner of prayer as taught our ancestors by the black robe who formerly resided at St. Joseph. Morning and evening with my wife and children we pray together before the crucifix. Sunday we pray together oftener. On Friday we fast all evening, men, women and children, according to the traditions handed down to us by our fathers and mothers, for we have never seen a black robe. Listen to the prayers which he taught to them and see if I have not learned them correctly." Then the old chief fell on his knees, made the signs and repeated the prayers of the church, the creed and the ten commandments in the Pottawattomie tongue.

The result of the plea was the sending of Father Stephen Theodore Badin, the first Catholic priest ordained in the United States, who came to Indiana in 1829 and for several years had charge of all the missions in southern Michigan and northern Indiana. He established a mission two miles north of South Bend that eventually developed into the great Notre Dame university of today. He was the religious instructor of Pokagon's band as long as they stayed at the old village and there are a number of old residents of the vicinity that heard Father Badin preach in the little log church on the hill. The church itself has long since been taken away, but the foundation remains. Down the valley on the bank of the river was the burying place of Pokagon town and the old cedar cross with its hoizontal arm gone is still standing. It was there when the first white settlers came into the region.

Pokagon is represented by some historical writers as the leader of a band of Pottawattomies in a battle with the Shawnees in the days before the whites at Three Rivers, but this can be classed as fiction, as Pokagon was wholly averse to fighting, and his whole aim was to keep his people from war. Again, he is said to have been at the massacre of Fort Dearborn in 1812 in the capacity of peacemaker and to have been the one who brought Capt. Heald and his wife away from the bloody affray at Chicago and across the lake to St. Joseph. This is not believed to be true by some of the older residents, who were acquainted with Pokagon. He never made any such claim to them, though he had been heard to say that he used all his power to keep the Pottawattomies in that locality from taking part in the massacre, and himself went to St. Joseph to dissuade Topinabee from taking his men there. Pokagon doubtless was with Topinabee and was one of those who received Capt. Heald at St. Joseph and helped him to get to Mackinac and Detroit. The most authentic records of the massacre to be had give the credit of assisting Capt. Heald and his wife to escape to John Baptiste Chandonia, a nephew of Topinabee, and who died at South Bend in 1837, and whose remains lie in the city cemetery, though in an unknown and unmarked grave.

Pokagon, after the treaty of 1833, the signing of which nearly broke his heart, as it took from him the home of his childhood and old age and scattered his people broadcast over the land, remained at the old town for several years, then went over into Cass county, where, in the Silver creek district, a few miles north of Dowagiac, he established another village and built a church. He lived but a few years and his ashes repose under the church, which is located in a picturesque spot on the banks of a charming little lake.

A Disagreeable Consequence.

"You say you hate to visit your rich relatives? Why? Don't they treat you well?"

"Oh, yes, they always do everything they can to make it pleasant for us, but my wife never gets through complaining until about two weeks after each visit because we are not as well off as they."—Cleveland Leader.

Mistakes.

It is better to make mistakes than to sit idle and inactive and view all things from a pessimistic standpoint. Dead people are the only ones who do not make mistakes.—Rev. Charles G. Ames.

THE LANGUAGE OF CRIME.

Some of the Terms Are Very Interesting.

Every language has a syntax peculiar to itself, but in the patois of the criminal no attempt is made of changing anything but the lexicon, says the Popular Science Monthly. It bears the same resemblance to the parent language that a pile of cogwheels does to a watch. They are not a watch, but neither are they a new machine. Thus we must regard the argot only as a dialect in which debased terms replace the words of the parent tongue, in which the innate laziness of the criminal has effaced all words of any length and has simplified the pronunciation wherever the correct form requires anything but an elementary combination of sounds.

Let us examine some of these transformations and synonyms.

The general tendency of the criminal to reduce the abstract to the concrete to denote the substantive by one of its attributes, is shown very clearly in his synecdochical phraseology. Thus a purse is a leather; a street car is a short, comparing its length with a railroad car; a handkerchief is a wipe, and a pair of shoes a pair of kicks.

Again, some of the terms appear to be purely arbitrary and were it not that the creative power is absent in criminals as in women I should not hesitate to state it as a fact. But it seems wiser to conclude merely that the origin of these terms has become a fact. To suppose that they were created would be in too distinct contradiction to all obtainable evidence, indirect though it may be. Such expressions are to kip, meaning to sleep; to spiel, to make a speech; jerve, a waistcoat pocket; thimble, a watch; to do a lam, meaning to run.

Some of the expression are very descriptive. To run from a police officer is to do a hot foot. A person who is always listening to other people's conversation is called a rubberneck. The word push, meaning a crowd, is occasionally seen in the newspapers. To be arrested is to be pinched; to be convicted is to fall. To refuse a person's appeal is to give him the marble heart. Such expressions require no explanation.

LUNCH FOR BUSINESS GIRLS.

The Food Will Have Greater "Relish" If Daintily Arranged.

"The putting up the cold lunch is no easy matter, as many mothers realize when they find the question before them," writes Phebe Westcott Humphreys in the Ladies' Home Journal. "The wise mother, however, is ever on the alert, and many savory compounds, in the way of potted meats, etc., are prepared, in connection with the home cookery, that are quickly sliced and invitingly arranged in the lunch-basket, and help to form a plentiful, nourishing lunch. The first consideration in preparing these lunches should be healthfulness, yet daintiness is of equal importance. It is an easy matter to make the home luncheon attractive, even when served cold: the white table linen and attractive table appointments seem to impart a certain 'relish' to the food. One of the first requisites for a dainty lunch should be a lunch box or basket that can be readily scalded and kept sweet and clean, and waxed paper and Japanese napkins, or a quantity of linen napkins, to separate the articles of food. Waxed paper is especially important, as pickles, sandwiches, cake, or anything that is wrapped in it, may be kept fresh without destroying the flavor of the other. A corner in the dresser drawer well stocked with these papers, with the doilies, etc., and the small glasses, with tight-fitting lids, should be a part of the regular kitchen furnishing in every home where cold lunches are to be put up each day."

Koch's Improved Tuberculin.

A highly important scientific announcement will shortly be made by Prof. Robert Koch. It will be remembered that his tuberculin did not answer the expectations placed in it, and that the general enthusiasm with which the discovery was hailed was soon followed by disappointment. Since then Dr. Koch has uninterruptedly worked at its improvement, and the Berlin "Localanzeiger" now learns that the great bacteriologist has succeeded in so improving the lymph that its healing power has been considerably increased, and that the injurious aftereffects which followed the injections are now removed.

A Grateful Memory.

"You must miss your husband very much, Mrs. de Lynn."

"Miss him! I should say I did. He was the only man I could ever trust darling Fido with." And she wiped away a pensive tear.—Detroit Free Press.

FOREIGN NOTES.

Electric jaunting cars are run from Brighton, England, to the neighboring points of interest.

Italy had 10,450 white troops engaged at Adava; of these 3,097 were killed in the battle.

At Konjica in Herzegovina a sanctuary of Mithra was recently discovered, being the first ever found in the Balkan peninsula.

Dr. Nobel's will, turning nearly all his property into a fund to further the advancement of science, is contested by the late inventor's relatives.

Edinburgh drunkards find a mixture of methylated spirits and naphtha or paraffine a cheap and effective intoxicant. They call it dynamite.

Rudolf Zeller, the Viennese operetta composer, has been found guilty of fraud and perjury and sentenced to one year's imprisonment at hard labor.

Birmingham has already sent out 15,000,000 jubilee medals and 6,000,000 jubilee brooches, but complains of competition from cheaper medals made in Germany.

Cairo's new Museum of Egyptian Antiquities, which will cover 13,000 square metres and cost $550,000, has been begun, the young khedive laying the corner stone.

New South Wales has spent $12,000,000 for habors in forty years, exclusive of the cost of the port of Sydney, and will spend $1,500,000 for the same purpose this year.

England and Germany have agreed on free trade for the Sooloo islands, over which Spain asserts sovereignty. Arms, ammunition, and alcohol are the only dutiable articles.

London is suffering from a brick famine on account of the building boom in the suburbs. In the last few weeks bricks have gone from $2 to $3 a thousand above the normal price.

Cyclists are urged to celebrate the queen's jubilee by overhauling the milestones throughout the United Kingdom and seeing that they are put in place, painted and correctly lettered.

Gerome, the painter, has sent a remarkable equestrian statuette, one-fifth the natural size, of "Bonaparte in Egypt" to the Salon. Napoleon is represented dressed in early Egyptian costume.

Gen. de Charette, who formerly commanded the Papal Zouaves, recently visited Pope Leo with the object of bringing about a reconciliation between the Duc d'Orleans and the vatican.

The oldest house in Maine is said to be the Sylvester house at Small Point, the age of which is put at 150 years.

SUGGESTIONS FOR MODERN STABLE.

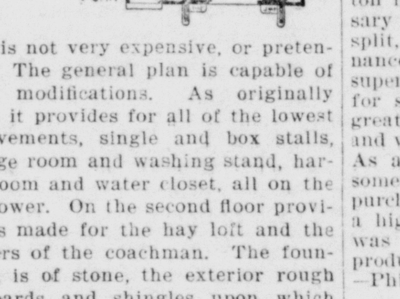
(Copyrighted, 1897, by Co-operative Building Plan Association.)

The great vogue of the bicycle, the extension of trolley railroads, and the introduction of the auto-Mobile cabs, have called out many dismal predictions from the horseman. The public has been told times without number that the reign of the horse is forever over. In illustration of this statement the unprecedentedly low prices at which horses have lately been sold are quoted, and there comes grewsome stories from the wild and woolly west of the shooting of entire herds of horses on the ranges, in order to save the pasture for the more valuable beef creatures. As a supplement to these tales, it is ever said that canning factories have been established, where horseflesh is put up in potted form for unsuspecting foreigners. The paragraphers and cartoonists have had their fling at the subject, and if one should take the signs of the times, everything would seem to point to the virtual extinction of the equine species in the not remote future. But those who love man's best friend and servant among the dumb beasts, and who do not care to surrender him for steeds of steel or naphtha fed cabs, need not be unduly alarmed. In fact, horse flesh would seem to be an excellent investment at this very moment. With the fall in prices that was due to a variety of seasons, horse breeding has been given adequate re-



turns for the past few years, and more brood mares have come upon the market than ever before in an equal space of time. Comparatively few foals have been born, and prices are bound to rise before long. Aside from all questions of value, few people who live in suburban places care to be without horses, and the question of housing them suitably has to be met by a large proportion of builders. The carriage house and stable must be influenced more or less by the nature of the ground and the relative position of the house to which it belongs. The general rule, of course, is that it should be inconspicuous, or if it is where it must be seen, it should not suffer in comparison with the finished villa. At the same time its subordinate character must be born in mind so that it may not detract from the dignity of the dwelling, even if the general style of the house is followed in the matter of architecture.

The ornamentation must be far less profuse and ornate. Extreme simplicity combined with strong and artistic lines always give the best results. The accompanying plans show a stable that would grace any suburban place, and



yet it is not very expensive, or pretentious. The general plan is capable of many modifications. As originally drawn it provides for all of the lowest improvements, single and box stalls, carriage room and washing stand, harness room and water closet, all on the first flower. On the second floor provision is made for the hay loft and the quarters of the coachman. The foundation is of stone, the exterior rough clapboards and shingles upon which if we used red and green stain the effect is admirable.

THE DEAF GIRL UNDERSTOOD.

Young Man's Tender Remark to His True Love.

It doesn't always pay to express your inmost thought even guardedly in the presence of deaf mutes, says the Boston Record. A story was told at the meeting of the Woman Suffrage Association yesterday afternoon which showed conclusively the wisdom of the above remark. A devoted couple who, apparently, had been long separated were thrust suddenly into each other's company at a largely attended reception. The lady who told the story said that she was present in company with an educated deaf girl. The happy reunited pair displayed fully the thoughts that were in their hearts by the beam upon their countenances. Suddenly the young man drew near to the one whom he adored and said in a low tone, inaudible to those about him, a few seemingly affectionate words. The deaf girl watched the proceedings with intense interest and suddenly broke into a broad grin. Her companion inquired what it was that amused her. She turned about so that the couple could not see her and replied:

"That man said, 'If all these people were not here I'd kiss you. If they don't get out of the way pretty soon I shall have to before them.' The girl replied: 'Then I shall scream.'"

The deaf girl understood their words by the motion of their lips.

Captured a What-Is-It.

"What is it" is the first question asked by any person who views the queer animal caught in the Columbia river in Washington recently. "That's just what it is—a what-is-it," is the invariable reply. This strange creature rose to a hook just like a fish and was landed after much trouble. It had the head of turtle, the body of a fish, the tail of a giant lobster, and the flippers of a seal. What is perhaps most extraordinary is the heavy coat of black fur upon the body. This fur resembles more than anything else the coat of a black cat. The thing had no teeth, but its jaws were strong as any turtle's.

Story of the Duke of Leeds.

The Duke of Leeds, who, it is said, will succeed Lord Aberdeen as governor-general of Canada, when in parliament as the Marquis of Carmarthen, was the youngest member in the commons, and the youngest looking until he grew a beard. It is told of him that on the day of his election some one asked him: "Say, boy, does your mother know you're out?" "Yes," promptly replied the youthful politician, "and when the votes are counted to-night she will know I am in." The family of the duke—the Osborne—is one of the oldest and most aristocratic in all the peerage.

Opportunity.

There is in the minds and hearts of many people a profound conviction that a new era of aggressive work is about to be ushered in; that a new day is already breaking—a day of most glorious opportunity.—Rev. John W. Lyell.

The Crucial Test.

He—Why shouldn't we be happy together? Our tastes are similar, our friends the same and—and—and we ride the same make of wheel, too. She—Yes, but what make of saddle do you use?—Judge.

Speculation.

In the beginning great wealth was accumulated by thrift, industry, and enterprise. In these days the popular method of getting rich is by speculation.—Rev. Charles H. Eaton.

A SCIENTIST SAVED

President Barnaby, of Hartsville College, Survives a Serious Illness Through the Aid of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

From the Republican, Columbus, Ind.

The Hartsville College, situated at Hartsville, Indiana, was founded years ago in the interest of the United Brethren Church, when the state was mostly a wilderness, and colleges were scarce. The college is well known throughout the country, former students having gone into all parts of the world.



PROF. ALVIN P. BARNABY.

A reporter recently called at this famous seat of learning and was shown into the room of the President, Prof. Alvin P. Barnaby. When last seen by the reporter Prof. Barnaby was in delicate health. To-day he was apparently in the best of health. In response to an inquiry the professor said:

"Oh, yes, I am much better than for some time. I am now in perfect health; but my recovery was brought about in rather a peculiar way."

"Tell me about it," said the reporter.

"Well, to begin at the beginning," said the professor, "I studied too hard when at school, endeavoring to educate myself for the professions. After completing the common course I came here, and graduated from the theological course. I entered the ministry, and accepted the charge of a United Brethren Church at a small place in Kent County, Mich. Being of an ambitious nature, I applied myself diligently to my work and studies. In time I noticed that my health was failing. My trouble was indigestion, and this with other troubles brought on nervousness.

"My physician prescribed for me for some some time, and advised me to take a change of climate. I did as he requested and was some improved. Soon after, I came here as professor in physics and chemistry, and later was financial agent of this college. The change agreed with me, and for a while my health was better, but my duties were heavy, and again I found my trouble returning. This time it was more severe and in the winter I became completely prostrated. I tried various medicines and different physicians. Finally, I was able to return to my duties. Last spring I was elected president of the college. Again I had considerable work, and the trouble, which had not been entirely cured, began to affect me, and last fall I collapsed. I had different doctors, but none did me any good. Professor Bowman, who is professor of natural science, told me of his experience with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and urged me to give them a trial, because they had benefited him in a similar case, and I concluded to try them.

"The first box helped me, and the second gave great relief, such as I had never experienced from the treatment of any physician. After using six boxes of the medicine I was entirely cured. To-day I am perfectly well. I feel better and stronger than for years. I certainly recommend this medicine."

To allay all doubt Prof. Barnaby cheerfully made an affidavit before

LYMAN J. SCUDDER, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk, or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Long-Distance Riding.

For riding long distances, the great secret is—keep an even, steady pace, and cut down the stops. Order your meals to be ready beforehand, if possible, and avoid strictly any unnecessary delays on the way, such as stops for altering the position of saddle or handles, which should be placed absolutely right before starting; dismounting to ask the way—which ought to have been made perfectly familiar by previous riding over the whole course, a part at a time—or pauses to extract small eatables, etc., from a bag—all things that may be wanted should be carried in a light basket fixed upright on a carrier, and easily unfastened with one hand while riding, says the Irish Cyclist. The comfort and ease of a long ride depends immensely on the proper management of such small details as the above.

AN AMERICAN VIOLIN WOOD.

Excellence of the Bar Maple Grown on the Pacific Coast.

It has been recently discovered that the bar maple wood grown in Washington is superior to any wood yet tried in the manufacture of small stringed instruments, such as violins. This is verified by the practical experience and testimony of a well-known Chicago instrument maker. He found that the Washington maple is superior to any he has used, and he has heretofore been importing maple from the mountain regions of Switzerland as the best he could find in the world. The Washington maple seems to possess the necessary qualities of being very difficult to split, capacity for satiny finish, resonance, strength and lightness in the superlative degrees. While the demand for such wood does not call for any great amount, it is steadily increasing, and will almost command its own price. As an instance of the superiority of some American-made instruments, a purchaser sent to Europe recently for a high-priced instrument and when it was received it was found to be the product of the aforesaid manufacturer.—Philadelphia Record.

A Possibility.

Guest—Waiter, I ordered cheese.

Waiter—Yes, sah; I brought it, sah; right there, sah.

Guest—Humph! One little piece! Was that all you were given?

Waiter—(anxious for the credit of the establishment)—They gen'ly gives three or four pieces of cheese, sah. Maybe some of 'em got away.—New York Weekly.

GETTING SEEDS TO EAT.

No Wonder This Fellow Made Repeated Calls.

Several days ago Congressman Watson sent several large sacks of flower and garden seeds home for distribution among his constituents. The papers announced this fact, and for three days past there was a constant stream of persons coming to the congressman's law office in Columbus. On the last day a man came up and asked for beans. He was given two packages. He demurred to this, and reached over into the sack and began to fill his pockets. When called down by the attendant the lover of beans said: "I haven't got enough for a mess yet. It takes more than a quart of beans to make a mess for my family."—San Francisco Argonaut.

The Kentucky Way.

"What! You a bluegrass Kentuckian, reared on a farm, and don't know how cider vinegar is made?"

"Fac', sah. We tried it several times, sah, but nevah got beyond the habd cidah stage, sah, befo' the material all ran out, sah."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Shady Wit.

Shade of Pharaoh's Daughter—"Say, if you were on earth now you'd make a fine sailor."

Shade of Lot's Wife—"Why?"

Shade of Pharaoh's Daughter—"Oh, you're such an old salt, you know."—N. Y. Press.

Switzerland is the land of universities. It has seven, or one to every 428,570 inhabitants, while Germany has twenty-two, or one to every 2,886,360. Russia has a university for every 10,000,000 only.

At Bombay all the Hindoo sentries salute any passing black cat, thinking it may possibly be the soul of an English officer.

Stockholm has the highest death rate from drink of any city in the world—90 in 10,000.

The 100th anniversary of the consecretion of Dr. Edward Bass, the first Protestant Episcopal bishop of Massachusetts, will be observed May 7.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Deep Diving to Recover Treasure.

The greatest diving feat that was ever attempted was that of the raising of treasure that sank with the steamer near Seal Rocks, New South Wales. News has been received here that every box of sovereigns that went to the bottom has been saved by the men who worked under the sea at a depth of twenty-seven fathoms. The names of the divers are Briggs and May. At times they were subject to a pressure of seventy to seventy-five pounds to the square inch, causing them great suffering.

The Catterthun was wrecked in August, 1895, while on the voyage from Sydney to Hong Kong. Fifty-four of her crew and passengers lost their lives, including brave Capt. Shannon. The vessel's cargo consisted of produce and 10,000 pounds in sovereigns.—San Francisco Examiner.

Feared He had Done Wrong.

"I'm very much afraid," said Mr. Meekton, "that I hurt my wife's feelings this afternoon. It was unintentional, but she's terribly sensitive about any insinuation that a woman isn't just as able to take care of herself as a man."

"How did it occur?"

"I was in a horse car, and before I saw who she was I stood up and offered her my seat."—Washington Star.

A Dangerous Lethargy.

The forerunner of a train of evils, which too often culminate fatally, is inactivity or lethargy of the kidneys. Not only is Bright's disease, diabetes, gravel, or some other dangerous integral disease of the organs themselves to be apprehended, but dropsical diffusions from the blood, rheumatism and gout, are all traceable to the non-removal from the blood by the kidneys of certain impurities. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters depurates the blood, renders the kidneys active and prevents their disease.

Money to Slice Up.

A woman puzzled a Boston clerk considerably a few days ago. Her husband is a bank president in Newburyport. The national banks receive their bills in sheets of twelve, which are cut after being signed. The generous president gave one of these sheets to his wife, and she naturally started at once for Boston. After making some purchases in one of the large stores she drew the bills out of her pocketbook and calmly said to the clerk: "Lend me your scissors and I will pay you," thereupon cutting off a bill. The astounded clerk at first refused to receive such money from so open a manufacturer of currency, but finally the matter was explained.

The Other Man Put the Ring On.

"What did that pretty telephone girl say when you asked her for her hand, Chumpley?"

"She looked as though she was in a trance and asked me to please ring off."

Quantum Suff.

Skillet—Why did the jury conclude he was crazy?

Skittle—He'd bought a suburban home on the installment plan.—New York Tribune.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c

There are 49,605,000 dwelling houses in Europe, and 11,400,000 in the United States.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Sweat consists of nearly 99 per cent water and a little over 1 per cent of saline matter.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me large doctor bills.—C. L. Baker, 4228 Regent Sq., Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 8, '95.

Three-fourths of the total population of Russia are engaged in cultivating the soil.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

France has more persons over sixty years of age than any other country; Ireland comes next.

Nearly one-half of the total number of suicides takes place between the hours of 6 a. m. and noon.

10 THESE FIGURES ARE YEARS, YEARS IN WHICH, IN SINGLE INSTANCES, PAINS AND ACHES 15

Rheumatic, Neuralgic, Sciatic, Lumbagic,

20 HAVE RAVAGED THE HUMAN FRAME. ST. JACOBS OIL CURED THEM. NO BOAST; THEY ARE SOLID FACTS HELD IN PROOF. 30

Who opened that bottle of HIRES Rootbeer?



The popping of a cork from a bottle of Hires is a signal of good health and pleasure. A sound the old folks like to hear—the children can't resist it.

HIRES Rootbeer

is composed of the very ingredients the system requires. Aiding the digestion, soothing the nerves, purifying the blood. A temperance drink for temperance people.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Phila. A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

CURE YOURSELF!

BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Kodaks $5 Gem and Premo V. Cameras, Vive and Ray. A complete line. J. H. FOUCH & CO., 114-116 Fourth St. South, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

If YOU ARE IN EARNEST about making a good living, write to us. There is PROFIT TO AGENTS in the honorable occupation of insuring lives. Address: *Agency Department*, NORTHWESTERN LIFE ASSOCIATION, Minneapolis, Minn.

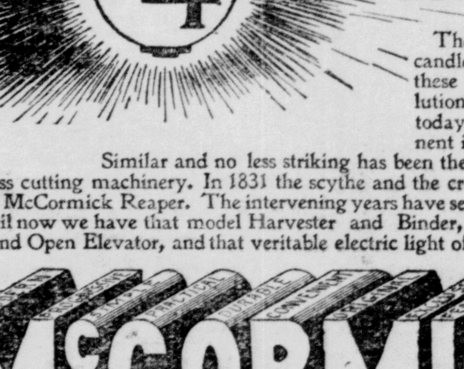
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AGENTS We want one agent in this County to sell to families. Best paying article on earth. We pay all expenses. Address GLYZA CHEM. CO., Washington, D. C.

$75 RIDE A **CRESCENT** BICYCLE. $50 Western Wheel Works MAKERS CHICAGO ILLINOIS CATALOGUE FREE

PATENTS H. B. WILLSON & CO., Washington, D. C. No fee till patent secured. 48-page book free.

25 CTS. **PISO'S CURE FOR** CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. **CONSUMPTION** 25 CTS.



The Electric Light of Mowerdom

The pine knot—the tallow candle—the oil lamp—gas—these are stages in the evolution of illumination, which today finds its highest exponent in the electric light.

Similar and no less striking has been the evolution of grain and grass cutting machinery. In 1831 the scythe and the cradle were superseded by the McCormick Reaper. The intervening years have seen many improvements, until now we have that model Harvester and Binder, the McCormick Right Hand Open Elevator, and that veritable electric light of mowerdom, the

McCORMICK

New 4. It is not only the handsomest mower ever built, but it is, in every sense of the word, the best—and if your experience has taught you anything, it is that *there's nothing cheaper than the best.*

McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, Chicago.

The Light-Running McCormick Open Elevator Harvester,
The Light-Running McCormick New 4 Steel Mower,
The Light-Running McCormick Vertical Corn Binder and
The Light-Running McCormick Daisy Reaper for sale everywhere.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER

Beautifies and restores Gray Hair to its original color and vitality; prevents baldness; cures itching and dandruff. A fine hair dressing.

R. P. Hall & Co., Props., Nashua, N. H. Sold by all Druggists.

Perfect Manhood now within the reach of **EVERY MAN.**

Many men are suffering untold misery, spending their money for medicines good and bad, but for the want of intelligent treatment are being laid away in premature graves. HELP is in the reach of every suffering and weak man. All cases of NERVOUS DISEASES WEAKNESS, FAILING ENERGIES, VARICOCELE, UNNATURAL LOSSES AND DRAINS, whether they be from the effects of early errors, indiscretions overwork, sickness, or from any cause, we can quickly and permanently cure by the most unfailing methods known to modern medical skill. SMALL, WEAK and SHRUNKEN ORGANS strengthened and developed to a perfect and healthy condition. Almost all cases of Consumption Rheumatism, Catarrh, Kidney and Liver Complaints, can be traced to these diseases, and by applying the proper remedies a cure can always be effected. Many men suffering from these diseases are like drowning men, grasping after mere straws, such as Free Prescriptions, Free Treatments, etc., only to find themselves duped by some fraudulent C. O. D. druggist or medicine company. STOP experimenting. We give a legal Bond or Guarantee to cure or refund your money. Treatment at home as well as here: same price, same guarantee. To those who prefer to come here we will contract to refund railroad fare and hotel expenses if we fail to cure. $250,000 capital stock back of our absolute Guarantee to cure or refund your money. If you are tired of quackery, if you have any of the above symptoms that make life a miserable existence, WRITE US and we will send FREE a valuable paper fully explaining these diseases, and our methods of the most perfect, reliable and effective treatments known to medical science. Correspondence strictly confidential. (No medicines sent until ordered.) Address

STATE MEDICAL CO., OMAHA, NEB (Of Nebraska. Incorporated.)

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

GUNS AND AMMUNITION at Wholesale Prices to Everybody. Send for Gun Catalogue giving wholesale prices. We sell more sporting goods than any other house in the Northwest. Tents, Hunting Coats, Hats, Caps, Belts, Boots, Shell Boxes, Dog Whips, Collars, Biscuits. Buy your Tents and Guns of us sure.

FREE—The following Catalogues on receipt of 2c each to pay postage on them: Baby Carriage Catalogue, Agricultural Implement Catalogue, Harness Buggies, Musical Instruments Cat., Bicycle Cat., Drug Cat., Stove Catalogue. Send 15c and our large Supply Catalogue, containing 640 pages and over 100,000 cuts and prices, will be sent express paid.

T. M. ROBERTS SUPPLY HOUSE, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DECORATION DAY

SALE OF

HATS and MILLINERY.

Appreciating the fact that the season is getting late, I will sell every Hat for the Lowest Price possible. Ladies, now is the time to purchase your Millinery. Children's Hats Trimmed for 50 cents, 75 cents and $1. Ladies' Hats, all Trimmed, as cheap as $1. I have a Leading Line of Sailors for young ladies. A large stock of the most fashionable Fancy Braids, and the Latest Shapes for Hats and Bonnets ever shown in the city at the LOWEST PRICE. Before the season is over, and while the goods are desirable, will sell all the Hats at prices Below Competition.

Mrs. C. Grandelmyer.

McFadden Drug Co.

Are Still Doing Business at the Old Stand. Their Line of

PURE DRUGS.....

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Etc., Etc., Is Complete

SODA FOUNTAIN IN FULL BLAST

With all the Up-to-Date Syrups and ICE CREAM.

THE PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT

Telephone Call 7-3 — Cannot be Excelled for PURITY and ACCURACY.

Johnson's Pharmacy

Next Door to Post-Office

Is now Open and Ready to Receive a Share of Your Patronage. Everything is New and First-Class. We will Aim to Keep Everything Usually kept in a First-Class Drug Store. Our

Prescription Department

Will be in Charge of a Competent Pharmacist Who will put up just what the Doctor Orders.

TELEPHONE CALL, 38-3.

Arthur Hagberg,

Successor to T. McMaster.

Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.

Odd Fellows' Block, Sixth Street.

Having recently purchased the Grocery Business of T. McMaster, and added to it my own stock, I now have the Largest Stock of Choice Groceries in the city, and Customers will be convinced by a call that I will SELL THEM RIGHT. Everything in the Grocery Line can be found at our Store.

ARTHUR HAGBERG,

TELEPHONE CALL, 5-4.

C. B. WHITE

Dealer in HARDWARE

A Complete Line of Builders' Hardware, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Nails, Paper, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Wall Finish and Brushes.

Contracting and Building.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates Furnished. All kinds of Shop and Wagon Work Promptly Attended to.

Guns, Ammunition, and Sporting Goods.

Refrigerators in Stock.

I. U. WHITE, Manager. — Walker Block, Laurel Street.

FOR

FINE JOB PRINTING

Of Every Description, Call at the

Dispatch Office!

Rooms, 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper Block.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1897 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) Cents per line for every insertion.

H. C. STIVERS, Journal.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1897.

Local News Notes.

Smith & Winslow, insurance.

Smith & Winslow loan money.

Smith & Winslow, real estate.

Smith & Winslow rent houses.

Spring lamb at Bane & Bane's.

Strictly fresh eggs 8 cents per dozen at Bane & Bane's.

Store your stoves and furniture with D. M. Clark & Co.

Rustic pearl holders, with No. 2 gold pens, $1.75, at Sundberg's.

A bicycle party of seven was in the city from Little Falls on Sunday.

We sell Commercial Club Coffee at 35 cents per pound. BEACH & SON.

Fresh salt water fish received daily at Benson & Gray's Fifth street meat market.

Furnished room for rent. Three minutes walk from depot. Inquire at this office.

Bicyclists should refresh themselves with a glass of ice cream soda at McFadden Drug Co.'s.

Have you tried that pressed corned beef that Paine & McGinn are selling. If not, get a sample order.

Buy your drugs and medicines at Atwood's drug store, and get a free chance on the $100 bicycle.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder, at Dr. Ribbel's.

A drink of ice cream soda is very refreshing after riding a wheel. Stop at McFadden Drug Co.'s and try it.

Little Falls will raise $2,000 with which to entertain the State Firemen's convention which meets there in June.

LOST—Ladies woven gold belt with green enamel buckle. Finder will please leave at Atwood's drug store.

The K. C. ball team of this city will play a game with the Brainerd Stars on the Staples grounds next Wednesday afternoon.—Staples Tribune.

Hoffman's second hand store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you compleet house-keeping outfits on installments.

Mrs. Dressen's ice cream is only on sale in two places in the city, at her residence on 7th street, and at Halquist's confectionery store on Front street.

Rev. Geo. Gallagher has accepted the call to the pastorate of the First Congregational church in this city, and will occupy the pulpit on Sunday, June 6th.

Joseph F. Hamilton, of Crow Wing county, and Etta Neuman, of Stearns county, were licensed to wed on Monday at St. Cloud, according to the Journal-Press.

J. A. Cochran was on Monday evening elected a delegate to represent the Brainerd Barber's Union No. 24, at a state meeting to be held at St. Cloud on June 14th.

F. W. McKay has a new delivery rig which was built in this city by Rhodes & Wickham, and it is as nobby a turn-out as you will see in any city in the state.

Judge Holland received quite a bad cut over the eye on Saturday last while going to Aitkin on a freight train, a sudden stop throwing him against the end of the car.

Earl Mallory, of this city, who took the competitive examination at St. Cloud for the West Point cadetship, stood third in a class of 28, the general average of J. A. Shannon, of Duluth, who stood the highest, being 97.

The DISPATCH has been requested to announce that all old soldiers are urged to report at the G. A. R. hall at 7 p. m. on Sunday, May 23rd, to attend Memorial services at St. Francis Catholic church.

A pleasant customer we consider the best advertisement. Everyone who comes to the West Brainerd Greenhouse is delighted with our stock of blooming plants and cut flowers. MISS C. M. RICH, Prop.

H. L. Casey and N. L. Linnemann, as secretary and treasurer of Adair Council Royal Arcanum, today turned over to Mrs. N. E. Paine the insurance which her late husband, R. H. Paine, carried in that order, amounting to $3,000.

There will be a silver medal contest at the Presbyterian church on Wednesday evening, May 26th, at 8 o'clock. Good music between the recitations, and it is hoped that there will be a good large attendance. Admission only 10 cents.

Rev. M. B. Bird will occupy the pulpit of the First Congregational church on Sunday morning and evening. J. L. Snyder, of the Y. M. C. A. speaking from the pulpit of the Second Congregational church in East Brainerd.

The ladies who attended the grand chapter of the Eastern Star at Litchfield last week, returned on Monday, having attended one of the most successful meetings of any in the history of the order in the state. Brainerd received one of the appointive officers, Martha, Mrs. Mary McFadden.

The annual Northern Pacific railroad picnic will occur on Saturday, June 26th, at Detroit.

Mrs. C. Grandelmyer has an announcement on this page which our readers will profit by reading.

Nearly every town of any size in the surrounding country is preparing to celebrate the National holiday, July 4th. Will Brainerd follow suit?

Miss Isla McColl gives a birthday luncheon to a number of her young friends on Saturday afternoon at the residence of her parents on First street north.

An announcement is made that Hon. Herbert T. Shaw will deliver an open air labor address on Sunday afternoon on the hill west of the Brainerd dam.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Scharfen, of East Brainerd, celebrated their silver wedding on Saturday evening last at the residence of Herman Holtkamp. A very pleasant time was enjoyed.

Yesterday morning Mrs. Archibald Speers accidently fell and broke her hip, the injury being of such a nature that it is very serious. The lady was about her home as usual when the accident occurred.

The editor of this paper acknowledge the receipt of a communication informing him his election as an honorary member of the society for the prevention of cruelty recently organized at Pointons.

Have your prescriptions compounded at Atwood's drug store, where none but strictly pure drugs are used. A free ticket given with every FIFTY-CENT purchase on a $100 High Grade (Ladies' or Gent's) Bicycle. Call and examine it.

This evening (Friday) there will be a festival at the Y. M. C. A. rooms for the benefit of the Swedish Lutheran church, at which time ice cream or strawberries with lunch, cake and coffee will be served, all for 25 cents. The gentlemen will wait on the tables dressed in Dalkarlar suits. It will be a very interesting occasion.

Oscar Miner has all arrangements completed for placing his steam boat on Gull Lake and it will be taken to that place on Monday. The boat will make regular daily trips between the railroad station at Webb Hill's and Bishop's. Further particulars will be given to the public through these columns as soon as the final arrangements for the season are completed.

James McCabe and Miss Julia Raymond were united in marriage on Monday morning at the Catholic church in this city, Rev. Fr. Lynch officiating. The many friends of the couple in this city have been showering their congratulations upon them during the week. The bride is a daughter of Anthony Raymond of Little Falls.

Minnesota Lodge No. 104, B. of R. T., of this place, are making arrangements for a grand ball at Gardner Hall, Brainerd, on July 5th. Messrs. Rick, Gray and Robinson were at Brainerd Tuesday making preliminary arrangements. The price of tickets will be $1, which will include free transportation on the special, which will leave Staples about 6:30 in the evening.—Staples World.

Mr. P. K. Johnson met with a serious accident at the home of his son, C. D. Johnson, on Wednesday night, that will undoubtedly confine him to the house for some time. The gentleman returned home from the opera house about 11 o'clock, and after going up-stairs spoke to his son, who occupied an adjoining room, to ascertain if he was home, and upon receiving an affirmative answer he turned to go back down stairs and lock the door, and in some way missed the step and fell to the first landing, breaking the bones in his right wrist and bruising himself about the head. Mr. Johnson is a man past 81 years of age.

The second number of the Y. M. C. A. popular entertainment course will be given by J. Arthur Loining on Saturday evening, May 29. Mr. L.'s has a national reputation as a reader and impersonator, and the Association bring him before the people with the utmost confidence that he will give a rare evening's entertainment. F. D. Fagg, of the Evanston, Ill., Y. M. C. A., says: "If you want to enjoy an evening of fun of the genuine sort, go hear Mr. Loining." Since all have been so loud in their praise of the first number of our course, we feel the more confidence in soliciting your attendance at the remaining two numbers, knowing as we do that each will be of equal merit with the first. Course tickets admitting to the remaining two numbers will be sold at a proportionate rate.

New Dressmaking Parlors.

Mrs. Drysdale wishes to inform the ladies of Brainerd that she has opened dress making parlors over Koop's dry goods store and will be ready for business the first of June. She has secured the services of Miss McCarthy who has had twenty years experience as cutter and fitter in some of the best and largest shops in the states, such as Mrs. Wm. Arnold, 2,271 Third Av., New York, Madam Boyd, Nicollet Av., Minneapolis, and Mrs. Wilson, of Minneapolis. All the cutting and fitting will be under her special supervision.

By giving her a trial you will make no mistake in being well suited and in the latest styles.

MRS. J. S. DRYSDALE,
Front Street.

H. and L. Officers.

Brainerd Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1, at their annual meeting on Tuesday evening elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

Foreman—C. H. Paine.
First Assistant—N. H. Ingersoll.
Second Assistant—C. A. Walker.
Secretary—F. B. Johnson.
Treasurer—A. L. Hoffman.

Houses for Rent.

A 5-room house to rent on June 1st. A 7-room house with barn on premises to rent at once. Enquire of

J. C. CONGDON.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

W. B. Hamline, of Waterville, is in the city.

Dr. Camp spent the week in Minneapolis.

J. S. Gardner visited St. Paul the first of the week.

J. H. Hallett was a Minneapolis visitor yesterday.

A. P. Farrar has been in Minneapolis during the week.

Mrs. R. Arndul, of Staples, was in the city on Tuesday.

Commissioner Smith was in Staples Monday on business.

Mrs. Cora Kelly left yesterday for a visit in Minneapolis.

Mrs. J. J. Howe, Sr., is visiting relatives and friends in Minneapolis.

Engineer J. O. Stewart and family, of Staples, spent Sunday in Brainerd.

P. H. Neuman, Sheriff Rider and G. W. Massy, of Little Falls, were in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. John Cullen returned to Duluth Monday after visiting Brainerd friends for some days.

Ambrose Tighe, of St. Paul, is in the city on business connected with the Minnesota Water Co.

Ralph Robinson was down from Staples on Tuesday, shaking hands with his Brainerd friends.

Ferd Boor left on Saturday for Hastings to attend the funeral of a relative, returning Tuesday.

Miss Jennie Curtis, of Stevens Point, Wis., arrived in the city Tuesday on a visit to S. L. Bean and family.

Mrs. D. K. Fullerton returned from England on Monday, where she had been on a visit for some time. Mr. Fullerton met her in St. Paul.

B. F. Hartshorn, the new county Attorney of Cass, was in Brainerd Tuesday and went to St. Paul on business connected with the transfer of the records.

Mrs. Geo. Merwarth and children, accompanied by the lady's father, Mr. Wm. Koch, left Wednesday for Parson's, Kansas, where they will make their home.

Wm. Errickson, of Wadena, was in the city Monday endeavoring to make arrangements with the G. A. R. committee for the engaging of the Wadena brass band for the coming encampment.

Theodore J. Weile, of Albert Lea, has accepted a position in Atwood's drug store. Mr. Weile speaks the German and Scandinavian languages and comes well reccommended as a first class pharmacist.

Sheriff McKelvey, of St. Cloud, was in the city on Tuesday, on his way to Mille Lacs lake in search of an emigrant party against whom several charges of theft are lodged, claimed to have been committed along the route.

Mrs. H. A. Lyddon arrived in the city Saturday from London, England, where she has been visiting relatives during the past year. After visiting Brainerd friends she departed on Monday evening for Mandan, where her husband holds a responsible position with the Northern Pacific railway.

Notice.

There will be a meeting of the Brainerd Bicycle Club, on Tuesday May 25th, 1897, at the City park. Business of importance demands that each and every member be present. An invitation is extended to all owners of wheels and those interested in wheeling. Meeting will be called to order at 7:45 p. m.

S. F. ALDERMAN.
Vice President.

Tapped the Till.

S. & J. W. Koop's grocery store was burglarized last Saturday night and $5.33 in money taken from the money drawer. The parties gained entrance to the building by removing a window from the west side of the store room, which opens into Mrs. Grandelmyer's back yard, which, from its location, was a sheltered place for them to work. Nothing but the money was taken as far as the proprietors of the place could discover.

DIED.

News has been received here that F. J. Hinman died at Oshkosh, Wis., on Wednesday afternoon of this week of heart disease, and that the funeral will be held in that city today. Mr. Hinman was well known in this city having lived here for many years being an employe of the Northern Pacific railway in their tin shop. Mr. Hinman left Brainerd in April, thinking he would be benefitted by the change, but later on Mrs. Hinman was sent for and he died as above stated after his wife arrived. He was a member of the Brainerd A. O. U. W., and a highly respected citizen.

John Rockstroh died at W. S. Hill's Wednesday night. The deceased had previously worked in Mr. Hill's bakery and it was only a short time ago that he had returned and had been employed by that gentleman doing odd jobs about the place. He had been under the influence of liquor during the day and was discovered by some boys near the wood yard late in the evening and Mr. Hill had him removed to his place when he died some hours afterward. The cause of death was stated to be alcoholism. The man was 38 years old and had no relatives in this section.

At the Traps.

The score of Thursday at the Gun Club shoot was as follows, 20 targets being the number shot at:

Courtney	11	McIntosh	6
Mantor	9	Smith	12
Rankin	11	McCabe	6

Special Fire Meeting.

A special meeting of the Brainerd Fire Department is called for Tuesday evening, May 25th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of arranging for Memorial Day exercises, and also to consider other matters of importance.

D. F. MCINTOSH, Chief.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., N. Y.

STREET COMMISSIONER HURLEY.

The Council Elects John Hurley to the Above Position and Transacts Other Business.

The council met on Monday evening in regular session with all members present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and routine business transacted, after which the following claims against the city were audited and ordered paid:

Tribune, publishing	$18 30
Si Hall, freight, etc.	18 71
Brainerd Plumbing Co.	6 60
D. M. Clark & Co. supplies	3 59
E. W. Paulson, hay	6 67

The finance committee was granted further time to report on city treasurer's report.

Report of the committee to whom was referred the proposed plumbing ordinance to the effect that it be not adopted was read and accepted.

Moberg & Peterson's liquor license bond was accepted and license granted.

The liquor license of John A. Denis was transferred to August Trottcher.

On motion the council proceeded to the election of a street commissioner the first ballot being informal as follows:

J. W. Jones	5
John Hurley	4
P. W. Bidwell	1

The formal ballot resulted in the election of John Hurley he receiving six votes and J. W. Jones four.

Plumbers license was granted to Thompson & Gruenhagen.

Geo. H. Stratton was unanimously elected member of the board of health for three years from April 1st 1897.

The application of Mr. Katz asking to be allowed to pay junk dealers' license in installments, was taken from the table and denied.

A motion was made and carried that the city treasurer be, and he is hereby instructed, to pay over to the finance committee of the G. A. R. entertainment all license money collected under the provisions of the ordinances of this city for transcient venders, showmen, and similar licenses attracted to and plying their respective callings within said city by reason of and during the approaching encampment of the Park Region Division of the G. A. R.

The superintendent of electric lights was instructed to place ten 16-candle power lamps on the Mississippi river bridge, and four on the west end of the East Brainerd bridge.

The matter of an additional appropriation for grading and grubbing south end of Sixth street to the county line, was referred to the street committee.

These Will Go.

The State Fire Association will meet in annual convention at Little Falls this year, the date being June 15, 16 and 17. The Brainerd companies have elected delegates to attend the above meeting as follows:

Hose Co. No. 1—John Osgood and Gus, Raymond.

Hose Co. No. 2—N. M. Paine and Wm. Paine, Jr.

Hose Co. No. 3—Joseph Rasch and Edward Anderson.

Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1—F. B. Johnson and C. H. Paine.

It is the intention of the fire department to make arrangements for an excursion to Little Falls on that occasion and with that object in view the Northern Pacific company has made a very favorable reply to the committee having the matter of rates under consideration. The people of Little Falls are arranging to take care of the convention in a manner that will be highly satisfactory to all who attend. A general meeting of the department will probably be called to consider the matter.

It Ought to Interest You

to know that the Wisconsin Central Lines fast trains leaving St. Paul and Minneapolis daily for Ashland, Milwaukee and Chicago, reach almost all of the important cities in Wisconsin. If you intend making an eastern trip, consult your nearest ticket agent, who will give you complete information relative to the Wisconsin Central trains.

JAS. C. POND,
Gen. Pass. Agt.,
Milwaukee, Wis.

THE ILLS OF LIFE.



Use Atwood's Headache Powders when suffering from a Headache in any form. For sale by

ATWOOD

THE DRUGGIST.

To Bridge the Mississippi.

A special meeting of the board of county commissioners has been called for Tuesday, May 25th, for the purpose of making arrangements to build a new bridge across the Mississippi river at the site where the old one now stands. The present bridge has been condemned, and the commissioners in taking the action are only carrying out the wishes of the tax-payers. A law passed by the recent legislature makes it possible for the commissioners to issue certificates of indebtedness for the purpose of rebuilding or repairing bridges that were originally built with state aid without calling an election for the purpose. It may be stated in this connection that no other business of any character will be considered at the special meeting.

Two Fire Alarms.

Saturday night the fire department was called out twice. The first fire was on Fifth street in the building occupied by Beerman's barber shop and Eau Claire's restaurant. The fire was in the rear of the building and was gaining headway fast when Officer Derocher discovered it and turned in the alarm. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary and but for the timely arrival of the department a very disastrous scorching would have been the result.

The second alarm took the department to Ninth street north near the corner of of Kingwood where fire had started in a dwelling house but was put out by a few well directed pails of water

The Coming Encampment.

The following, being "General Order No. 1," has this week been issued by Commander Congdon:

HEADQUARTERS
PARK REGION ENCAMPMENT,
G. A. R.
BRAINERD, MAY 18, '97.

COMRADES:—The 13th Annual Encampment of the Park Region Association, G. A. R., will be held at Brainerd on June 23rd, 24th, 25th and 26th. Your commander would impress upon every member of this Association, and also upon every comrade who may not already be a member, the importance of his presence at this meeting. We aim to make this the largest and most profitable encampment ever held in this district. The city has tendered to us the free use of the most beautiful park on the line of the N. P. railway, and the hospitality of our citizens has so often been attested that comment is unnecessary here. The business men are giving their time and money to aid the efforts of making the reunion and encampment a grand success.

Our executive committee, composed of prominent citizens and city officials, has appointed sub-committees to facilitate the work. We anticipate no trouble in securing the amount of money required to carry out our plans.

Our committee promises a brilliant programme, one that cannot fail to interest every comrade.

Full particulars and instructions will be issued in future orders.

Attest:
H. C. STIVERS, Adjutant. J. C. CONGDON, Commander.

D. R. Elder has been appointed chirman of the committee on accomodations and quarters in place of J. T. Frater who was obliged to resign on account of a press of business which would not admit of his serving in that capacity. Mr. Elder desires all who have accommodations for guests to notify him that the committee may get some kind of an idea of how many can be taken care off and where.

Geo. LaBar has also been substituted as chairman of the committee on transportation in place of C. N. Parker, the latter gentleman asking to be excused on account of an attack of rheumatism, which would not admit of his attending to the matter as it should be.

H. C. Stivers has been appointed adjutant by Commander Congdon.

City Teachers' Association.

The teachers of the Brainerd public schools will meet at the High School on Tuesday, May 25th, at 4 p. m., for the purpose of organizing a permanent Teachers' Association. All the officers and committees will be appointed for the ensuing year. The following is the programme:

TUESDAY, MAY 25TH, 4 P. M.

Prayer, by Rev. Opie.
Music, by a class from the High School, led by Miss Sara Janson, assistant principal.
Appointment of committee on organization.
Inductory remarks, by Prof. M. H. Carleton.
Election of officers.
Recitation, by Miss Jennie Paine.
"A Primary Class," Miss Minnie Merritt, principal Whittier school.
Paper, "Seventh Grade Work," Earl P. Mallory. Discussion led by Miss Kathleen Canan, principal Harrison school.
Paper, "A Few Thoughts on Child Study," Miss Amy Lowey. Discussions by Misses Marilla Fuller, Belle McKay, Ethel M. Fulton, Caroline Rich, and Lizzie Somers.
Music.
Paper, "Drawing," Miss Janson.
Paper, "Correlation of Studies" in Primary Work, Miss Anna Fuller. Discussion led by Miss Jennie Crowe.
Paper, "True Education," Miss Belle Curry. Discussion led by Miss Maggie Somers, principal of Lowell school, and Miss Bess A. Mulrine, principal of Lincoln shool, and Miss Daisy Badeaux.
Paper, "Teachers' Responsibilities," Miss Kate Whiteley.
Music.
Adjournment.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a special meeting of the local Lodge No. 226, I. M. U. of N. A., held May 5th, the following resolution was adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased our all wise Father in his infinite wisdom to remove from our midst our beloved brother, Geo. Merwarth, and

WHEREAS, In the death of Brother Merwarth, this lodge has lost a member who was ever faithful, and who had constantly the welfare of the order at heart, be it

RESOLVED, By Lodge No. 226, I. M. U. of N. A., that we deeply deplore the death of our brother, and extend our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved wife and family in this the hour of their sorrow, and assure them that we mourn with them in the deep loss they have sustained.

Get a nice piece of spring lamb at Bane & Bane's.

GET READY!

For Our

GREAT 30 DAYS' SALE

We mean to FORCIBLY DEMONSTRATE to the people of Brainerd, and all adjoining territory, that we are now giving the GREATEST BARGAINS in first-class merchandise that has ever occurred. Our shelves and counters are crowded with all new goods, our buyer while east took advantage of every possible forced conditions, buying large quantities of some lines way below manufacturing prices, and fearing we have overstocked, we make these prices, giving you the benefit:

Men's and Boy's Suits

Several styles men's suits worth up to $8.50, your choice	$3.75
Men's light grey wool suits, round and square corner cut	4.75
Men's black clay worsted suits this month	8.00
Men's extra fine nobby styles, regular wholesale prices from $10 to $12, our price this sale, $8.50 and	10.00
Young men's suits, 14 to 19 years, good styles, only $3.50 and	3.75
Boy's suits, good cloth and dark styles, only	75c
Boy's suits, wool, light colors, double-breasted, only	1.25
Boy's linen and cotton wash suits from 50 cents to	1.00
Boy's heavy strong colonade pants, only	25c
250 pairs of men's $1.50 pants, all styles, your choice	95c
Fine all wool men's pants, extra quality, your choice	2.00
200 pairs, all styles, fine all wool men's pants, extra quality, regular wholesale price up to $3.50, our price only	2.50

Furnishing Goods

24 dozen men's good medium weight underwear, only	25c
19 dozen men's good balbrigan grey underwear, only	25c
10 dozen boy's good balbrigan grey underwear, only	25c
Good children's ribbed underwear, only 10 and	15c
25 dozen good men's seamless hose, per pair, only	5c
25 dozen ladies' and children's black and tan hose, per pair, only	5c
25-cent men's silk neckties, this sale	15c
10 dozen men's good suspenders, only	15c
50 dozen children's handkerchiefs, only	1c
50 dozen ladies' and men's handkerchiefs, only	5c
Men's and boy's overshirts, only	25c
Lot $1.50 fine men's colored laundried shirts, only	75c

Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes

Such Prices Never Heard Of

372 pairs men's heavy grain shoes, only	98c
84 pairs boy's congress and lace, sizes 2 to 6, only	98c
Misses' high button dongola shoes, only	75c
Misses' black and tan oxfords, only	75c
Ladies' heavy dongola button shoes, only	98c
Ladies' fine oxfords, only	98c
Ladies' fine chocolate color, hand-turned shoes, sold everywhere at $3.50 and $4, our price	2.50

Come at once. These goods at these prices can't last long. Early buyers get the advantage.

A. E. MOBERG, The Low Price Cash Dealer, Front Street, Brainerd, Minn.

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST.

We carry the Finest Stock in the Northwest, and Our Goods are always Fresh and "Up-to-Date,"

Staple and Fancy Groceries

FLOUR AND FEED.

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

REMOVED!

THE

Scandinavian Meat Market

Has been removed into fine New Quarters at the Corner of Sixth and Front Sts., where the undersigned will be pleased to see all their old customers. The choicest cuts of Fresh and Salt Meats constantly on hand. Fresh Salt Water Fish received daily. Oysters and Game in Season. Give us a call.

BENSON & GRAY.

Telephone Call, 8-4.

ATTENTION

Having purchased the Plumbing Stock of the late R. H. Paine, at a Large Discount, anyone wishing work done in that line, will save money by calling on us for Prices. We also have a

Tin Shop in Connection

And can do all kinds of Roofing and Spouting or anything in the Tin Line. Also carry a full line of

Bicycle Repairs

And REPAIR WHEELS on Short Notice.

THOMPSON & GRUENHAGEN,

Walker Block, on Laurel Street.